AMYOTHA HLUTTAW MEETING DISCUSSES PUBLIC HOUSING, MUNICIPAL LAW P-2 (PARLIAMENT)

NATIONAL
Message sent by State Counsellor to the Forum on Sustainable Development of National Races
PAGE-3

NATIONAL
Election commission chairman opens Yangon forum
PAGE-6

LOCAL NEWS
World Bank to support interest-free loan for Myanmar's electricity sector
PAGE-4

THE GLOBAL NEW LIGHT OF MYANMAR

Vol. IV, No. 277, 3rd Waxing of Tabodwe 1379 ME | www.globalnewlightofmyanmar.com | Friday, 19 January 2018

Vice President U Henry Van Thio addresses the Ethnic Sustainable Development Forum at Mingalar Thiri Hotel in Nay Pyi Taw. **PHOTO: MNA**

Sustainable development forum for ethnics held in Nay Pyi Taw

A FORUM to discuss the sustainable development of ethnic nationals was held yesterday morning at Mingalar Thiri Hotel in Nay Pyi Taw.

In his opening speech, Vice President U Henry Van Thio said the forum was of vital importance, as it is a chance top learn and share the views and experiences of ethnic nationals, many of whom have limited economic options.

"Ethnic nationals mainly live in border areas and on the hills and mountains. Most of the hills and mountain areas where ethnic nationals live have poor road infrastructure, and it is still difficult to travel in these places. There is very little opportunity to conduct economic activities. Thus, ethnic nationals need to find a solution together for this. All ethnic nationals must work unitedly and strive to overcome whatever difficulties or challenges there may be.

"It is the priority of the government to achieve stability and peace in regions where ethnic nationals live. Differences in views were set aside and similarities were combined to go forward, while there were instances where, despite differences, progress through coordination was achieved. Despite differing views, a corroborative construction can still be achieved. The main thing is to have peace. When good administration, management and guidance are provided fairly, the country will certainly develop. Everyone will see that the fruits of peace can be obtained and tasted. If there is peace in the region, there will be socio-economic development," the Vice President remarked.

SEE PAGE-3

Dr. Aye Maung remanded in custody in Sittway prison

Dr. Aye Maung, a member of parliament who has been charged under the Unlawful Association Law for giving a talk at a literature session in Yathedaung, Rakhine State to mark the 233rd anniversary of the fall of the Rakhine Kingdom in Yathedaung Monday, has been remanded in custody in Sittway Prison.

The talk was organised by the May Yu Yin Thwe social service society at the Cedi Yingana Monastery in Taungyintan Ward, Yathedaung Township.

Speaking on the occasion, Dr. Aye Maung said, "Burmese people consider Rakhine people as slaves and do not give equal rights to us. There are only two ways to regain our sovereignty. Some are taking armed struggle."

Dr. Aye Maung urged the people to take advantage of the weakness of the government and to march towards the goal of Rakhine's sovereignty.

He said the movement for liberty is being done by organising the people and undertaking armed struggle towards the goal.

This kind of talk is aimed at alerting the people to know the goal of the Rakhine people, and they are obliged to participate in it, said Dr. Aye Maung.

SEE PAGE-6

Union Election Commission Chairman U Hla Thein addresses the opening ceremony of All-inclusive Election Forum in Yangon yesterday. **PHOTO: MNA**

Union Election Commission Chairman opens Yangon forum

U Hla Thein, the chairman of the Union Election Commission (UEC), attended the opening ceremony of the "All-inclusive Election Forum" held at the International Business Centre (IBC) in Yangon yesterday morning and reminded attendees of the importance of free, accessible voting for all members of a democracy."

Elections play a vital role in the democratisation process, and our commission is striving to educate the citizens who will cast the votes, including disabled persons. As a rule, all citizens are entitled to receive assistance to complete the voting process in the voting booths", U Hla Thein said.

The UEC chairman added that his commission laid down rules and regulations with the cooperation of civil societies and others in 2014 - 2018, and aimed to hold free and fair elections in the country. As part of that effort, the election commission held educative talks for minorities and disabled persons to enable them vote in the election, he said.

"We invented an appropriate voting system suitable for disabled persons and older people, that's why arrangements were made to build voting booths for them in the respective constituencies. There were some 10 voting booths in the 2015 -election, and some nine voting booths in the 2017-by election, which were useful for disabled persons.

We shall continue to strive to invent voting systems for them", he said. "In order to implement Sustainable Development goals, we need to take into consideration marginalised people and disabled persons who deserve equal rights and opportunities".

As part of yesterday's forum, the chairman of the National Human Rights Commission U Win Mra, the Deputy Director General of the Ministry for Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement U Aung Kyaw Moe, in-charge-of IFES Mr. Paul Guerin and Chairman Myanmar Federation of the Persons with Disabilities U Nay Lin Soe discussed related matters.

Also present at the meeting were members of UEC, Union Election Sub-commissions, officials of the Myanmar Human Rights Committee, Hluttaw representatives, departmental heads, political parties, UN agencies, NGOs and family members of disabled persons.

The form will continue today with discussions such as "Don't Leave Us Behind", "Disability, Social Welfare and Social Services", "Disability and Sustainable Development Goals", "2030 World Mission", "The Role of Minorities in Myanmar's Political Changes", "Disabled Persons and Ostracised People", "Affordable Using for Genuine Privileges", "All-inclusive Strategies, Performances and Work Programmes", and "All-inclusive Laws and Policies".—Myanmar News Agency

Dr. Aye Maung remanded in custody in Sittway prison

FROM PAGE-1

Writer Wai Hin Aung, who also spoke at the literary session on Monday, was detained two days later, authorities said.

The talk by Dr. Aye Maung was discussed at the Rakhine State Government's cabinet meeting held on Tuesday, at which they decided to open a file in accordance with the law against the two men and others who were involved in organising the talk, authorities said.

Charges were filed on Tuesday evening at the Yathedaung Police Station against Dr. Aye Maung under Section 17 (1) of the Unlawful Association Law.

Dr. Aye Maung is a parliament representative elected from Ann township constituency of Rakhine state.

Violence occurred Tuesday night after a ban on literary talks at Nan Taw Yar Gon, an ancient site of the palace of the former Rakhine King in MraukU, to mark the anniversary event.

As many as 10,000 demonstrators gathered and marched to the Rakhine District Administration Office to lodge a protest which turned violent. Seven people were killed and 12 injured in clashes between demonstrators and the police. — Myanmar News Agency

Foreign Heads of State send felicitations to President U Htin Kyaw

The following are messages of felicitations from Foreign Heads of State / Government sent to President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar U Htin Kyaw, on the occasion of the 70th Anniversary Independence Day of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar.

From Mr. Maithripala Sirisena
President of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka
Excellency,

On behalf of the Government and the people of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, I have great pleasure in extending to Your Excellency, the Government and the people of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, our warm felicitations and sincere best wishes on the important occasion of the Independence Day of Myanmar.

Sri Lanka and Myanmar are bound by solid bilateral ties and longstanding historical relations. I am confident that these ties of friendship and cooperation will be further strengthened and expanded in the years ahead for the mutual benefit of our peoples.

I avail myself of this opportunity to convey to Your Excellency, my sincere best wishes for your good health, personal well-being and for the continued peace, progress and prosperity of the people of Myanmar.

From Mr. Enrique Pena Nieto
President of the United Mexican States
Excellency,

On behalf of the people and government of Mexico, it is an honour to express to you and your country our greetings and sincere congratulations on the occasion of your Independence Day.

The historical events commemorated on this day are an encouragement to strengthen the unity of the people of Myanmar and to continue to forge a future of success.

With the wish to consolidate the bonds of friendship cooperation and respect between both our countries, I reiterate to you, the assurances of my distinguished considertion.

Foreign Head of State sends felicitation to State Counsellor Daw Aung San Suu Kyi

The following is message of felicitation from Foreign Head of State / Government sent to State Counsellor and Union Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Daw Aung San Suu Kyi, on the occasion of the 70th Anniversary Independence Day of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar.

From H.E. Mr. Tilak Marapana
The Hon. Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka
Excellency,

I am pleased to convey my sincere congratulations and warm good wishes on the happy occasion of the Independence Day of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar.

I am confident that the longstanding ties of friendship and cooperation based on the historical relations between Sri Lanka and Myanmar will be further strengthened in the years to come for the mutual benefit to our peoples.

I take this opportunity to convey my best wishes for Your Excellency's continued good health and happiness.

Union Attorney-General receives ambassadors

UNION Attorney-General U Tun Tun Oo received separately the US Ambassador to Myanmar Scot Marciel, Italian Ambassador to Myanmar Pier Giorgio Aliberti and EU Ambassador to Myanmar Khristian Schmidt in the Diplomatic Hall of the Union Attorney-General's office in Nay Pyi Taw, yesterday afternoon.

During the meeting with the US Ambassador to Myanmar, U Tun Tun Oo discussed matters related to the rule of law, legislation, legal training programmes, recent Myanmar legislation, the establishment of a pilot law office to improve the working capacity of law offices, legislation standards and a code of ethics for law officers. With the Italian ambassador, he discussed matters concerning cooperation to promote bilateral relations, improvement of legal affairs to develop trade and investment, rule of law and legal processes that will take into account democratic values.

During the meeting with the EU Ambassador to Myanmar, U Tun Tun Oo discussed matters related to gaining the European Union's support in the legal affairs of Myanmar, measures to lay down a national-level strategy, a justice centre to be conducted with the aid of My Justice, cooperation and relevant legal counselling. Also present at the meeting were Deputy Attorney-General U Win Myint, Permanent Secretary Daw Nu Nu Yin, Director-General Daw Khin Cho Ohn, Dr. Thida Oo and U Min Swe.—Myanmar News Agency ■

Union Attorney-General U Tun Tun Oo holds talks with Ambassadors of US, Italy and EU at Union Attorney-General's office in Nay Pyi Taw on 18 January 2018. **PHOTO: MNA**

JICA SME Two-Step Loan Seminar held in Nay Pyi Taw

By Myo Myint & Myo Thu Hein

THE Ministry of Planning and Finance, Myanma Economic Bank and Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) jointly organised the JICA SME Two-Step Loan Seminar held from 16 to 18 January at the Horizon Lake View Resort in Nay Pyi Taw.

At the seminar, officials from six private banks that are providing loans to SME business owners participated in the discussions.

"The main aim is for bankers to know the good practices of the SME systems and the emergence of banks that can support the SMEs. Most of the businesses in Myanmar are SMEs. Therefore, if SMEs develop, Myanmar economy will also develop. The SMEs have to be supported for SMEs to develop. How to support them? Primarily the support will be in the financial sector. The SMEs will still face many difficulties even when the support is provided. Banks will also have weaknesses in supporting the SMEs. That is why projects like this are conducted to discuss how banks can support SMEs", said Japan Economic Research Institute Senior Consultant Mr. Yoshiyuki Oba.

Mr. Toshiyuki Katagiri.

Mr. Yoshiyuki Oba.

U Thet Lwin Aung.

U Than Soe.

Agriculture and livestock breeding business owner U Thet Lwin Aung said he learnt a lot from the seminar.

"Before I knew about SMEs, I was doing on my own what I thought was best. I will carry on with what I learnt from this seminar. I learnt about the importance of SMEs and how to conduct business by linking up with the banks", U Thet Lwin Aung said.

Japan Economic Research Institute Executive Managing Officer Mr. Toshiyuki Katagiri said that yesterday, the final day discussion, SME business owners were invited through the banks to participate in the seminar.

"Discussions were held on a business plan that both the SME business owners and banks need to understand. Discussions were held for how bankers and businesses taking loans hold discussions based on a business plan. The first two days' discussion was on how to study and assess a company (SME) and how to assess the financial facts submitted by the companies (SMEs)", Mr. Toshiyuki Katagiri said.

As knowledge and business acumen increases, so will the number and amount of loans available through banks, said U Than Soe of Myanma Economic Bank. "We started in March 2016. At the moment, loans were made to 12 out of 14 States/Regions and Nay Pyi Taw council. The loans were made mainly to worker-based production works, retail and wholesale businesses. A maximum loan up to Ks500 million is being provided with an interest rate of 8.5 per cent. SME businesses that want to take the loans need to be in accord with the SME Development Law. This year, we'll try to provide loans widely to Nay Pyi Taw (Council), Kayah State and Kachin State, where loans were not previously made."■

Meeting held for repatriation affairs in Sittway

A coordination meeting on repatriation was held at the meeting room of the Rakhine State Guest House yesterday evening.

At the meeting, Rakhine State Chief Minister U Nyi Pu, Chairman of Task Force and Deputy Minister for the Office of State Counsellor U Khin Maung Tin and Deputy Minister for Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement U Soe Aung delivered opening speeches.

State-level officials and departmental heads then discussed the process of repatriation for displaced people who will receive education, health care, resettlement assistance, and help in the process of attaining a National Verification Card (NVC). —Win Min Soe (IPRD) ■

Process of repatriation of displaced Myanmar residents from Bangladesh

PROCESS of repatriation of Myanmar residents who fled Rakhine State to Bangladesh will be launched on 23rd January 2018. The process was signed at the ministerial-level meeting between Myanmar and Bangladesh on 23rd November 2017, with the task of receiving the displaced Myanmar residents from Bangladesh to be launched at exactly two months after signing.

In implementing the process, two repatriation camps on Myanmar side will perform the tasks of accepting returnees five days per week. Those who will come back through land route will be accepted at the Taungpyoletwe camp, while those returning via water way to be accepted at Ngakhuya camp whereas Hla Pho Khaung camp will be used as the transit camp. On the Bangladesh side, there will be 5 transit camps, it was learnt.

Concerning orphans, whose parents have died, they must show the evidence that their parents had lived in Myanmar.

This is, in fact, the program of accepting by making them fill the forms systematically, displaced Myanmar residents from Bangladesh after the events of terrorist attacks on 9th October 2016 and 25th August 2017, in accord with the agreement signed at the ministerial level meeting between the two countries. At the meeting, Myanmar authorities provided the Bangladesh authorities with a list of 508 Hindus from Myanmar who were displaced to Bangladesh, as well as a list of 750 Muslims who had already been scrutinized, it was learnt.

Concerning the Rakhine State affair, people have been well convinced of the actual situations. Yet, the international communities had been found to have put pressure on Myanmar on the wrong pretext of international standards of human rights. The affair of exodus of displaced people amounting to several hundred thousand to the other side is in fact too complicated. Some global media had severely criticized Myanmar for going slow with the repatriation work. Whatever it is, the programs to be performed in a two-month period as decided by both countries in accord with Myanmar's rules and laws are rather reasonable.

The major standards for receiving returnees are in agreement with the frameworks officially signed by both countries on 23rd November 2017. Those applying for repatriation need to provide some sort of evidence of having resided in Myanmar. Evidences include White Card issued earlier and National Verification Cards [NVCs] issued later. Another kind of evidence is form 10 which verifies members of the family. There is also a matter of split families, as well as their children. If the Bangladesh court provides recommendation they will be considered for repatriation. Concerning orphans, whose parents have died, they must show the evidence that their parents had lived in Myanmar.

Rakhine State affair is of great importance. With the acceptance program, Myanmar Government is implementing peaceful co-existence among social communities, regional peace and stability, and economic development of the Rakhine State, helping in growing winter crops, building dwelling places systematically and making international communities and media free from misunderstanding.

Last but not least, we urge all to wholeheartedly join for the success of the systematic repatriation process which will commence in January 2018. ■

Preparation For Dangers of Imminent Earthquakes

By Maung Thaung Win
[Ex-Diplomat]

People walk past a damaged pagoda after an earthquake in Bagan, on 25 August, 2016. **PHOTO: REUTERS**

THESE days Myanmar saw 19 consecutive events of earthquakes and tremors which were centered in Myanmar starting from the very first day of the year till 14 January. There usually happened consecutive quakes after events of tremor. Whatever it is, it is incumbent upon us to make preparedness for dangers of possible earthquakes, especially for the dwellers in high-rise buildings and in dilapidated old ones.

An earth-quake means---

An earthquake is the sudden shaking of the surface of the Earth due to the friction between layers of rocks underneath. The original point where the earthquake start is the focus of the quake, with the point on the earth's surface where the effects of a quake are felt most strongly called the epicenter. If the epicenter happens to be on the surface of the earth, it can cause much destruction. Depending upon shallow-focus and deep-focus earthquakes, destruction may differ.

Consecutive events

A mere quake rarely claims lives of human-beings and animals, but consecutive events—collapses of buildings, fire outbreaks, tsunami waves and volcanic eruptions—can cause massive destruction.

Advance preparations

So as to avoid these consequences of earthquakes as much as possible, buildings should be constructed as quake-proof ones only after careful and systematic planning such as installation of danger-safe systems and advance warning systems. Arrangements for rescue and evacuation should have also made in advance.

Unpredictable ones

Until now, no one can predict when, where and to which extent of measurement—the Richter scale, an earthquake will happen. Only after it broke out, its volume can be measured. Yet, according to the records, strong earthquakes can happen during the period of 80-100 years. In the past, Myanmar as well saw strong earthquakes for several times, hence the need for the nation as well as the whole national populace to make preparations, anticipating imminent dangers of quakes.

Former strong earthquakes in Myanmar

Likewise other countries in the world Myanmar also had ever experienced strong quakes frequently. Out of them, strong quakes which caused massive destruction are as follows:

1. Innwa [Ava] Quake which did shake on 21st March in 1839 claimed nearly 400 people, making pagodas and some parts of the old palace walls collapsed

2. Bago [Pegu] earthquake, measuring 7.3 on Richter scale which shook on 5th May 1930 rendering 500 people dead and edifices collapsed

3. Sagaing earthquake which shook on 16th July 1956 measuring on the Richter scale 7 claimed 50 lives and destroyed many building.

4. Bagan [Pagan] earthquake which shook on 8th July 1975 measuring 6.8 on Richter scale ruined ancient pagodas and stupas.

Moreover, there are still quakes which destroyed much such as Taungdwingyi Tarlay earthquake, Thabeikkyin earthquake and Chauk earthquakes.

Strong quakes around the world

Out of the innumerable earthquakes which shook in the world

PHOTO: REUTERS

earthquake which caused massive destructions are as follows:

1. Antioch earthquake which shook in Turkey in May 526 claimed over 250000 lives.

2. Damghan earthquake which shook in Iran on December 22, 856 caused over 200000 deaths.

3. Ardabil earthquake which occurred in Iran on 23 March 893 killed over 150000.

4. 1138 Aleppo earthquake in Syria which occurred 11 October 1138 claimed many lives.

5. Chihli earthquake which occurred in Chihli, China on 27th September 1290 claimed over 100000 lives.

6. 1556 Shaanxi earthquake, China claimed 830000 lives.

7. 1667 Shamakhi earthquake, Azerbaijan killed over 100000 lives.

8. 1676 Tangshan earthquake

9. Hoei earthquake in Japan in 1707

10. 1755 Lisbon earthquake.

11. 1868 Arica earthquake in Chile.

12. 1896 Meiji [Sanriku] earthquake in Japan.

13. 1908 Messina earthquake in Italy.

14. 1920 Haiyuan earthquake in China.

15. 1920 Great Kanto earthquake in Japan.

16. 1948 Turkmenistan earthquake in Turkmen.

17. Tangshan earthquake which occurred in China in 1976 July 28

18. 2004 December Indonesia tsunami

19. 2010 Haitai earthquake and 20.

2011 Tohoku earthquake and tsunami killed a whole slew of people respectively.

Emergency planning drawn up

It needs to have drawn up emergency plans for finding, rescuing and rehabilitating victims at the needed time when natural disasters happen. It is also necessary to cooperate with the government, Tatmadaw, Myanmar Police Force and members of fire brigade provided that great disasters and their related epidemics break out. Hence, arrangements should have been made concerning preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation which are included in the emergency plans.

Laying down the strategy

At the present time, the global countries are facing various kinds of natural disasters annually due to the extreme weather. With a view to dealing with natural disasters including earthquakes, a strategy should have been laid down. And, in laying down the strategy as well, the following should be taken into consideration.

1. making systematic preparation prior to the happenings of imminent dangers after forecasting natural disasters likely to happen in respective regions and states,

2. establishment of committees for prevention from natural disasters,

3. making rescue teams perform the tasks of rescuing and helping in quickest way at the time of the natural disasters,

4. reviewing the facts as to what kinds of things and how much are needed for the victims of the natural disasters,

5. providing medial aids and health care to victims,

6. delivering basic commodities such as foods,

7. making concerted efforts in resettlement and rehabilitation works after the outbreaks of the natural disasters,

8. making the statistics on the accurate amounts of male and female victims,

9. helping local residents, who were victimized to get income,

10. encouraging the victims,

11. compiling the statistics on the budget allotment and division for spending,

12. releasing news and information and

13. rebuilding up roads, bridges, electricity, communication network, plumbing systems and sewage system

Less strengthened buildings,

Since the very advent of the New Year in Myanmar, there occurred to some parts of the country frequent tremors. People are now worried as to whether strong earthquakes will break out. Awareness and preparedness will never come to "Nothing." Residents living in ancient edifices and dilapidated apartments who were once built by unqualified contractors should have thought beforehand, about dangers of imminent quakes.

To sum it up, any parts of the world are seeing frequent natural disasters with the spread of the extreme weather. Some disasters such as floods, torrential rains, fires and storms can be forecast, no one can predict concerning the dangers of quakes. It is the best way to build quake-proof edifices after careful planning. Now we can conclude that tremors happening at present are warning us about the imminent quakes.

May all citizens prepare for the dangers of potential earthquakes! ■

Translated by
Khin Maung Oo

Republic of the Union of Myanmar
President's Office
Order 8/2018

2th Waxing of Tabodwe, 1379 ME
18th January, 2018

Appointment of Chief Minister for Ayeyawady Region Government

In accordance with the provisions stated in article 261 (c), article 264 (c) of the Constitution of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar and section 82 (a) of the Union Government Law and section 56 (a) of Region or State Government Law, U Hla Moe Aung, Region Hluttaw representative of Myanaung Township constituency 1 in Ayeyawady Region has been appointed as Chief Minister of the Ayeyarwady Region.

Sd/ Htin Kyaw
President
Republic of the Union of Myanmar

Republic of the Union of Myanmar
President's Office
Order 9/2018

2th Waxing of Tabodwe, 1379 ME
18th January, 2018

Termination of Rakhine State Minister approved

In accordance with the provisions stated in article 263 (c) (2) of the Constitution of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Section 80 of Union Government Law and Section 55 of Region or State Government Law, U Min Aung, Rakhine State Minister for Development Affairs, Rakhine State Government, has been terminated from the position of State Minister.

Sd/ Htin Kyaw
President
Republic of the Union of Myanmar

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Muhammad Zu Nike, 23 years old,
Father Name- Swe Tar Long,

Mar Mad Hu Song, 46 years old,
Father Name- Mar Mad Si Tee,

So Du Lar Min , 39 years old,
Father Name- Mar Mad Si Tee

Har Bi Yaw Man, 44 years old,
Father Name- Kar Lar Myarr,

Mar Mad Ar Li , 27 years old,
Father Name- Kar Lar Myar ,

Muhammed Ar Yard, 25 years old,
Father Name- Sar Yat Hussain

Anar Bu Hall, 33 years old, Father
Name- Bo Shi Armmad

Lu Stu Yar Man, 38 years old,
Father Name- Ei Su Arli

Mar Mad Itaris, 28 years old,
Father Name- Faw Ar Long

Swe Yort Ar Long, 51 years old,
Father Name- Au Lar Myarr

Faw Yi Ar Long, 39 years old,
Father Name- Au Lar Myarr

Mohammad Ar Yope, 33 years old,
Father Name- Au Lar Myarr

Sumo, 30 years old, Father Name-
Au Lar Myarr

Ar Bul Ar Yope , 27 years old,
Father Name- Swe Yort Kar Sein

Mar Mad Ar Min, 28 years old,
Father Name- Bar Yat Hussain

Ibrahin, 25 years old, Father
Name- Bar Yat Hussain

Sar Den Hussain, 24 years old,
Father Name- Bar Yat Hussain

Army Hinzar, 37 years old, Father
Name- Swe Yat Hussain

Du Du Mhyarr, 40 years old,
Father Name- Adul Lar Marl

Mar Mad Tar Mar, 27 years old,
Father Name- Adu Mar Sein

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Mar Mad Ar Yode, 25 years old, Father Name- Sar Lar Mout

Mohammad Ar Lat, 23 years old, Father Name- Sar Lar Mout

Zar Faw Nul, 27 years old, Father Name- Ar Nu Yar Man

Muhammad Yaw Fi, 26 years old, Father Name- Army Nu Yar Man

Di Lar Hu Song, 29 years old, Father Name- Yaw Shi Du Lar

Armat Tu Song, 29 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Ar Mad

Kar Mar Hu Song, 27 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Ar Mad

Zar Tar Hu Taung, 25 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Ar Mad

Nu Hussain, 37 years old, Father Name- Mustafa Har Mad

Yan Tan Arli, 39 years old, Father Name- Mustafa Har Mad

Mar Mud Islam, 24 years old, Father Name- Faw Ki Yar Mud

Bu Shi Armad, 42 years old, Father Name- Abu Ar Yart

Yo Fu Yue Myarr, 30 years old, Father Name- Abu Yu Mee

Mar Mud Myarr, 27 years old, Father Name- Abu Yue Mee

Shaw Khu Shain, 43 years old, Father Name- Abu Si Date

Mar Mad Saw Lain, 29 years old, Father Name- Mar Mad Saw Lain

Sar Kay Yar Mout, 36 years old, Father Name- Abu Sar Mar

Sultan Armout, 29 years old, Father Name- Abu Sar Marr

Kway Ei Ar Long, 29 years old, Father Name- Mar Mad

Mar Mud Tu Song, 23 years old, Father Name- Abu Sar Mar

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Mohammad Zuri, 28 years old, Father Name- Mar Mad

Abu Ar Long, 44 years old, Father Name- Sultan Armad

Sadu Gaw Ni, 28 years old, Father Name- Su Lay Man

Abbu Baw Shaw, 20 years old, Father Name- Adu Gaw Ni

Annawah Islam, 33 years old, Father Name- Abu Har Shein

Abu Tu Say Man, 40 years old, Father Name- Hu Song Ar Mad

Muhammad Tar Yu , 36 years old, Father Name- Hu Song Ar Mad

Nul Islam, 28 years old, Father Name- Dar Long Myarr

Odu Islam, 22 years old, Father Name- Dar Long Myarr

Anuwah Islam, 25 years old, Father Name- Adu Kaw Note

Zar Hate Hu Song, 27 years old, Father Name- Adu Lar Marr

Adu Yu Kue, 47 years old, Father Name- Ar Mein Shaw Shi

Saw La Wah Din, 50 years old, Father Name- Ar Yote Faw Zaw

Ro Lar Mein, 32 years old, Father Name- Maw Ti Yaw Man

Har Mate Hu Song, 55 years old, Father Name- Mar Mad Hussain

Harmin Hamin, 31 years old, Father Name- Du Armad

Nul Armein, 28 years old, Father Name- Day Lar Hu Song

Mar Mud Yu Tike Ye, 25 years old, Father Name- Naing Yu Baw Shaw

Shar Ar Long, 32 years old, Father Name- Arzi Mahsi

Aryu Bat, 34 years old, Father Name- Di Mar Har Mak

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Mar Mud Oli, 28 years old, Father Name- Di Mar Har Mad

Swe Yort Tar Bar, 54 years old, Father Name- Anu Maw Zi

Shaw Shi Tar Mad, 43 years old, Father Name- Hu Song Armad

Ei Smai Armad, 29 years old, Father Name- Abu Yaw Man

Mar Moud Ju Dike, 18 years old, Father Name- Abul Yaw Man

Si Date Armad, 63 years old, Father Name- Adul Kaw Yain

Swe Hot Hu Song, 47 years old, Father Name- Adu Maw Zis

Arman Aulla, 21 years old, Father Name- Adu Lar Mein

Mar Mad Yu Supt, 32 years old, Father Name- Adu Slam

Mar Mad Baws Arbaw, 30 years old, Father Name- Adu Slam

Mar Mad Arzan, 17 years old, Father Name- Adul Slam

Nu Baw Shaw, 63 years old, Father Name- Har Ei Aullah

Mu Ji Aullah, 32 years old, Father Name- Har Ei Aullah

Mar Mud Saw Lain, 22 years old, Father Name- Abu Hu Song

Mar Mud Ar Long, 31 years old, Father Name- Nozi Yar Mud

Mar Mud Sadis, 32 years old, Father Name- Nozi Yarmud

Zargi Hu Song 36 years old, Father Name- Kar Sein,

Zu Yar Mout, 32 years old, Father Name- Shar Kay Armad

Si Yar Zu To Stofa, 32 years old, Father Name- Shar Kay Armad

Mustafa Karmar, 18 years old, Father Name- Shar Kay Armad

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Nu Mar Mout, 59 years old, Father Name- Adu Maw Zate

Sar Mi Tu Islam, 25 years old, Father Name- Nu Mar Mout

Nu Ar Long, 52 years old, Father Name- Hu Song Ar Mad

Mar Mud Tu Fike, 19 years old, Father Name- Nu Ar Long

Abu Dular, 31 years old, Father Name- Adu Harshin

Adu Mar Zaw Sat, 30 years old, Father Name- Adu Harshin

Mar Mud Taw Yote, 21 years old, Father Name- Adu Slam

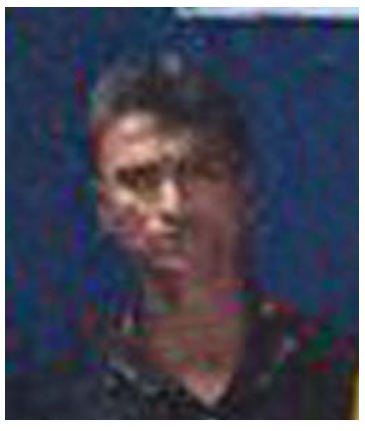
Mar Mud Har Shein, 16 years old, Father Name- Adu Slam

Zaw Lar Mouk, 52 years old, Father Name- Kar Saint Arli

Mar Mad Ei Nus, 25 years old, Father Name- Arli Armad

Mar Mud Shaw Fi, 35 years old, Father Name- Shar Mi Yar

Har Yo Yaw Chi, 39 years old, Father Name- Sidar Hu Dan



Abu Barshar, 29 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Tar Mout,

Mar Mad Saw Lain, 28 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Tar Mout

Mar Mad Arsein, 25 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Tar Mauk

Mar Mad Ei Nus, 22 years old, Father Name- Swe Yort Tar Maw

Rawlar Mauk (42 yrs, Father Name- Yarkote Arlee)

Sarbae Armauk (35 yrs, Father Name- Yarkote Arlee)

Sawbhe Rarmouk (31 yrs, Father Name- Yarkote Arlee)

Nu Arlawm (17 yrs, Father Name- Adu Rawshate)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Harzee Meeyar (57 yrs, Father Name- Kaylar Peeyar)

Huusaung Armat (22 yrs, Father Name- Harzee Peeyar)

Karlar Myarr (22 yrs, Father Name- Nurar Mouk)

Kharlitt Huusaung (27 yrs, Father Name- Arlee Armat)

Gyarphar Arlam (46 yrs, Father Name- Marmoud Kholee)

Marmat Kho Shate (18 yrs, Father Name- Gyamar Arlatt)

Samyarr (65 yrs, Father Name- Nuurr Mouk)

Swayout Khawrain (36 yrs, Father Name- Samyarr)

Marmod Khawrim (30 yrs, Father Name- Samyarr)

Marmod Enuit (29 yrs, Father Name- Samyarr)

Marmod Aeesat (29 yrs, Father Name- Samyarr)

Saryard Aarlam (24 yrs, Father Name- Peear Armat)

Sogood Tuu Saung (57 yrs, Father Name- Arrzuumee Buusaung)

Phaw Zaw Kaw Rain (33 yrs, Father Name- Sogood Tuu Saung)

Zaar Phaw Arlam (57 yrs, Father Name- Amee Hinzar)

Swae yak haran (32 yrs, Father Name- Amee Hinzar)

Nurat Zout (51 yrs, Father Name- Sulatann Armauk)

Mar Mod Sawlee (19 yrs, Father Name- Nu Arlaung)

Nu Arlaung (23 yrs, Father Name- Adu Warlarm)

Maharmat Harsan (51 yrs, Father Name- Sarke Armat)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Marmat Aarlam (29 yrs, Father Name- Adu Mawle)

Sharyat Aarlam (29 yrs, Father Name- Adu Mawle)

Marmood Yarsane (19 yrs, Father Name- Ebrahein Khawle)

Marmat Aekram (19 yrs, Father Name- Ebrahein Khawle)

Marmood Aenote (31 yrs, Father Name- Duduu Myarr)

Dawle Raman (51 yrs, Father Name- Narzee Huusein)

Bhawdee Eulaung (28 yrs, Father Name- Dawle Rarmaan)

Marmood Tarlaung (25 yrs, Father Name- Dawle Rarmaan)

Marmout Huuhsein (52 yrs, Father Name- Arlee Armat)

Marmat Ismai (17 yrs, Father Name- Marmout Huusein)

Meer Karsain (67 yrs, Father Name- adu Zawbaw)

Shar Zan (37 yrs, Father Name- Aqudee Armat)

Marmat Karlarm (36 yrs, Father Name- Aqudee Armat)

Hardu Larme (25 yrs, Father Name- Aqudee Armat)

Monzuu Arlaung (19 yrs, Father Name- Aqudee Armat)

Lonemarn Harkane (26 yrs, Father Name- Ebrahein Khawle)

Abduu Harkinn (29 yrs, Father Name- Ebrahein Khawle)

Adu Salarm (43 yrs, Father Name- Adu Rawshate)

Seedee Raine (27 yrs, Father Name- Bhawle Larmaat)

Arno Warrsardayy (20 yrs, Father Name- Adu Salarm)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

De Marmat (55 yrs, Father Name- Harlee Larman)

Ameenar Hartu (26 yrs, Father Name- Dee Marmat)

Du Huusaung (20 yrs, Father Name- Dee Marmat)

Abhu Mobahay (31 yrs, Father Name- Jakar Armood)

Abuu Harshin (29 yrs, Father Name- Jakar Armood)

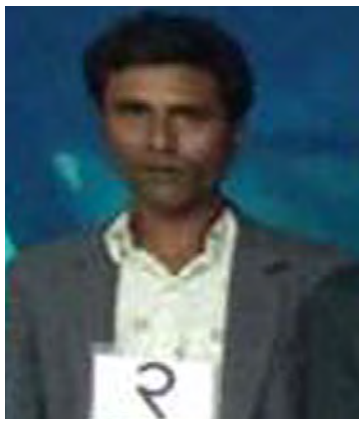
Abuu Huusaung (44 yrs, Father Name- Azee Raman)

Alee Husein (39 yrs, Father Name- Zaw kein Armat)

Aemarn Husein (37 yrs, Father Name- Zaw kein Armat)

Nawseemar Khartuu (20 yrs, Father Name- Mekar Sain)

Marmat Khamar (20 yrs, Father Name- Mekar Sain)



Adu Naw Be (44 yrs, Father Name- Eisar Khaw Li)

Har Kay Tar Bay Gaung (23 yrs, Father Name- Eisar Khaw Li)

Abu Taw Yort (29 yrs, Father Name- Nu Sar Khaw Li)

Zaw Yar Khaw Tar Li (51 yrs, Father Name- Zaw Ki Yar Mouk)

Kar Di Hu Sin (57 yrs, Father Name- Narzi Hu Sin)

Muba Daw Li (52 yrs, Father Name- Adu Yarman)

Eezar Khaw Li (46 yrs, Father Name- Adu Yarman)

Ee su Zaw Lar (43 yrs, Father Name- Adu Yarman)

Marmod Tar Loung (15 yrs, Father Name- Eesar Khaw Li)

Nu Yar Khaw Li (42 yrs, Father Name- Adu Shukuu)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Marmouk No Yar (33 yrs, Father Name- Adu Shukuu)

Osman Gaw Ni (24 yrs, Father Name- Adu Shukuu)

Phawzul Islam (19 yrs, Father Name- Marmain Yazar)

Armi Hinn Zarr (57 yrs, Father Name- May Yar Li)

Anu War (32 yrs, Father Name- Eeslam)

Eian Da Ye (30 yrs, Father Name- Ee Slam)

Marmark Tar Li (29 yrs, Father Name- Armi Hinn Zarr)

Sar Pay Dar Armark (27 yrs, Father Name- Eeslam)

Zarhate Husein (45 yrs, Father Name- Maw Kein Armark)

Kho Shate Arloung (22 yrs, Father Name- Zarhate Husein)

Jarmate Arloung (19 yrs, Father Name- Zarhate Husein)

Shaw She Tar Mouk (52 yrs, Father Name- Mu Zan Myarr)

Abu Taw Yort (20 yrs, Father Name- Shaw She Tar Mouk)

Marmark Su Har (15 yrs, Father Name- Shaw She Tar Mouk)

Yar Me Ar Let (48 yrs, Father Name- Adu Karman)

Nu Zamar Sar Phar (19 yrs, Father Name- Yar Pe Hala Vin)

Arphaw Parloung (40 yrs, Father Name- Yan Mu Harmark)

Pay Yar Arloung (31 yrs, Father Name- Yan Mu Harmark)

Swae Yort DarLoung (25 yrs, Father Name- Numu Harmark)

Nu Maw Hein (13 yrs, Father Name- Numu Harmark)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Karde Husoung (50 yrs, Father Name- Aw De Armark)

Shu Arloung (37 yrs, Father Name- Aw De Armark)

Marmark Eenu (31 yrs, Father Name- Aw De Armark)

Nu Bebe (29 yrs, Father Name- Nu Kaw Tain)

Chat Ar lam (54 yrs, Father Name- Mohar Bart Ar Li)

Harsan Ali (30 yrs, Father Name- Chat Ar Lam)

Sar Pe Ar Lam (25 yrs, Father Name- Chat Ar Lam)

Yaw Phe Ar Lam (23 yrs, Father Name- Chat Ar Lam)

Sa Har Ar Li (42 yrs, Father Name- Marmark Ar Li)

Marmark Husein (36 yrs, Father Name- Marmark Ar Li)

Zarhart Hu Sain (33 yrs, Father Name- Marmark Ar Li)

Su Tin Ar Mark (51 yrs, Father Name- Si De Narmouk)

Kar Mar Hu Saung (48 yrs, Father Name- Si De Narmouk)

Mu She Arloung (29 yrs, Father Name- Su Tin Ar Mark)

Mu Su Ar Loung (27 yrs, Father Name- Su Tin Ar Mark)

Zarphar Armate (55 yrs, Father Name- Narzi Armark)

Ze Yo Armin (22 yrs, Father Name- Zarphar Armark)

Zarphaw Arloung (58 yrs, Father Name-Abu Har Shain)

Abu Bay Loung (15 yrs, Father Name- Zawphaw Ar Loung)

Nu Yu Bawar (41 yrs, Father Name-AYu Sharmar)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Gu Tar Bay Gaung (14 yrs, Father Name-Nazi Hu Sain)

Rawlar Mauk 33 yrs, Father Name-Yunar Ar Li)

Marmark Jarvar (28 yrs, Father Name- Yunar Ar Li)

Marmark Du Sai (21 yrs, Father Name- Adu Marmouk)

Marmark Arno (17 yrs, Father Name- Adu Marmouk)

Marmark Hu Sain (35 yrs, Father Name- Sarber Vyarr)

Marmod Sarloung (49 yrs, Father Name- Abu Karsain)

Sogot Sarloung (43 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar See)

Du Yar Laung (35 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar See)

Zarmar Arlaung (26 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar See)

Mohar mark Slam (46 yrs, Father Name- Na Jar Husin)

Sharr Arzan (32 yrs, Father Name- Abu Mo sphort)

Na Gu Larmi (30 yrs, Father Name- Abu Mo sphort)

Marmod Armin (23 yrs, Father Name- Abu Mo sphort)

Adu Zawphar (37 yrs, Father Name- Adu Shu Kuh)

Abu Kar Yin (64 yrs, Father Name- Mawsar Ar Li)

Harmit Hu Saung (31 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar Yin)

Eemar Hu Sain (32 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar Yin)

Marmark Au (23 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar Yin)

Abu Yar Hin (55 yrs, Father Name- Nu Yar Harmark)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Marmark Tar Mord (23 yrs, Father Name- Abu Yar Hin)

Marmark Phar Yort (16 yrs, Father Name- Abu Yar Hin)

Abu Lusaung (or) Tun Thein (31 yrs, Father Name- Nu Ar Laung (or) Htein Lin)

Ar Li Hu Sain (30 yrs, Father Name- Adu Naw Be)

Aryae Sharkhartu (35 yrs, Father Name- Zawlar Odain)

Eesar Kawli (51 yrs, Father Name- Muyu Armark)

Marmod Zawka ReYar (23 yrs, Father Name- Ee Su Ar Li)

Eezar Kar Li (56 yrs, Father Name- Mular Mod)

Kar Ru Islam (25 yrs, Father Name- Eezar Kar Li)

Mon Gu Islam (23 yrs, Father Name- Eezar Kar Li)

Marmark Armain (19 yrs, Father Name- Eezar Kar Li)

Nawbe Hu Saung (42 yrs, Father Name- Naw Ru Slim)

Shaung Shu Ar Lam (45 yrs, Father Name- Narzi Husam)

Sarmart Islam (24 yrs, Father Name- Shaung Shu Ar Lam')

Nukar Eedar (14 yrs, Father Name- Shaung Shu Ar Lam)

Aww Lar Ar Mark (48 yrs, Father Name- Su Latan)

Marmod Zu Bi (22 yrs, Father Name- Aww Lar Ar Mark)

Wardu lar (33 yrs, Father Name- De Mar Mod)

Ar Ze Dulauk' (32 yrs,Father Name- De Mar Mod)

War Nu Kar Harr (27 yrs, Father Name- Ali Ar Mouk)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

Mar Mouk Taw Yote (35 yrs, Father Name- Har Pe Ar Mat)

Mar Mouk Zaw Phaw (33 yrs, Father Name- Har Pe Ar Mat)

Mu har Mat Warr (29 yrs, Father Name- Ar Bull Phate)

Marmak A k Rarut (30 yrs, Father Name- Alli Arman)

Zuu bo (22 yrs, Father Name- Arbu phate Ar Mi Hinn Zarr)

Marmak Ei Sope (24 yrs, Father Name- Shoung Shuu Ar Lound)

Marmauk Yuu Sope (38 yrs, Father Name- Marmouk Du Louk)

Shoung Shuu Ar lam (33 yrs, Father Name- Ro Lam Ar li)

Maw Guunar (23 yrs, Father Name- Abhu Se Date)

Abhu Har Yard (20 yrs, Father Name- Nu Se Date)

Marmak Shaw Phate (30 yrs, Father Name- Shar Phe Ar Laung)

Zaw Me Ar Mark (31 yrs, Father Name- Adu Mar Zate)

Abuu salim (18 yrs, Father Name- Adu Mar Zate)

Mu Har Mark Narsay (31 yrs, Father Name- Marmark Saw Lame)

Mar Mot Shaw Lame (31 yrs, Father Name- Marmark Saw Lame)

Mar Mark Saw Lame (39 yrs, Father Name- Bauk Tar Yar Mauk)

Adu Ar Main (22 yrs, Father Name- Zarphaw Ar Loung)

Yawhee Muularr (39 yrs, Father Name- BarZaw Mulope)

AnahWah Ohlah (32 yrs, Father Name- BarZaw Mulope)

Be Yar Rar Man (41 yrs, Father Name- Aww Ze Yar Man)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

ZeRar Oh (34 yrs, Father Name- Aww Ze Yar Man)

MuuTar Phar (21 yrs, Father Name- Be YarYar Man)

ZarPhaw Ar loung (37 yrs, Father Name- Taw Yar Hu lame)

Marmak Tar Harr (33 yrs, Father Name- Abu Bargi)

PhayTan Alli (30 yrs, Father Name- Adu Har)

Abu Tar Pee (23 yrs, Father Name- Du Yuu Arman)

MuSarr (18 yrs, Father Name- Du Yuu Arman)

Abu Tar Hae (44 yrs, Father Name- Naw Zu myarr)

GawPhu myarr (29 yrs, Father Name- Abu Har Shane)

Swaeyit Myarr (24 yrs, Father Name- Mu Har Mark raw she)

Adu Lar Kein (21 yrs, Father Name- Mu Hu Mark raw she)

Rawfie Ohlah (29 yrs, Father Name- Adu Kar lame)

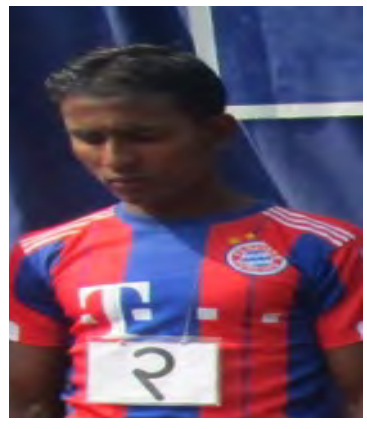
Salli Khular (28 yrs, Father Name- Har Be Ohlah)

Mu Har Mark Yu Sope (31 yrs, Father Name- Har Be Ohlah)

Me Yar Bu Yar Man (33 yrs, Father Name- Auu Lar Myarr)

Shar Phaw Dane (22 yrs, Father Name- Auu Lar Myarr)

Har Be Ohlah (45 yrs, Father Name- Adu Zaw Li)



Anah Wah Islam (30 yrs, Father Name- Shoung Shu Ar Lam)

Mar Mod Islam (24 yrs, Father Name- Shoung Shu Ar Lam)

Mohar Mark DeeNiss (29 yrs, Father Name- Osman Gaw Ni)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

A Kar Yam (31 yrs, Father Name- Osman Gaw Li)

Zaw Ni Arman (54 yrs, Father Name- Abu Kar seinn)

Kaww Li Mulard (32 yrs, Father Name- Guuyar Ar Li)

Omar Myarr (26 yrs, Father Name- Narsi Huusein)

Har San Auular (24 yrs, Father Name- Baw She Armark)

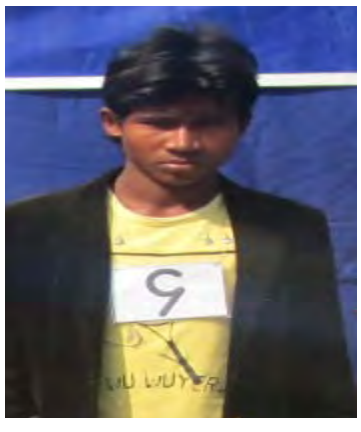
Nu Ar min (30 yrs, Father Name- HoShuu)

Marmark Sar Dar (27 yrs, Father Name- HoShuu)

Abu Lar Shane (31 yrs, Father Name- Swae Yort ArLoung)

Shaw Phe Ar Laung (32 yrs, Father Name- Numar Har kein)

Yaw Pe Ar Laung (26 yrs, Father Name- Nu Mar Har Kain)



Shaw Be Ar Mark (22 yrs, Father Name- Nu Baw Shaw)

Shaung Shuu Myarr (21 yrs, Father Name- Phawe Yar Zu Islam)

Marmod Phar Yort (24 yrs, Father Name- Nu Yu Ar main)

Marmod Yaw Phate (19 yrs, Father Name- Nu Yu Ar main))

Marmod Tar Yoee (24 yrs, Father Name- Ismail)

Musar (21 yrs, Father Name- Ismail)

Kaw Yaw Mar Li (21 yrs, Father Name- Marmod)

Marmark Saw lain (31 yrs, Father Name- ZarPhaw Ar Lam)

Shar Be Ar Mark (30 yrs, Father Name- Ar Mark Hu Sein)

Shoung Shu Ar Loung (47 yrs, Father Name- She Dar Ar li)

Members of ARSA Terrorist Group

Photos and information of ARSA Terrorists who involved in Maung Taw counter attacks on 25 August 2017

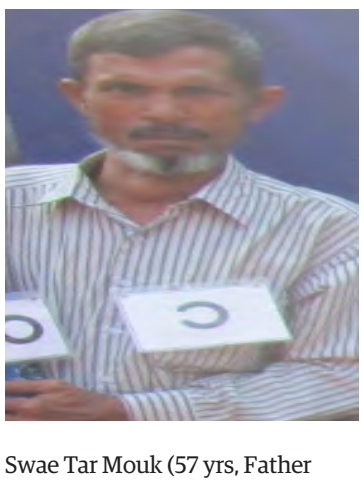
Zaw Ke Yar (32 yrs, Father Name- Me Kar Saein)

Ansan Aular (28 yrs, Father Name- Me Kar Saein)

ZarHe Aular (27 yrs, Father Name- Me Kar Saein)

Marmak Sulin (34 yrs, Father Name- Sway Yot Slam)

Marmark Zu Bi (31 yrs, Father Name- Ismai)



Swae Tar Mouk (57 yrs, Father Name- Phawwzar Armouk)

Phawwzu Kawmar (30 yrs, Father Name- Swae Tar Mouk)

Marmouk Arloung (35 yrs, Father Name- Marmouk Raw Rain)

Abu Daw Yar (25 yrs, Father Name- Noro Bhaw shaw)

Armark Kaw mar (23 yrs, Father Name- Noro Bhaw shaw)

NoYo Lar Min (41 yrs, Father Name- Agaw Yar li)

Shar Zan Myarr (38 yrs, Father Name- Abu Naw Saw)

PhayTan Alli (30 yrs, Father Name- Adu Har)

Du MarMark AZiss (23 yrs, Father Name- Adu Armin)

ZarHar Mark (37 yrs, Father Name- Ar Mark Hu Sain)

Shu Be Armark (35 yrs, Father Name- Ar Mark Hu Sain)

Adu Yawman (24 yrs, Father Name- Rawfie Ohlah)

Zuhu Myarr (48 yrs, Father Name-Muzu Bu Yar Man)

Zarhe Arloung (28 yrs, Father Name- Shaw She Tar Mod)

Demu Har Mart (53 yrs, Father Name- Naw Zu Myarr)