Older and disabled persons not ostracized in Myanmar society but being taken care of in one way or another

Secretary-1 Lt-Gen Thein Sein addresses ceremony to mark International Day of Disabled Persons

YANGON, 3 Dec—“Disabled persons in Myanmar are now enjoying social rights fully under the find traditions and culture of Myanmar and the policy of the government,” said Secretary-1 of the State Peace and Development Council Lt-Gen Thein Sein at a ceremony to mark the International Day of Disabled Persons held at the International Business Centre on Pyay Road, here, this morning.

Present on the occasion were Lt-Gen Myint Swe of the Ministry of Defence, Chairman of Yangon Division Peace and Development Council Commander of Yangon Command Brig-Gen Hla Htay Win, the ministers, the chief Justice, the attorney-general, the Yangon mayor, the deputy ministers, the director-general of the State Peace and Development Council Office, heads of department, members of the Central Committee for Organizing the International Day of Disabled Persons, resident representatives of UN agencies, those from the Myanmar Women’s Affairs Federation, Myanmar Maternal and Child Welfare Association and Myanmar Sports Federation for Disabled Persons, the principals of the school for disabled persons, teachers, students, well-wishers and guests.

In his address, the Secretary-1 said that today is the International Day of Disabled Persons that was designated by the UN in order to uplift the dignity of disabled persons. The nations of the world have been holding the ceremonies to mark the International Day of Disabled Persons with the aim of letting the world know. (See page 8)

Emergence of the State Constitution is the duty of all citizens of Myanmar Naing-Ngan.
PERSPECTIVES

Monday, 4 December, 2006

Myanmar making endeavours for eradication of AIDS

HIV case first occurred in 1981 and it has spread throughout the world in 20 years. About 39.5 million people are at risk of HIV/AIDS in the world. Altogether 4.3 million individuals were infected with HIV due to its rapid spread and some 2.9 million individuals have died of AIDS this year.

Since the impact of HIV and AIDS goes beyond the health sector, it gradually affects social, economic and development aspects of the nation. Therefore, the nations of the world have given priority to the prevention and control of HIV and AIDS.

Myanmar has been launching anti-AIDS campaign in cooperation with not only UN agencies but 18 local social organizations and 17 international social organizations and it is also actively taking part in the ASEAN work programme on HIV and AIDS, Mekong Regional HIV and AIDS projects and regional and central level projects being undertaken by UN agencies.

With the multi-sectoral and multifaceted efforts, the spread of HIV in Myanmar has declined since 2000. The adult HIV prevalence came down from 1.5 per cent in 2000 to 1.3 per cent in 2006. Such achievements have been made due to the correct policy and encouragement of the government, full implementation of the National Health Plan and public cooperation.

For the interest of the nation and its people, the government has determined to fight against AIDS threatening the mankind in order to be AIDS free Myanmar and AIDS free world in cooperation with international societies.

Dabayin Township NLD member quits

YANGON, 3 Dec — Member of Dabayin Township National League for Democracy in Sagaing Division U Than Gyaung on 23 September resigned from the party of his own accord sending his resignation letter to NLD (Headquarters) and authorities concerned.

In his resignation letters sent to Dabayin Township Multi-party Democracy General Election Sub-commission, he said he quit the party of his own volition as he lost trust and interest in the party and its leaders. — MNA

Home Affairs Minister meets departmental officials in Ngwehsaung

NAY PYI TAW, 3 Dec—Minister for Home Affairs Maj-Gen Maung Oo on 26 November met with Deputy Commander of Ayeyawady Division MPF Police Lt-Col Maung Maung, Chairman of Pathein District Peace and Development Council Deputy Commissioner of Pathein District U Than Win, Administrative Officer U Aung Myo Hlaing of Ngwehsaung, departmental officials, townsenders and members of social organizations at the office of General Administration Department in Ngwehsaung.

The minister, who was accompanied by Regional Development Committee Deputy Chairman Col Maung Maung, thanked the officials and townsenders for their cooperation and for providing information on salient points of Ngwehsaung region to the minister.

The minister stressed the need for officials, departmental personnel and social organizations to serve the interests of the State and the people and to take part in regional development.

Later, the minister proceeded to Ngwehsaung MPF station and inspected functions of the police station. — MNA

Workshop on Final Draft of National Biosafety Framework

YANGON, 3 Dec — A ceremony to open Workshop on Final Draft of National Biosafety Framework, of the Development of National Biosafety Framework of Project being implemented by Agricultural Planning Department of the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation, was held at the hall of Myanmar Farm Enterprise on Pyay Road, here, on 1 December.

Deputy Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation U Ohn Myint delivered an opening address.

Also present on the occasion were directors-general and managing directors of departments and enterprises under the ministry, Resident Representative of FAO Mr Tang Zhenping and representatives of ministries concerned. — MNA

Medical treatment given to inmates of Mandalay Central Jail

YANGON, 3 Dec — Physicians and specialists of private infirmaries and clinics have been giving medical treatment to inmates of Mandalay Central Jail since November.

Altogether 44 inmates were given medical treatment—18 inmates on 10 November, 11 inmates on 17 November and 15 inmates on 24 November.

Likewise, psychiatrists of Mandalay on 23 November visited the jail and gave medical treatment to 24 inmates who are mentally ill. — MNA
Thai Supreme Court rules Hollywood studio ruins Phi Phi Beach

BANGKOK, 2 Dec — Thailand’s Supreme Court has ruled that the Hollywood film producer 20th Century Fox and its Thai representative contributed to the damage of the ecosystem of Maya Beach on Phi Phi Island while filming the movie “The Beach” starring Leonardo DiCaprio.

The Supreme Court ordered on Thursday the movie “The Beach” starring Leonardo DiCaprio and its representative in Thailand, the Santa International Film Production Co, to be responsible for restoring the ecosystem of Maya Beach on Phi Phi Island, Krabi Province in southern Thailand, to its original condition, Thai News Agency reported Friday.

Meanwhile, other defendants including Pongpol Adireksarn, then agriculture minister, the Royal Forestry Department and the department director-general Plodpram Suraswadi were found not guilty of negligence of duty in issuing the permit for the filming, which led to damage at the national park’s property.

Chavez says Bush “devil” speech spur of the moment

CARACAS (Venezuela), 2 Dec — Venezuela’s President calling his US counterpart Satan in a UN speech seemed a devilish gambit in the nations war of words — but Hugo Chavez says he was shooting from the hip.

Chavez earned headlines worldwide and sparked US outrage in September with a surlous harangue at the UN General Assembly that branded George W Bush Lucifer — and contributed to Venezuela’s loss in a bid for a Security Council seat.

“The devil thing I did not have it on my mind I swear, it occurred to me right there. Chavez said at a news conference on Thursday.

The man who has also called Bush a donkey, a drunkard — and worse — is favoured to win re-election on Sunday in part because his supporters applaud the way he speaks out against what he sees as US “imperialism”.

Recalling how he came to mock the US President in front of the world’s dignitaries, Chavez said he read the American’s comments to the Assembly a day earlier and decided to cast aside his own prepared speech and go Bush-bashing.

AIDS kills 950 S Africans every day

JOHANNESBURG, 1 Dec — HIV/AIDS kills an average of 950 people in South Africa every day, and 71 per cent of these deaths occur among people aged from 15 to 49, a new study has indicated.

About two million South Africans had died from AIDS-related illness since the start of the epidemic in the early 1990s.

This year, deaths due to AIDS accounted for 350,000 of the estimated 740,000 total fatalities, which was equivalent to 950 AIDS-related deaths a day, according to the study conducted by the Actuarial Society of South Africa (ASSA), in collaboration with scientists from the Medical Research Council and the Centre for Actuarial Research (CARE) at the University of Cape Town.

The scientists suggested high rates of AIDS-related mortality were likely to continue for at least the next 10 years in the country of 47 million people.

The new study estimates 5.4 million South Africans, or 11 per cent of the population, were infected with HIV by June this year, compared with the 5.5 million estimate for last year given by government and the United Nations, national newspaper Business Day reported on Thursday.

The study also warned that young South Africans were hardest hit by HIV/AIDS.

Cairo Airport honoured as Airport of the Year in Africa

CAIRO, 1 Dec — Cairo International Airport was honoured on Wednesday as the “Airport of the Year” in Africa, an Egyptian official said.

The award ceremony was held on the sidelines of the closing session of the 38th round of the African Civil Aviation Commission, said General Fathi Fathallah, chairman of Cairo Airport Company.

The airport won the award for its efforts to upgrade various sectors in the past three years, he said.

Indian school children hold placards as they take part in an activity to mark the World AIDS Day in Amritsar, India, on 1 Dec, 2006.

A visitor looks at a Wiesmann GT during the First International Luxury Expo in Sofia, capital of Bulgaria, on 30 Nov, 2006. The expo was held on 29 Nov to 2 Dec.

A tourist chooses a coconut doll in a souvenir shop in Waning of south China’s Hainan Province, on 28 Nov, 2006.
The people can serve the interests of the nation by means of casting their votes with consideration rather than with emotion

Mr Chairman,

Every citizen in a nation exercising the multi-party democracy system shall be vested with the right to elect a people’s representative who will represent them, and to stand for election in accord with the law. The right to elect a people’s representative who will represent them covers all citizens who have the right to vote. The voting age should be fixed at 18 years. A person at this age is intellectually and mature enough to distinguish between bad and good. All citizens eligible to vote should be bestowed with the right to vote freely irrespective of sex, educational qualification, wealth and qualification.

So, regarding the right to vote, the point:

“Every citizen who has turned 18 on the date on which elections commence, who is not disqualified by law, who is eligible to vote, and who has the right to vote under the law, shall have the right to vote,” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

Under (c) detailed basic principles adopted by the National Convention, Hluttaw members are to be elected to:

(a) Pyithu Hluttaw;
(b) Amyotha Hluttaw; and
(c) Region or State Hluttaw.

In this regard, at a constituency, a voter shall cast only one vote for a Hluttaw at an election. In a Region or State and except those who have already got the Self-Administered Area, each of the remaining national races that have a population which constitutes 0.1 percent and above of the population of the State should be vested the right to elect a national race representative. That shows recognition of the right of ethnic minorities and Union Spirit.

Therefore, regarding the election of people’s representatives to the Hluttaw concerned, the point:

(a) “Every citizen who is eligible to vote and who has the right to vote by the law shall cast only a vote for a Hluttaw each at a constituency.
(b) “In addition, people of national races concerned who are eligible to vote in accordance with the provisions of the State Constitution shall have the right to vote in electing representatives of national races to the Region or State Hluttaw concerned.”

should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

In the democracy system, the people should be vested with the right of ballot to enable them to vote freely and to protect them being threatened. Moreover, polling booths and ballot boxes are to be under protection and the votes cast are to be counted in the public of the people. Only then will the government win the trust of the people.

Therefore, regarding ballot, the point:

“Ballot shall be exercised.”

Holding free and fair elections is a fundamental factor for the establishment of a democratic human society. According to the democracy system, a government is vested with the State power only through the votes of the people concerned.

Mr Chairman,

According to the democracy system, a government is vested with the State power only through the votes of the people concerned. In this regard, the people should value and consider rather than with emotion.
The people can serve the… (from page 4) (b) Save as otherwise prescribed by the Constitution, a Region or State Hluttaw member elected in a constituency that the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw has designated as a Union territory shall no longer stand as a Hluttaw member” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

Every citizen should be bestowed with the right to vote and to stand for election in accord with the law. Therefore, regarding the right of citizens to stand for election, the point:

“Every citizen who is not disqualified by the provisions of this Constitution and the provisions of the law regulating elections shall have the right to stand for election to a Hluttaw should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

The electorate concerned should be vested with the right to recall the Hluttaw member they have elected if he has betrayed the State, violated a provision of the Constitution, committed a misbehaviour, is no longer capable of discharging duties assigned to him, or lacks qualifications prescribed in the Constitution for a Hluttaw member. In this regard, the maximum number of the voters necessary to recall a Hluttaw member should be at least one per cent of the initial number of the voters. And, the complaint about the Hluttaw member should be submitted to the Election Commission.

After receiving such complaint document, the Election Commission should conduct an investigation into the case in accord with the law and entrust the Hluttaw member with the right to rebut the accusation in person or through a representative.

Therefore, the point

“(a) A Hluttaw member may be recalled for any of the following reasons—

(1) treason;

(2) violation of any provision of the Constitution;

(3) misbehaviour;

(4) lack of qualifications prescribed in the Constitution for a Hluttaw member;

(5) incompetent discharge of duties.

(b) Complaint about the Hluttaw member endorsed by at least one percent of initial number of the voters of the constituency concerned shall be submitted to the Pyidaungsu Election Commission.

(c) Pyidaungsu Election Commission shall conduct investigation into the case in accord with the law.

(d) While the case is under investigation, the Hluttaw member concerned shall have the right to rebut the accusation in person or through a representative.

(e) The Pyidaungsu Election Commission shall, finding the accusation true and considering the Hluttaw member should no longer carry out duties, take action in accord with the law” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

Another important point to introduce democracy is the holding of elections. Now, many other countries have made the system of setting up a large constituency to elect more than one Hluttaw member, and designating the number of Hluttaw members in proportion to the votes. So, necessary laws should be prescribed in accord with the resolutions of the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw.

Therefore, regarding election and recall, the point:

“The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw shall prescribe necessary laws on election and recall.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

A Pyidaungsu Election Commission should be formed to implement functions on election as well as the laws on political parties. Our nation is going to exercise the discipline-flourishing democratic system, so elections for the Pyithu Hluttaw, the Amyotha Hluttaw, and the Regional State Hluttaw will be held from time to time, and tasks for holding elections will be carried out continuously. In addition, there will be many tasks such as formation of sub-commissions at different levels to supervise the work, designation of constituencies, taking arrangements, making lists of voters. Therefore, a permanent Pyidaungsu Election Commission should be formed and a chairman of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission should be appointed to the Commission in accord with the law.

Therefore, the point:

“Duties of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission are as follows:

(a) The President shall form a Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Election Commission. In the process, he may appoint at least five members including the chairman of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission in accord with the provisions on appointment of Union minister stated in the Constitution.

(b) The chairman and members of the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Election Commission shall be the ones who —

(1) have turned 50 years of age;

(2) meet, except age limit, requirements set for Pyithu Hluttaw members.

(c) shall have served in the post of Union Chief Justice or Union supreme court judge; Region or State High Court judge or in a position equivalent to the post of Region or State High Court judge at least five years; or

(dd) have served in the post of judicial officer or law officer that is not lower than Region or State level for at least 10 years; or

(ec) have practised law as the advocate for at least 20 years; or

(ee) are to be formed in accord with the law to approach such electoral disputes.

Disputes of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission are as follows:

(f) holding Hluttaw elections;

(g) supervising Hluttaw elections, and forming and supervising sub-commissions at all levels;

(h) designating and arranging constituencies;

(i) making and arranging lists of voters;

(j) putting off elections that are not in a position to be held in a free and fair way in some constituencies due to natural disasters or local security;

(k) issuing necessary laws on elections and political parties in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution and procedures and directives in accordance with the laws concerned;

(l) forming electoral benches to resolve electoral disputes;

(m) discharging duties assigned under a law.” should be adopted as detailed basic principles.

Mr Chairman,

The Pyidaungsu Election Commission should be given duties to put off the elections that cannot be duly held in a free and fair way in some constituencies due to natural disasters or regional security. It will have to prescribe necessary laws on election and political parties. It should also be assigned duties to issue necessary laws, procedures and directives on election and political parties in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution.

Mr Chairman,

It is stated that despite correct and effective supervision of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission, some losers in the elections complain about the results. So, electoral benches are to be formed in accord with the law to approach such electoral disputes.

Fair elections.

Mr Chairman,

The Pyidaungsu Election Commission should be given duties to provide the elections that cannot be duly held in a free and fair way in some constituencies due to natural disasters or regional security. It will have to prescribe necessary laws on election and political parties. It should also be assigned duties to issue necessary laws, procedures and directives on election and political parties in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution.

Mr Chairman,

It is stated that despite correct and effective supervision of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission, some losers in the elections complain about the results. So, electoral benches are to be formed in accord with the law to approach such electoral disputes.
Mr Chairman,

Union minister in order to make reference to Commission is designated to be equivalent to the position of a Union minister. The matter should be prescribed in a separate law instead of prescribing member, to the position of a Union minister. The matter should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

In a democratic country, voting means that the people use their right to participate in the government of a government that will rule the nation on their behalf. The people should have access to ballot so that they can vote freely and avoid a situation of being threatened in casting votes. In some constituencies in border areas, the votes cast are counted polling booth-wise. In consequence, armed insurgents can guess who won at a village or ward. And they may torch the village or ward and torture the dwellers for not electing the one for whom they asked the people to vote. So, votes should be counted constituency-wise instead of polling booth-wise.

Mr Chairman,

In every democratic society, there is rivalry between one political party and another along with victory and loss and disagreements. So, it is important that political parties and politicians should take electoral tasks in line with the State constitution through discussions and seeking agreements. If so, the parties and groups with different opinions and stances will be able to push the nation on the path toward democracy. U Tin Tun Maung of Mingaladon Constituency (2) will read out the second part of our proposal.

The people can serve the... (from page 5)

“If the chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission in service wishes to resign of his own accord due to his health condition or any of other reasons, he may submit his resignation to the President.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

If the seat of the chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission is vacant due to resignation, termination of responsibilities, death, or any of other reasons, the President should appoint a new chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission in accordance with the provisions on appointment of a Union minister enumerated in the State constitution.

Therefore, regarding a vacant seat of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission, the point:

“If the seat of the chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission is vacant due to resignation, termination of responsibilities, death, or any of other reasons, the President may appoint a new chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission in accordance with the provisions on appointment of a Union minister enumerated in the State Constitution.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

If vacant seats of the chairman or members of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission are filled with suitable ones from qualified government employees, they should retire from government service.

So, regarding measures to be taken if the chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission is a government employee, the point:

“If the chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission is a government employee, he shall be deemed to have resigned from civil service in accord with the general service rules and regulations from the date he is appointed as the chairman or a member of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

Some of the members of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission may be legal experts. So, in completing electoral procedures, forming benches handling notes of electoral complaints, and expediting implementation of proceedings in accordance with political party laws, the decisions of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission should be final. So, regarding decisions of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission, the point:

“The Pyidaungsu Election Commission’s action and measures over the following matters shall be final—
(a) electoral procedures;
(b) appeals and amendments on electoral benches’ decisions and orders;
(c) matters taken under political party law.” should be adopted as detailed basic principles.

Mr Chairman,

The responsibilities and powers of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission will be important for the nation. Therefore, the commission should be vested with due rights.

In order to refer to their responsibilities, powers and rights, and roles of the commission chairman should be designated to be equivalent to the position of a Vice-President, and a member, to the position of a Union minister. The matter should be prescribed in a separate law instead of prescribing it in detail in the State constitution.

So, regarding matters on designation of responsibilities, powers and rights of the chairman and members of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission, the point:

“The role of the chairman of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission is designated to be equivalent to the position of a Vice-President, and a member, to the position of a Union minister in order to make reference to responsibilities, powers and rights of the chairman and members of the Pyidaungsu Election Commission in prescribing laws.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

Some national people may have gone abroad for further study under the permission of the government, on business or on personal affairs. Such stay in foreign countries should be deemed to have settled in the Union.

So, the point:

“The period of staying abroad with the permission of the government shall be deemed to have settled in the Union” should be adopted as the provision under the detailed basic principle:

“having settled in the Union for at least 10 consecutive years up to the time of being elected as Pyithu Hluttaw representative.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,

In a democratic country, voting means that the people use their right to participate in the government of a government that will rule the nation on their behalf. The people should have access to ballot so that they can vote freely and avoid a situation of being threatened in casting votes. In some constituencies in border areas, the votes cast are counted polling booth-wise. In consequence, armed insurgents can guess who won at a village or ward. And they may torch the village or ward and torture the dwellers for not electing the one for whom they asked the people to vote. So, votes should be counted constituency-wise instead of polling booth-wise.

Mr Chairman,

In every democratic society, there is rivalry between one political party and another along with victory and loss and disagreements. So, it is important that political parties and politicians should take electoral tasks in line with the State constitution through discussions and seeking agreements. If so, the parties and groups with different opinions and stances will be able to push the nation on the path toward democracy. U Tin Tun Maung of Mingaladon Constituency (2) will read out the second part of our proposal.

The people can serve the... (from page 5)

“Does the political party...?” “How is it going to accomplish its tasks?” “Does the political party...?” “How is it going to accomplish its tasks?”

Mr Chairman,

If the parties solely aim at gaining power, they will not be able to serve the public interest. We have bitter experiences of the past during which power was the prize for political leaders and the privileges were the gifts for supporters. From an organization that is within the domain of a leader or a group of people, a political party can be able to change itself into a fully democratic organization representing its members, who have the right to participate in making decisions. All the members have the duty to develop their party to reach the said level.

Mr Chairman,

A political party is a place where leaders at different levels for the nation are nurtured and produced. The tasks of the parties are to gather and nurture young men and women of all strata of life and levels of qualification who are eagerly interested in politics and organization duties and to elect and assign them to various duties democratically they are qualified for. By doing so, those young persons will be able to understand the essence of democracy and discharge the State duties well at various levels. And when the parties select and produce candidates in this way, the people will have greater opportunities to assess those candidates and elect them. Political parties as well as the persons who have no interest in and oppose politics will be held responsible for the failure to find first-class leaders. The emergence of brilliant leaders depends on public interest in politics and public lives and property will be destroyed till sovereignty is lost in the end. Firm and strong political parties can save the nation from such harmful conditions, while weak parties will fail to exist in the long-term.

Mr Chairman,

The Union of Myanmar had been launching independence struggles continuously since she lost her independence and fallen under subjugation. The struggles did not gain success at first as they were led by individuals. But in the later periods, the emergence of national schools had awakened the people who formed many organizations including the GCBA. Some organizations evolved into political parties and the struggle continued with the slogan “independence first; independence second; independence third” till independence was regained. But during the post-independence period, splits occurred among the political parties to the level of waging armed battles against one another. Hence the nation further lagged behind development. Future political parties should take those past events as valuable lessons.

Mr Chairman,

Politics is a cause of the citizens of the nation. It covers all the public education, economic and social affairs. Political parties formed with the persons who are interested in politics have the duty to further improve all the conditions of citizens. Political parties should be set up after seriously considering the questions — “Does the political party concerned have qualified members?” “If not, how is it going to nurture its members?” “Does the political have firm political programme and fundamental principles?” “How is it going to accomplish its tasks?”

Mr Chairman,

If the parties solely aim at gaining power, they will not be able to serve the public interest. We have bitter experiences of the past during which power was the prize for political leaders and the privileges were the gifts for supporters. From an organization that is within the domain of a leader or a group of people, a political party can be able to change itself into a fully democratic organization representing its members, who have the right to participate in making decisions. All the members have the duty to develop their party to reach the said level.

Mr Chairman,

A political party is a place where leaders at different levels for the nation are nurtured and produced. The tasks of the parties are to gather and nurture young men and women of all strata of life and levels of qualification who are eagerly interested in politics and organization duties and to elect and assign them to various duties democratically they are qualified for. By doing so, those young persons will be able to understand the essence of democracy and discharge the State duties well at various levels. And when the parties select and produce candidates in this way, the people will have greater opportunities to assess those candidates and elect them. Political parties as well as the persons who have no interest in and oppose politics will be held responsible for the failure to find first-class leaders. The emergence of brilliant leaders depends on public interest in politics and
Proposals of Delegate Group of National Races to be published

YANGON, Dec—Proposals of Delegate Group of National Races on detailed basic principles should be adopted for the chapters “Election”, “Political Parties” and “Provisions on State of Emergency” to be included in drafting the State Constitution made at the Plenary Session of the National Convention held at Pyidaungsu Hall of Nyaungshinupin Campin Htahtawgyi Township, Yangon Division, on 1 December, will be published in daily. —MNA

3. In accord with the law, a political party shall have the right to:
(a) organize freely;
(b) to stand for the elections.
4. Continued existence of a political party shall not be permitted if it
(a) has been declared as an unlawful organization in accord with the existing law;
(b) makes contacts with insurgents or supports and assistance to insurgents waging an armed rebellion against the State; organizations or persons the State has announced as the ones committing terrorist acts or organizations the State has declared unlawful;
(c) directly or indirectly receives financial, material and other assistance from the government or a religious organization, or any other organization or an individual person of a foreign country;
(d) abuses religion for political purpose.
5. If the body having the authority to register political parties finds that a political party is connected with any of the points stated in the above-mentioned subparagraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d), the party’s registration shall be revoked.

Mr Chairman,
One of the detailed basic principles adopted for the chapter “The State” says “Sovereignty power of the State is derived from the citizens and is in force in the whole country”. The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw formed with the people’s representatives who are elected by the people, the righteous owner of the State power, will have to elect people’s representatives who are elected by the people, the righteous owner of the State power, will have to elect

Mr Chairman,
One of the detailed basic principles adopted for the chapter “The State” says “Sovereignty power of the State is derived from the citizens and is in force in the whole country”. The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw formed with the people’s representatives who are elected by the people, the righteous owner of the State power, will have to elect the President who will exercise the executive power in addition to the legislative power. It is the highest organ of State sovereignty. The majority of the members to the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw are from political parties. So, in carrying out such tasks as forming an organization and taking organizing measures, the parties and individuals should enjoy equal right, and the rules and regulations set for the political parties are to be at the same levels. The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw is the most responsible organ to prescribe necessary laws for the political parties.

So, the point: “The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw shall enact necessary laws concerning the political parties.” should be adopted as a detailed basic principle.

Mr Chairman,
Therefore, the points proposed for the Chapter “Political Parties”—
1. Political parties set the objective — non-disintegration of the Union, non-disintegration of national solidarity and perpetuation of sovereignty.
2. A political party shall:
(a) accept and practice discipline-flourishing genuine multiparty democracy;
(b) abide by the Constitution and the existing laws;
(c) be legally registered as a political party.

Without the flourishing of genuine multiparty democracy system, the noblest and worthiest of the worldly values, namely, justice, freedom and equality will not burgeon further.

Mr Chairman, I simply hope that there will emerge political parties that are capable of producing qualified State leaders for the future nation, realizing the laws and policies that the people’s desire, avoiding political tricks, and fully exercising democracy in the party concerned. I would like to exhort the political parties to inculcate the entire people with democracy and consideration. And I am looking forward to the political parties that will come into existence through the freedom to organize and genuine multi-party democracy system. U Tin Win of Kyiakyat Township Constituency (2) will read the third part of our proposal. (Proposals on the Chapter “Provisions on State of Emergency” will be reported.)
older and disabled persons not ostracized...

(from page 1)

peoples to better understand the condition of disabled persons, to better understand the benefits of integrating disabled persons into the community and to focus on the rights and capabilities of disabled persons.

The Union of Myanmar has been participating in the noble activities for human race carried out by the UN. The nation holds the ceremony to mark the International Day of Disabled Persons on 3 December yearly to enhance the dignity and morale of disabled persons and to strive for them to be able to enjoy equal rights. The ceremony held today is the 13th of its kind, he added.

He said that according to traditions and culture of Myanmar ancestors, parents, sons and daughters and grandchildren have been living together in a family through thick and thin. It was a Myanmar tradition deeply rooted in Myanmar society that older and disabled persons have been ostracized but they are being taken care of in one way or another.

The government believes the fact that disabled persons are a national force. This being the case, it has been making efforts in all seriousness for disabled persons to enjoy equal rights with others, to create opportunity of improving their socio-economic life and to boost their morale and capability.

He said the State Peace and Development Council has been making efforts to enable Myanmar to become modern and developed one with the objective for all citizens to enjoy social happiness in peaceful atmosphere and to fully enjoy the fruits of development.

Systematic arrangements are being made for elderly people, mothers and children and the disabled who need special social care services in accord with the objectives, he added.

The government is also undertaking rehabilitation projects for the disabled at different levels through medical treatment and social activities, he added.

He said preventive measures, giving oral polio vaccine and vitamin A to children, distribution of iodized salt and leprosy and trachoma control programmes are being carried out nationwide.

National rehabilitation hospitals are being opened in Yangon and Mandalay. Besides, people’s hospitals in states and divisions are also providing treatment for the disabled. The government has opened schools for the blind, schools for the deaf, schools for the disabled adults and schools for the disabled children to care for the visually impaired, the hearing impaired, the physically disabled and the mentally retarded and is conducting programmes for their education, vocational training, social dealings and jobs under centre based system.

Social organizations on their part have opened Mary Chapman School for the deaf in Yangon, schools for the blind in Yangon, PyiOoLwin, Pakokku, Myaikyina and Meiktila, Eden School for the disabled children and Taunggyi School for the orphans and disabled children. With the system of inclusive education being practised, all the blind, deaf and disabled children all over the country have now a good opportunity to pursue their education. As a result, 13 students from the schools for the disabled passed the matriculation examination in 2005 and 15 others in 2006. They are now studying at university. It is a great honour for the disabled persons to know that the physically handicapped Ma Su Pon Chit who passed the 2005 matric exam with four distinctions is attending Yangon Technological University and the blind Ma Aye Chan Aung who passed the 2006 matric exam with three distinctions and won the whole Myanmar first in the arts combination.

With the advancing information and communication technology, knowledge based societies have been built across the world. In order for the disabled people like able people to enjoy the development of ICT, Asia-Pacific Region Disabled Decade (2003-2012) has been laid down. The UN laid down the motto “E-Accessiblity” on the International Day of Disabled Persons. Myanmar is conducting computer courses at the schools for the disabled. Now, the blind students at Kyimyindaing School for the blind are able to use computer although they had to use only cassettes and Braille in the past. Likewise, students of Khawegyan and Sagaung Schools for the blind and Mandalay and Mary Chapman Schools for the deaf are now using computers in their learning.

Arrangements are being made to publish the book on the Sign Language Dictionary Volume 1 containing 693 words for the deaf. And, the Volume 2 of the book that covers about 800 words is being compiled. Therefore, the dictionary will benefit the deaf children to have easy access to the learning of education and relationship in their society.

Myanmar is speeding up rehabilitation of the disabled persons and actively taking part in ASEAN and international sports meets and demonstrations for showing off skills and abilities of the disabled. The Myanmar Para Sports Federation, one of the members of International Paralympic Committee, participated in the regional sports meets for emergence of disabled athletes who brought honour to the State. Likewise, ministries concerned honoured and presented prizes to outstanding disabled athletes.

On 15 October every year, Yangon City Development Committee organizes the International White Cane Day, and the 15th ceremony will be held this year. Over 700 disabled students who have been taking part in the International White Cane Day yearly can increase the appreciation of the people. As part of activities in commemoration of the International Day of Disabled Persons 2006, the National Sports Committee for the Disabled was held with the participation of about 500 disabled athletes. Likewise, skills demonstrations were organized with the participation of over 360 disabled students at the schools for the disabled in Yangon.

At the ceremony, prizes will be awarded not only to outstanding athletes from various sports competitions but to 17 outstanding students from the schools for the disabled and other outstanding persons from organizations. Disabled persons were nurtured as the persons of lacking physical strength in the past. Nowadays, it is necessary to set sights on nurturing the... (See page 9)
Older and disabled persons not ostracized...

In conclusion, the Secretary-1 urged the disabled persons to work hard on self-reliant basis by showing their abilities to strive for becoming the persons who can contribute to their families and society; and to participate in nation-building tasks together with the people. Resident Representative Mr Charles James Petrie of UNDP read the message sent by the UN Secretary-General. The Secretary-1 presented prizes to the Director of Eden School for the Disabled Children, U Than Hlaing of Myanmar Federation for the Disabled, U Thein Naing of Mandalay School for the Deaf Children, Ma Aye Chan Aung of Aungban BEHS, Maung Kaung Htet San of Myitkyina BEHS and Maung Sai Soe Moe Thu of Namlian BEHS of Hsipaw.

Lt-Gen Myint Swe of the Ministry of Defence gave prizes to outstanding persons from the schools for the disabled — Maung Hein Htet of the School for the Disabled Children, Maung Aung Thu of the School for the Disabled Adults, Maung Aung San of Mandalay School for the Deaf Children, Ma Nyo Nyo Aye of Kyimyinding School for the Blind, Ma Zar Phyu Lwin of Sagaing School for the Blind, Ma Naw Shae Myar of Mary Chapman’s School for the Deaf, and Ma Khun Hsant of Khawgyawen School for the Blind.

CPT Minister leaves for Hong Kong

Minister for Communications, Posts and Telegraphs Brig-Gen Thein Zaw being seen off at the airport. — MNA

Nay Pyi Taw, 3 Dec—Minister for Communications, Posts and Telegraphs Brig-Gen Thein Zaw on 1 December left for Hong Kong to participate in ITU Telecom World 2006 to be held in Hong Kong from 4 to 8 December. The minister was seen off at Nay Pyi Taw Airport by Minister for Hotels and Tourism Maj-Gen Soe Naing, Minister for Transport Maj-Gen Thein Swe and Minister for Livestock and Fisheries Brig-Gen Maung Maung Thein.

Brig-Gen Thein Zaw was accompanied by Commandant of Signals Workshop under the Directorate of Signals Lt-Col Myint Oo of the Ministry of Defence and Assistant Director U Tin Huy of the Ministry of Communications, Posts and Telegraphs. — MNA

Minister for Electric Power

No 1 inspects hydel power projects

Nay Pyi Taw, 3 Dec—Minister for Electric Power No 1 Col Zaw Min on 1 December morning inspected Kyunchaung hydel power project. Officials reported on progress of work, building of main embankment, placing of steel pipe lines, construction of spillway and water-intake cility. After hearing the reports, the minister who fulfilled the requirements. Next, the minister looked into earth work for the main embankment and gave instructions on timely completion and meeting the set standards. After that, the minister inspected the construction of tunnel and spillway and attended to the needs.

Sixty percent of the project was completed and on completion, it will be able to generate by 60 megawatt of electricity. Afterwards, the minister and party arrived at the Pyu creek hydel power project seven miles west of Pyu Township and inspected earth work, construction of benching and diversion weir and fulfilled the needs. On completion, the hydel power plant will be able to supply 121 million kilowatt hour of electricity annually.

Later, the minister proceeded to Kabaung hydel power project about 15 miles west of Ottwin Township where officials concerned reported on the construction of water-intake and sluice gate, building of hydel power plant and placing of steel pipe lines and attended to the needs.

Next, the minister met with foreign experts and officials and gave instructions on timely arrival of imported machineng and timely completion of the tasks according to schedule. Seventy three per cent the project was completed 73 percent. And on completion, it will be able to generate 120 million kilowatt hour of electricity. — MNA

Minister Col Zaw Min inspects Kabaung hydel power project. — MNA

Minister for Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement Maj-Gen Maung Maung Swe presented prizes to two sporting teams that won medals in the Special Olympic International, the soccer team that bagged medals in the special olympic soccer tournament in Bangkok of Thailand in 2006 and the sport team that secured three gold, five silver and two bronze medals in the Special Olympic Invitational Track and Field Competition in Shanghai of the People’s Republic of China in October 2006. Resident Representatives of UN agencies and departmental officials also gave prizes to winners in the activities in commemoration of the International Day of Disabled Persons 2006.

Minister for SWRR Maj-Gen Maung Maung Swe accepted K 1 million donated by Dr Aung Lwin-Daw Thet Sandra (Pyae Phyo Tun International) for providing stipends to five BEHS level students of the training schools of Social Welfare Department. Next, the minister presented one-wheel chair each to Ma Gin Ngak Din of MWAF and Ma Thuza of MMCA.

Later, disabled children entertained those present with songs and dances. — MNA
**Minister goes on inspection tour of Htankai test wells of oil and gas field in Minhla**

**YANGON, 3 Dec** — Under the cultural exchange programme between Myanmar and India, a five-member Indian magician group led by Mr Subhash Parekh performed a magic show at National Theater on Myoma Kyaung Street yesterday evening.

Departmental officials, First Secretary Mr Rai Srivastava and staff of Indian Embassy, diplomats and guests viewed the performance of the group.

Firstly, Deputy Director-General Daw Nanda Hmone and the first secretary lit the torch. After the show, the deputy director-general and the first secretary presented a banquet to the group.

The performance of the group will be presented on 4 December at National Theater on Myoma Kyaung Street in Yangon and on 5 December at 6 pm at Mandalay National Theater. — MNA

**Magic skills demonstrated**


At Shwemadaw Pagoda, the NC delegates offered light, flowers and joss sticks to the pagoda and presented cash donations. Next, they also paid homage to Hinthagon Pagoda, Culumuni Pagoda and Shwethalyaung Buddha Image and presented cash donations for the pagodas. They visited Kanbawzathadi Golden Palace and Bago Archaeological Museum.

NC delegates visited Shwedagon Pagoda this morning.

Christian NC delegates attended service at Wa Baptist Church in Mayangon Township. — MNA

**Officials urged to make arrangements to offer gold foils to Shwephonepwint Pagoda**

**YANGON, 3 Dec** — Minister for Energy Brig-Gen Lun Thi went on an inspection tour of Htankai oil and gas field in Minhla. — MNA

**Minister for Energy Brig-Gen Lun Thi inspects samples of crude oil of Kanhtoo-2 test well, Minhla. — MNA**

**NAY PYI TAW, 3 Dec** — Minister for Energy Brig-Gen Lun Thi together with responsible personnel went on an inspection tour of Htankai test well in Minhla Township, Magway Division on 1 December.

At the briefing hall, Project Manager U Win Swe briefed the minister on progress in drilling oil and gas. Managing Director of Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise U Myint Kyi gave supplementary reports on arrangements to be made for exploration of oil and natural gas.

After hearing the reports, the minister urged service personnel to strive for exploration of oil and gas in Htankai test wells of oil and gas region and which will help boost production of oil in the country. Next, the minister laid down the plans to drill test wells in Htankai region and presented cash prize to the service personnel who successfully drilled Kanhtoo-2 test well.

Afterwards, the minister inspected progress in drilling oil wells. Kanhtoo-2 test oil well produces 50 barrel of crude oil a day. The whole Htankai test oil well region produces 200 barrels of crude oil a day.

The next day the minister inspected oil well No. 655 in Minbu, Magway Division. General Manager U Kyi Shein briefed the minister on preparation for drilling oil wells. In response to the reports, the minister gave instructions on timely completion of drilling wells and future tasks. Afterwards, the minister looked into preparations for drilling well No 655, physic nut plantations in Mann oil field. — MNA

**Shwephonepwint Pagoda’s all-round renovation central committee meeting in progress. — MNA**

**NC delegates visit pagodas, Kanbawzathadi Golden Palace in Bago**


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NC delegates visited Shwedagon Pagoda this morning.

Christian NC delegates attended service at Wa Baptist Church in Mayangon Township. — MNA
India’s GDP inches toward 9% growth in 2006-07, up 9.2% in Q2

NEW DELHI, 1 Dec — Raising hopes of an overall 9-per-cent growth in 2006-07, Indian economy grew by a robust 9.2 per cent in second quarter on the back of strong manufacturing output while shrugging off a slowdown in farm sector.

The economy advanced by 9.1 per cent in the first six months of this fiscal, the highest for the April-September period in any year since 1991-92.

The gross domestic product of India, Asia’s fourth largest economy, had recorded an 8.4 per cent growth in the second quarter of 2005-06.

Manufacturing, which contributes 17 per cent in the GDP, rose at a brisk pace of 11.9 per cent in July-September 2006 as against 8.1 per cent in the same period of 2005-06. Growth in the agriculture sector, however, slowed down to 1.7 per cent during the second quarter of this fiscal compared to 4.0 per cent in the corresponding period of last fiscal.

Agriculture accounts for about a fifth of the Indian economy and employs more than 60 per cent of the population. Within services, trade, hotels, transport and communications grew at 13.9 per cent during the second quarter against 11.0 per cent during Q2 of 2005-06.

Financing, insurance, real estate and business services grew 9.5 per cent against 10.5 per cent last year, while community, social and personal services slowed down to 6.9 per cent against and 8.0 per cent in second quarter of 2005-06.

Rate of growth in construction sector declined to 9.8 per cent from 12.3 per cent during the same period last year.

Power, gas and water utility sectors grew at 7.7 per cent against 2.6 per cent in the same period last year. Mining sector at 3.1 per cent, compared to a negative growth of 2.6 per cent during July-September last year.

Suicide bombings kill 244 in Afghanistan

KABUL, 1 Dec— Suicide bombings launched by militants have killed 244 persons including 17 foreign soldiers in Afghanistan this year, a spokesman of the NATO-led International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) said Wednesday.

“Two hundred and twenty seven Afghans have been denied a future by suicide bombers this year along with 17 international soldiers here to secure the future of Afghans,” Major Luke Knittig told a Press conference.

However, he did not say the number of suicide blasts. In recent cases, a suicide bombing on Monday killed two Canadian soldiers of ISAF near Kandahar City, capital of the southern Kandahar Province, while another one killed 15 civilians in a restaurant of Barmal District in the eastern Pakhtika Province on Sunday.—MNA/Xinhua

ASEM agrees to strengthen ICT cooperation

HANOI, 2 Dec— Ministers and delegates from ASEM members, at a meeting on information and communication technology (ICT) concluding here Friday, shared experience and agreed to boost cooperation on utilizing ICT in human resource development and capacity building programmes.

Delegates to the 1st ASEM (Asia-Europe Meeting) ICT Ministerial Meeting encouraged initiatives and activities to enhance enterprises’ ICT capabilities, and cooperation on ICT application among educational facilities and local communities, according to the meeting’s joint media statement.

They also expressed their support to new initiatives that enable users to effectively utilize information tools and services to address outstanding needs, including those regarding health issues and financial transfers, said the statement.

The delegates welcomed joint efforts on digital interoperability and convergence, and ICT-enabled public services, and initiatives to strengthen digital security and enable authentication, traceability and verifiability in e-transactions, in support of trust and integrity for individual users.

They emphasized the need of facilitating close participation and contributions by the ICT business community in developing and implementing ASEM ICT cooperative programmes.

MNA/Xinhua

Dozens killed in Iraqi bombings

BAGHDAD, 2 Dec— At least 50 people have been killed in three car bomb blasts in the centre of the Iraqi capital, Baghdad, police say.

More than 80 were wounded when the three cars exploded in quick succession in a busy shopping area of the city.

The violence came as Iraqi and US forces raided guerrilla strongholds in the city of Baquba, arresting more than 30 suspected guerrillas.

The blasts came only two days after US President George W Bush met Iraqi Prime Minister Nouri Maliki to discuss ways of tackling the sectarian violence.

The explosions occurred in the predominately Shia al-Sadriya area of the city.

The bombs were about 100m apart and exploded almost simultaneously, police Lt Ali Muhsin told the Associated Press news agency.—Internet

A resident inspects galvanized iron which was swept by Typhoon Durian after hitting the Saranggani town in Quezon Province, south of Manila on 1 Dec, 2006.—Xinhua
Oslo, 1 Dec — Carvings about 70,000 years old on a snake-like rock in a cave in Botswana indicate that Stone Age people developed religious rituals far earlier than previously believed, a researcher said Thursday.

Ancestors of Botswana’s San people apparently ground away at a natural outcrop near two metres high and 6 metres long (6 by 20 feet) to heighten its similarity to a python’s head and body, said Sheila Coulson, an associate professor at Oslo University.

“We believe this is the earliest archaeological proof of religion,” Coulson, a Canadian expert in Stone Age tools, told Reuters of findings made during a trip in mid-2006 to the Tsoiolo Hills in northwestern Botswana.

The previous oldest archaeological evidence of religious worship is about 40,000 years old from European caves. The Botswana find bolsters evidence that modern humans originated in Africa, along with religion and culture.

Coulson said the python-like rock had 300-400 carved indentations. In flickering firelight, the patterns might have seemed like scales and given the impression of movement to the rock as part of some sacred rite.

Scores of carved stone items, including 115 points and 22 burnt red spearheads, were abandoned on the floor of the cave beneath the snake-like rock. Many had been brought more than 200 kilometres (125 miles) across the Kalahari Desert.

The snake symbol runs through all the mythologies, stories, cultures, languages of southern Africa,” Coulson said. The cave, with a floor of 26 square metres (280 square feet), was not known to archaeologists until the 1990s.

In San mythology, humankind descended from a python, and ancient streambeds nearby were believed to have been created by a shake slithering across the hills in search of water.

The archaeologists, with Coulson leading a team funded by a Norwegian research programme and Tromsø University and Nick Walker heading a team from the University of Botswana, found stone tools when they dug a pit two metres deep below the snake.

They estimated that the artefacts were 70,000 years old, based on comparisons with carved stones found in other well-dated sites in Botswana.

After the tragedy, the court ruled that the company was an unregistered business and that the company was owned by the brothers who came from.

Efforts to find out the truth of the infection is impeded because all the apparatus had been taken away and the operating room had been disinfected after the operation, and all the one-off materials had been destroyed.

The cataract operations were illegally carried out between the hospital and the Shanghai Shunchunyang Science and Technology Trading Co where the two brothers came from. Investigation showed that the company was an unregistered company owned by the brothers who posed as doctors and said they could offer the best medical treatment for cataracts.

After the tragedy, the Anhui Provincial Department of Public Health confiscated 318,600 yuan (40,586 US dollars) that the hospital collected for the illegal operations.

Botswana “snake rock” may show Stone Age religion

Surgeons jailed in China for nine patients to lose eyeballs

Ankara, 2 Dec Turkish security forces have seized a large amount of explosives and weapons in recent operations against the outlawed Kurdish Workers’ Party (PKK) in the southeastern province of Sirnak, the semi-official Anatolia news agency reported on Friday.

Security forces launched operations against the PKK in Bestler Dereler region of the province.

A total of 123 kilograms of TNT type explosives, 52 RPG-7 rockets, 46 grenades, 64 Đuко anti-aircraft ammo and six Kalashnikov assault rifles were seized, the report said.

A surgeon who operated the ultrasonic emulsification apparatus was sentenced to five years in jail and fined 200,000 yuan (25,478 US dollars) for the same reason.

Another surgeon who performed the eye operation, named Xu Qing, from the No 9 People’s Hospital of Shanghai, however, will not be severely punished because investigators did not think the accident was caused by his malpractice.

Although the reasons why the patients’ eyes were infected with Bacillus pyocyaneus have not been found out, the brothers’ actions directly led to the eyeball removals of nine cataract patients, said the local court.

Sui Guorong, a surgeon who extracted the artificial crystals from ten cataract patients at the Suzhou City Hospital on 11 December in 2005, was sentenced to six years in jail and fined 300,000 yuan (38,217 US dollars) for practising medicine without a licence.

His brother Sui Guo-jiang who operated the ultrasonic emulsification apparatus was sentenced to five years in jail and fined 200,000 yuan (25,478 US dollars) for the same reason.

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MNA/Xinhua

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MNA/Xinhua
Singapore’s aerospace industry enjoys strong growth

SINGAPORE, 2 Dec — Singapore’s aerospace industry enjoys strong growth, especially in maintenance, repair and overhaul (MRO) services, said Raymond Lim, Minister for Transport, at a ceremony of Singapore Airlines’ new facilities on Friday.

In 2005, Singapore accounted for about 25 per cent of the Asian MRO market share and six per cent of the international market share. Its overall aerospace industry registered an output of 5.2 billion Singapore dollars (about 3.3 billion US dollars), with MRO services contributing 90 per cent of the total output and employing over 14,000 people.

He said that Singapore’s success as an aerospace hub is founded on three key factors. First, Changi Airport’s strong traffic throughput and connectivity not only contributes to the demand for MRO services but also enables aircraft parts to be sent to Singapore, be repaired, and be sent back to airlines quickly.

Singapore’s pro-business regulatory environment also facilitates the certification required for MRO services, hence resulting in cost and time savings, said Lim, adding that Singapore’s ready pool of skilled manpower has supported the growth of Singapore-based MRO companies.

The global aerospace industry has performed strongly in the past few years on the back of the strong growth in global air travel and aircraft orders, particularly in Asia. — MNA/Xinhua

China to launch second geostationary orbit weather satellite

BEIJING, 2 Dec — China will launch its second geostationary orbit meteorological satellite, Fengyun-2 D on 8 December, according to the China Meteorological Administration.

Yang Jun, director of the National Satellite Meteorological Centre under the China Meteorological Administration, said on Friday that the Fengyun-2 D will form a twin-star observation system with Fengyun-2 C, China’s first geostationary orbit weather satellite which was sent to orbit on 19 October, 2004.

The two satellites have their own observation tasks, and at the same time, they can stand by each other in case of malfunction of either of them, Yang said. The Fengyun-2 D will also enlarge the geostationary weather observation range and improve the forecast and monitoring on disastrous weather, Yang said. — MNA/Xinhua

Microsoft launches Windows Vista to business customers

WASHINGTON, 2 Dec — Microsoft launched Windows Vista, the long-awaited update to the software giant’s ubiquitous operating system, for business customers on Thursday.

The company also announced new versions of its Office software suite and Exchange Server messaging system, CNN reported.

“This is the biggest launch in our company’s history,” said Microsoft Chief Executive Officer Steve Ballmer, noting that Vista and Office 2007 are the most significant releases for the company’s flagship products.

“The launch of Vista has been delayed for several times, and consumers, unlike business customers, will be unable to get their hands on a copy of the software until the end of January, 2007. Microsoft contends that Vista will make computers more secure, powerful and graphically dynamic especially when combined with other products Microsoft is releasing simultaneously.

The most noticeable changes in Vista involve three-dimensional graphics and much better search capabilities, but the software also incorporates huge changes behind the scenes. Programmes have less access to the core of the operating system, closing a vulnerability that malicious hackers have giddily exploited in the past. Vista also includes basic anti-virus software.

Analysts expect the roll out of the first update to the Windows operating system in five years, along with the new version of Office, to drive Microsoft’s revenue in 2007.

IT market research firm IDC expects Microsoft to ship some 90 million units of Vista next year. Individual consumers are expected to lead the uptake of the new system, while corporate users will probably wait longer to upgrade, IDC said.

MNA/Xinhua

Conjoined girls separated in S-E China

FUZHOU, 2 Dec — Chinese surgeons on Thursday successfully separated the country’s youngest pair of conjoined twins.

The 28-day-old sisters from southeastern China’s Fujian Province weighed five kilogrammes and were connected from abdomen to pubis. They shared alimentary canal, urinary system and genital system.

“They are the youngest twins to go through such an operation,” said Li Dumiao, chief surgeon of the paediatric department of the No. 1 Hospital affiliated to the Fujian Medical University, where the operation was performed.

Surnamed Chen, the girls are from a family in Naping City of Fujian. Doctors from the hospital donated 5,000 yuan for the girls’ treatment.

Conjoined twins occur among every 50,000 to 100,000 births, and the separation surgery is complicated and risky. The twins are under close surveillance in an intensive care unit. They still face post-surgery risks, such as infections. — MNA/Xinhua

The New Light of Myanmar
**SPORTS**

**Chinese sharpshooters clean-sweep 6 golds**

DOHA, 3 Dec—Chinese shooters went off to a highly flying start to their Asian Games campaign as they made a clean sweep of all six shooting gold medals at stake on Saturday. The trio of Olympic champion Zhu Qinan, Li Jie and Liu Tianyou combined for 1,786 points to win the men’s 10m air rifle. The 24-year-old college student scored 102.8 points in the 10-shot final for a final tally of 700.8 points.

**Everton defeats West Ham United**

LIVERPOOL, 3 Dec—Everton moved to within a point of a Champions League place after they beat struggling West Ham at Goodison Park.

Everton went ahead early in the second half when Leon Osman guided a volley past Robert Green after West Ham had had the better chances in the opening half, notably when Lee Bowyer was thwarted by a Tim Howard save after good work by Carlos Tevez.

After Osman scored, Howard made an important save to beat away substitute Marlon Harewood’s powerful shot. The win moved Everton to within a point of Arsenal and Portsmouth, who are in third and fourth place respectively.

Defeat left West Ham a point ahead of third-from-bottom Newcastle and without a league goal away from home for over three months.

The frustration for West Ham was that in Tevez the visitors probably had the game’s most dangerous attacking player.

Tevez has yet to score since arriving at West Ham, but at a dank and windy Goodison his skill and invention constantly illuminated the game and provided encouraging signs he is starting to settle in England.—INTERNET

**Answers to yesterday’s Crossword Puzzle**

**DOHA, 3 Dec—Chinese Li Ping beat a field of strongwomen to win the women’s 53kg weightlifting gold medal at the 15th Asian Games here on Saturday.**

Li Ping snatched up 98kg and lifted 126kg for a winning total of 224kg for the gold medal. Junpim Kuntatean of Thailand took the silver medal in 221kg, while the bronze medal went to Yu Wei Li of Hong Kong who beat Rama Lisa Rumbewas of Indonesia on body weight.—MNA/Xinhua

**West Ham United’s Carlos Tevez, left, turns away from Andy van der Meyde of Everton during their English Premier League soccer match at Goodison Park Stadium, Liverpool, England, on Sunday 3 Dec, 2006.—INTERNET**

**China sweeps gymnastics men’s team title in Asian history**

DOHA, 3 Dec—China took the incredible ninth consecutive win in Asiad men’s gymnastics team competition in Doha on Saturday, beating arch rival Japan with 377.100 points.

China featured its “dream team” back from Aarhus gymnastic worlds where they upset Russia by 2,375 points to snatch the team title. Japan finished third in Aarhus for two serious errors made by all-around specialist Hironori Tomita.

In Doha, Japan was downed by China again with a gap of 4.05 points and South Korea achieved 371.500 points to stand third.

Although Chinese former Olympic champions Huang Xu, Li Xiaopeng and Teng Haibin did not come due to injury, the Chinese men’s gymnastic team dominated the Asian arena.

“I am very relaxed during the match. I don’t think it’s a surprise at all to win the team title as we just committed to our training after the world championship and our coach arranged good preparation for the Asian Games,” said Yang Wei, the newly-crowned triple world champion.

**Tong restores China’s dominance in women’s over 78kg**

DOHA, 3 Dec—Chinese rising judo star Tong Wen swiftly grabbed a gold medal at the Doha Asiad on Saturday in a one-minute duel, showing her dominance in over 78kg contest.

“Chinese women’s judo players over 78kg always shoulder heavy responsibility,” Tong said. “This is first day of judo competition at the Doha Asian Games, and I am glad to give our team a good start.”

China dominates women’s judo competition in over 78kg and open level for a long time. Four Chinese players grabbed the gold medals of over 78kg at the Olympic Games in 1988 (exhibition), 1992, 1996, 2000, respectively.

But in 2004, China lost the gold medal at Athens Olympic games. Tong is considered the best hope for China to regain the dominance in women’s judo over 78 kg category. Tong did well.

At the age of 23, Tong snatched gold medals at 2002 Busan Asian Games as well as judo world championships.

**Li Ping of China wins women’s 53kg weightlifting Asiad gold**

DOHA, 3 Dec—Chinese Li Ping beat a field of strongwomen to win the women’s 53kg weightlifting gold medal at the 15th Asian Games here on Saturday.

Li Ping snatched up 98kg and lifted 126kg for a winning total of 224kg for the gold medal. Junpim Kuntatean of Thailand took the silver medal in 221kg, while the bronze medal went to Yu Wei Li of Hong Kong who beat Rama Lisa Rumbewas of Indonesia on body weight.—MNA/Xinhua

**Meryl Davis and Charlie White of the US perform during their ice dancing free dance at the ISU Grand Prix of Figure Skating-NHK Trophy in Nagano, central Japan on 2 Dec, 2006.—INTERNET**

**Premier League soccer match at The JJB Stadium, Liverpool, England, on 2 Dec, 2006.**

Liverpool’s Steven Gerrard, left, gets the better of Wigan Athletic’s Paul Scharner during their English Premier League soccer match at The JJB Stadium, Wigan, England, on 2 Dec, 2006.—INTERNET

**“The New Light of Myanmar” Monday, 4 December, 2006

**Internet**
China’s first biomass-fired power plant goes into operation

JINAN, 3 Dec —China’s first biomass-fired power plant, with an installed generating capacity of 25,000 kilowatts, went into commercial operation in east China’s Shandong Province on Friday.

Located in Shanzhuan County, the 300-million-yuan (35.7 million US dollars) plant burns 150,000 to 200,000 tons of cotton stalks, tree branches, orchard and forestry waste annually. It can generate 160 million kilowatt-hours of electricity a year, saving the equivalent of 400,000 tons of coal. Local farmers and biomass enterprises can earn about 40 million yuan from the project each year. The amount of carbon dioxide produced by a 25,000-kilowatt biomass-fired power plant annually is 100,000 tons less than that discharged by a thermal power plant with the same capacity. The ash of the burned biomass is high quality potash fertilizer.

The Chinese Government has attached great importance to the development of clean energy projects in recent years, including wind power and solar power and biomass-fired power plants.

The government has approved the construction of over 30 biomass power plants, some of which are under construction and some will begin construction by the end of the year.

The Shanzhuan plant is funded by the National Bio Energy Co Ltd, a subsidiary of the State Grid Corporation of China, which is in charge of the power grid covering northern China, or the areas to the north of the Yangtze River. State Grid has been given the green light by the government to build 22 biomass power plants, including 15 with a combined installed capacity of 350,000 kilowatts that are under construction.

MNA/Xinhua

Fantastic fireworks is displayed during the opening ceremony of the 15th Asian Games at the Khalifa Stadium in Doha, Qatar, on 1 Dec, 2006. —INTERNET

WEATHER

Sunday, 3 December, 2006
Summary of observations recorded at 09:30 hours MST: During the past 24 hours, except for the isolated light rain has been in Taninthayi Division, weather has been generally fair in the remaining whole country. The noteworthy amount of rainfall was Myeik (0.43) inch. Night temperatures were (5°C) to (6°C) below normal in Chin State and upper Sagaing Division, (3°C) to (4°C) below normal in Kachin, Rakhae and Kayah States, Magway and Yangon Divisions, (3°C) to (4°C) above normal in Mon State and Taninthayi Division and about normal in the remaining areas. The significant night temperatures were Haka (-2°C), Pinlaung and Mogok (4°C) each.

Maximum temperature on 2-12-2006 was 94°F. Minimum temperature on 3-12-2006 was 65°F. Relative humidity at 09:30 hours MST on 3-12-2006 was 83%. Total sunshine hours on 2-12-2006 was (8.3) hours approx.

Rainfalls on 3-12-2006 were (Nil) at Mingalardon, Kaba-Aye and Central Yangon. Total rainfalls since 1-1-2006 were (98.46) inches at Mingalardon and (111.61) inches at Kaba-Aye and (116.69) inches at Central Yangon. Maximum wind speed at Yangon (Kaba-Aye) was (10) mph from Northwest at 11:30 hours MST on 2-12-2006.

Bay inference: Weather is partly cloudy in the Andaman Sea and the Southwest Bay and generally fair elsewhere in the Bay of Bengal.

Forecast valid until evening of 4-12-2006: Isolated light rain are likely in Mon and Kayin States and Taninthayi Division and weather will be generally fair in the remaining states and divisions. Degree of certainty is (60%).

State of the Sea: Seas will be slight in Myanmar waters.

Outlook for subsequent two days: Likelihood of isolated rain in the Southern Myanmar areas.

Forecast for Nay Pyi Taw and neighbouring areas for 4-12-2006: Fair weather.

Forecast for Yangon and neighbouring areas for 4-12-2006: Fair weather.

Forecast for Mandalay and neighbouring areas for 4-12-2006: Fair weather.
Lt-Gen Myint Swe sees off
Myanmar Tatmadaw rally team

Lt-Gen Myint Swe of Ministry of Defence gives instructions to Myanmar Tatmadawmen before their departure for India. — MNA

YANGON, 3 Dec — Lt-Gen Myint Swe of the Ministry of Defence met a 11-member team of Tatmadawmen led by Lt-Col Sein Than of the Ministry of Defence who will take part in the Friendly Rally Driving between armed forces of Myanmar and India to be held in New Delhi, India from 5 to 28 December at the lounge of Yangon International Airport here this afternoon. Also present on the occasion were Chairman of Yangon Division Peace and Development Council Commander of Yangon Command Brig-Gen Hla Hlay Win, senior military officers and athletes.

At the meeting, Lt-Gen Myint Swe said that the rally driving is the first of its kind between armed forces of Myanmar and India. Hence, Tatmadawmen are to take part in the rally to the best of their ability so that they can enhance the prestige of the State and Tatmadaw and further cement friendship between armed forces of the two countries.

At 2.30 pm, Lt-Gen Myint Swe, the commander and senior military officers saw off the athletes at the airport. — MNA

A&I Minister inspects pedigree farm in Kyaikto Township

NAYPYITAW, 3 Dec — Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation Maj-Gen Hlay Oo together with officials heard reports on the amount of fruits produced from the oil palm plantations, production of crude palm oil and growing of oil palm and mango by Managing Director U Kyi Win of Myanma Perennial Crops Enterprise and officials, and gave necessary instructions at the briefing hall of the research and pedigree farm in Ingabo Village, Kyaikhto Township, on 1 December.

Next, the minister met with members of Township Agricultural Coordination Committee and called on development of the agricultural sector.

In the evening, the minister and party inspected construction tasks of Kataik Dam Project being implemented in Paung Township and thriving rubber plantations near the dam. The minister heard reports presented by an official and also met with members of State/District/Township Agriculture Coordination Committees.

Kataik Dam, across Kataik Creek, is 134 feet high and 5,200 feet long. The dam has two conduit canals, each of which is 650 feet long. Spillway of the dam is 810 feet long and 60 feet wide. Its water storage capacity is 56,000 acre feet and it can irrigate 10,000 acres. A total of 95 per cent of the construction task of conduit canal, spillway and control tower were completed and 12,182 acre feet of water have been stored in the dam. The remaining tasks are being implemented at full capacity. The irrigation facilities will contribute a lot to summer paddy plantations. — MNA