

Facts on Human Rights Violations in Burma 1998

1. Extra-judicial, Summary, or Arbitrary Executions
 - 1.1. Background
 - 1.2. Death in custody
 - 1.3. List of incidents
2. Arbitrary Detention and Enforced or Involuntary Disappearances
 - 2.1. Background
 - 2.2. Human rights and SPDC laws
 - 2.2.1. Breaking its own laws: The case of U Thein Aung
 - 2.3. Partial list of the NLD MPs elect and members arrested in 1998
 - 2.4. Massive arrest of NLD supporters
 - 2.5. Arrest of student activists
 - 2.5.1. Long sentences for writing history of the student movement
 - 2.6. Partial list of the activists arrested in 1998
 - 2.7. Partial list of the civilians arrested in 1998
 - 2.8. Death sentence on the activists
 - 2.9. Arrest of 54 people for peaceful civil disobedience and long prison sentences
 - 2.10. Arrest of foreign activists
 - 2.11. Denial of fair public trial
 - 2.12. Life in prisons
 - 2.13. Transfer of political prisoners
 - 2.14. Death in prisons
 - 2.15. Health concern for the political prisoners
3. Rights of Child
 - 3.1. Background
 - 3.2. The social and health situation of children in Burma
 - 3.3. Education of children in Burma
 - 3.4. Child soldiers
 - 3.4.1. Army volunteers
 - 3.5. Child forced labor
 - 3.6. Child sex workers
 - 3.7. Life as an illegal immigrant child from Burma
4. Forced Portering and Labor
 - 4.1. Background
 - 4.2. Portering
 - 4.3. Forced labor for the military base
 - 4.4. Forced labor at the army's "Income Generation Projects"

- 4.5. Infrastructure development and maintenance
- 4.6. Yadana natural gas pipeline project
- 4.7. Prison labor
- 4.8. Partial list of 1998 forced labor projects
- 4.9. Incidents of forced labor by region
 - 4.9.1. Tenasserim Division
 - 4.9.2. Mon State
 - 4.9.3. Shan State
 - 4.9.4. Karen State
- 4.10. List of individual incidents in 1998

- 5. Forced Relocation and Internally Displaced Persons
 - 5.1. Background
 - 5.2. Relocation in Shan State
 - 5.3. Life in the relocation sites in Shan State
 - 5.4. Relocation in Karenni State
 - 5.5. Life in the relocation sites in Karenni State
 - 5.6. Karen State
 - 5.7. Tenasserim Division
 - 5.8. List of incidents

- 6. Deprivation of Livelihood
 - 6.1. Background
 - 6.2. Situation of farmers in Burma
 - 6.3. Unfair levies and taxes
 - 6.3.1. Labor taxes
 - 6.3.2. Porter taxes
 - 6.4. Situation in northern Pa-an district, Karen State
 - 6.5. Situation of southern Pa-an district, Karen State
 - 6.6. Situation in Taungoo district, Pegu Division
 - 6.7. Situation in Nyaunglebin district, Pegu Division
 - 6.8. Situation in Papun district, Karen State
 - 6.9. Situation in Thaton district, Mon State
 - 6.10. Situation in Shan State
 - 6.11. Situation in Karenni State
 - 6.12. List of incidents

- 7. Rights of Minorities
 - 7.1. Background
 - 7.2. Threats to cease-fire groups for their support of the NLD
 - 7.3. Forcible closure of Mon national schools
 - 7.4. Meeting for Shan New Year disturbed

- 8. Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman, Degrading Treatment or Punishment
 - 8.1. Background

- 8.2. Solitary confinement
 - 8.2.1. Beatings
 - 8.2.2. Ill-treatment during forced portering and labor
 - 8.2.3. Other forms of ill-treatment during forced labor
- 8.3. List of incidents
- 9. Freedom of Belief and Religious Discrimination
 - 9.1. Background
 - 9.2. SPDC's control over Buddhism
 - 9.3. Arrest of Buddhist monks in 1998
 - 9.3.1. Treatment of Buddhist monks in detention
 - 9.3.2. Monks tortured and killed
 - 9.4. SPDC's disrespect for all religious
 - 9.5. Religious discrimination against Christianity
 - 9.5.1. Restrictions on Catholic prayer meetings
 - 9.5.2. Blocking centennial celebrations in Chin State
 - 9.6. List of incidents
- 10. Freedom of Opinion, Expression and the Press
 - 10.1. Background
 - 10.2. Words of warning to the editors
 - 10.3. SPDC's media: Tools to attack NLD and foreign countries
 - 10.4. SPDC: Enemy of the press
 - 10.5. SPDC's laws restricting freedom of expression
 - 10.6. Sentencing for conducting interview with BBC: the case of Daw San San
- 11. Freedom of Assembly and Association
 - 11.1. Background
 - 11.2. Mounting Pressure on NLD and its gatherings
 - February 12 Union Day celebration
 - May 27 Election victory celebration
 - Daw Aung San Suu Kyi's birthday on June 19
 - Forced rallies denouncing NLD and Daw Aung San Suu Kyi
 - 11.3. Suppression on the student-led peaceful demonstration
 - 11.4. Freedom of association
 - Pressure on the NLD
 - Massive arrest of the NLD MPs and supporters
 - 11.5. Forced resignation
 - Irrawaddy Division
 - Magwe Division
 - Mandalay Division
 - Sagaing Division
 - 11.6. No free and independent Trade Unions
 - 11.7. SPDC-run NGOs in Burma

12. Freedom of Movement
 - 12.1. Background
 - 12.2. Restriction of movement on the NLD MPs-elect
 - 12.3. Harassment of NLD's "reading session"
 - 12.4. Restriction on the movements of Daw Aung San Suu Kyi
13. Abuse of Women
 - 13.1. Background
 - 13.2. Women in politics
 - 13.3. Partial lists of women political prisoners arrested in 1998
 - 13.4. Women and forced labor
 - 13.5. Rape and sexual violence by the military
 - 13.6. Incidents of rape and sexual assault by the military
 - 13.6.1. The situation of refugee women
 - 13.6.2. Burmese women migrant workers in Thailand
 - 13.6.3. Burmese women sex workers in Thailand
 - 13.6.4. Burmese women and HIV/AIDS
 - 13.7. Rape of women list
14. The Refugee Situation and Forced Repatriation
 - 14.1. Background
 - 14.2. Situation of Karen refugees
 - 14.3. Attack on the refugee camps inside Thailand in 1998
 - 14.3.1. Huay Kaloke refugee camp
 - 14.3.2. Bae Klaw (a) Mae La refugee camp
 - 14.3.3. Mawkel refugee camp
 - 14.3.4. Current status of the camps attacked in 1998
 - 14.3.5. Refugees from Burma killed by Thai security forces in 1998
 - 14.4. Karenni refugees: Continuing flight of villagers to Thailand
 - 14.5. Situation of Shan refugees in Thailand
 - 14.6. Thai policy on refugees from Burma
 - 14.7. Arrest and harassment of Burmese opposition groups in Thailand
 - 14.8. Thai policy on migrant workers from Burma
 - 14.9. Discrimination against the Rohingya in Burma
 - 14.10. Situation of Rohingya Refugees in Bangladesh