Announcement of Union Election Commission

27 April 2021

1. Regarding the Multiparty General Election held on 8 November 2020, the Union Election Commission has inspected the voter lists and the casting of votes of Kawa, Letpadan and Okpo townships of Bago Region.

2. Findings in respective townships were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
<th>Township and numbers of polling stations</th>
<th>Township sub-commission</th>
<th>List from Immigration department</th>
<th>Those involved in voting list without citizenship scrutiny cards</th>
<th>Those involved in voter list more than three times holding one CSC</th>
<th>Those involved in voter list more than two times holding one CS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>169 polling stations in Kawa township of Bago Region</td>
<td>158,659</td>
<td>157,287</td>
<td>31,341</td>
<td>1,025</td>
<td>14,654</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>176 polling stations in Letpadan township of Bago Region</td>
<td>138,462</td>
<td>128,134</td>
<td>21,249</td>
<td>1,120</td>
<td>14,724</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>126 polling stations in Okpo township of Bago Region</td>
<td>104,127</td>
<td>106,265</td>
<td>16,704</td>
<td>545</td>
<td>9,782</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rice mills, rubber factories contribute to livelihoods of local people in Myeik District

OK Yadana Rice Mill operates the production and distribution of rice in the Myeik District of the Taninthayi Region. Likewise, Po La Min Rubber Industrial Company Ltd is also producing the finished rubber products in the district.

OK Yadana Rice Mill, located in Kyaukphyu Village of Myeik Township, focuses on distributing high yield paddy seeds suitable for the region to the local farmers, purchasing paddy from farmers and rice sales in Myeik District. In running the rice mill, it uses a paddy dryer to make paddy dry before storage. It generates electricity with the use of paddy husk.

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The crumb rubber factory produces 1,350 tonnes of finished rubber products per month to export it to China, Malaysia and Singapore.

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Republic of the Union of Myanmar
State Administration Council
Nine Objectives

1. Political affairs
   (a) To build a Union based on democracy and federalism, through a disciplined and genuine multiparty democratic system that is fair and just.
   (b) To emphasize the achievement of enduring peace for the entire nation in line with the Nationwide Ceasefire Agreement (NCA).
   (c) To continue implementing the principle of peaceful co-existence among countries through an independent, active and non-aligned foreign policy.

2. Economic affairs
   (a) To enhance production based on agriculture and livestock through modern techniques and strengthen all-round development in other sectors of the economy.
   (b) To develop a stable market economy and promote international investment in order to enhance the economic development of the entire National people.
   (c) To promote and support local businesses to create employment opportunities and increase domestic production.

3. Social affairs
   (a) To ensure a strong and dynamic Union spirit, the genuine spirit of patriotism.
   (b) To respect and promote the customs and traditions of all National peoples and preserve and safeguard their cultural heritage and national characteristics.
   (c) To enhance the health, fitness and education quality of the entire nation.

Five-Point Road Map of the State Administration Council

1. The Union Election Commission will be reconstituted and its mandated tasks, including the scrutiny of voter lists, shall be implemented in accordance with the law.
2. Effective measures will be taken with added momentum to prevent and manage the COVID-19 pandemic.
3. Actions will be taken to ensure the speedy recovery of businesses from the impact of COV-19.
4. Emphasis will be placed on achieving enduring peace for the entire nation in line with the agreements set out in the Nationwide Ceasefire Agreement.
5. Upon accomplishing the provisions of the state of emergency, free and fair multiparty democratic elections will be held in line with the 2008 Constitution, and further work will be undertaken to hand over State duties to the winning party in accordance with democratic standards.

Commander-in Chief (Navy) Admiral Moe Aung meets officers, other ranks, their families of Ayeyawady Naval Region Command HQ

Commander-in-chief (Navy) Admiral Moe Aung is addressing at the meeting with the Ayeyawady Naval Region Command officers, other ranks and family members yesterday.
UNION Minister for Investment and Foreign Economic Relations, Vice-Chairman of Myanmar Investment Commission U Aung Naing Oo, presided over a meeting with Mon State Administration Council members and Mon State Investment Committee members in Mawlamyine yesterday.

During the meeting, the Union Minister discussed the granting permits for investment under Myanmar Investment Law, Rules and procedures, quick implementation processes and the plans to finalize the proposals during the fixed period.

The Union Minister also said the committee should draft the investment policies based on the five-point roadmap and nine objectives of the SAC. It should also set investment priorities in order to improve the agriculture sector, renewable energy sector, SMEs.

The relevant departments are urged to cooperate to facilitate the local production and services sectors. Then, the Mon State Administration Council/Investment Committee explained the investment-related matters in Mon State and suspended operations out of the ones permitted by the MIC and state investment committee.

The Union Minister also inspected the Mon State Directorate of Investment and Company Administration Office and met the staff. — MNA

Land administration central committee holds 1st coordination meeting

THC Central Committee on Administration of Vacant, Fallow and Virgin Lands organized a coordination meeting yesterday.

During the meeting, Union Minister for Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation U Tin Htut Oo, in his capacity as chairman of the committee, highlighted policies of the State Administration Council to ensure food security and to develop the agriculture and livestock-based production sector, all-round development of other sectors of the economy, strict measures to ban the city projects and SEZs in farmland areas.

The Union Minister also discussed the applications for the use of vacant, fallow and virgin lands and the duties of relevant committees to scrutinize the applications for using lands.

Then, U Thet Naing Oo, secretary of the central committee, presented the documents to decide and the attendees to the meeting coordinated the discussion from their respective sectors.

The meeting also discussed the formation of region/state land management committee under the Vacant, Fallow and Virgin Land Management Law Section 3-a reviews on the remarks made by the ministries in former and current government terms and other lawsuits submitted to the central committee under Vacant, Fallow and Virgin Land Management Law Section 8-a (b).

The central committee will confiscate the unused land according to the stipulations in Rules and take action against those failing to pay land revenue in line with the law. — MNA

Military hospitals continue providing healthcare to civilians

MILITARY hospitals in the townships of regions and states keep providing medical treatments to the people to solve their healthcare services difficulties.

A total of 170,320 outpatients and 4,464 inpatients reached these hospitals from 5 February to date.

Senior medical experts, medics and nurses have conducted 7,953 major operations and 4,068 minor operations. The senior doctors treat serious cases. These hospitals managed for the birth of 10,848 babies while bringing 16,484 pregnant women to the respective military hospitals. Of those, 41,265 cases are done in caesarean section and 63,583 cases in ordinary delivery.

Officials from the respective commands also provided the patients with foods, and medical workers were provided with cash assistance. — MNA
MoI Union Minister discusses timely supply of school textbooks

THE School Textbook Printing and Distribution Committee held its 1/2021 coordination meeting in Nay Pyi Taw on 27 April.

Union Minister for Information U Chitt Naing, in his capacity as chairman of the committee, discussed the crucial role of printing and distribution processes of school books via excellent cooperation with the relevant ministries, achievement through collective efforts and proper transportation system for school books to be supplied to the teachers and students in time.

The Union Minister also said the Ministry of Information is responsible for printing correct and quality books. The Ministry of Education, including the education staff of every level in respective districts and townships, is responsible for the distribution process.

He then highlighted the bilateral cooperation between the two ministries and urged the participants to discuss their difficulties openly.

Deputy Minister for Education U Zaw Win coordinated the discussion. At the same time, the Permanent Secretary of Information Ministry U Myo Myint Maung, in his capacity as vice-chairman of the committee, explained the formation of school textbook printing sub-committee, schoolbooks distribution sub-committee, schoolbook tender accepting and scrutinizing committee, procurement committee for raw materials, committee on fixing floor price and quality inspecting team, and other challenges in printing the schoolbooks during this year.

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The members of relevant committees and sub-committees then clarified the plans to print and distribute the textbooks and schoolbooks for new curriculums in time. — MNA

MoI launches mobile library for staff in Nay Pyi Taw

THE Ministry of Information, the Department of Information and, Public Relations of has launched a mobile library to increase the staff’s knowledge and make reading more accessible for them.

The mobile library lent books yesterday to the General Administration Department, the Ministry of Planning and Finance and the Ministry of Investment and Foreign Economic Relations.

Under the motto “Read in your spare time!”, the mobile library, with a total of 6,600 books, is designed to make it easier for staff to read and study books in their spare time, lending books to a total of 26 departments—24 ministries and 2 departments—every two weeks to keep them in touch with literature.

“There were rare book stores that were lending books in Nay Pyi Taw, so we had to buy the books we really liked. Now, due to this mobile library, we have a chance to read various kinds of books,” a book borrower from the General Administration Department said.

The Department of Information and Public Relations has sent three iron bookshelves and 300 books to eight ministries and one department office for staff to read and study and arranged to exchange books every three months. — MNA

Nay Pyi Taw Council Chairman inspects universities, vocational institutes in Nay Pyi Taw

NAY Pyi Taw Council Chairman Dr Maung Maung Naing inspect ed the Myan Agricultural University, the University of Veterinary and Environmental Science in Zeyathiri, State Agricultural Institute in Pyinmana and Government Technical Institute (Nay Pyi Taw) and Government Technical High School in Zabuthiri Township of Nay Pyi Taw yesterday.

During his visit, the Rectors, Pro-Rectors, and principals of respective universities and institutes presented the preparations for the reopening of schools and universities and the plans to facilitate the accommodation for teachers and students.

Nay Pyi Taw Council Chairman Dr Maung Maung Naing, in response, instructed them to make a plan for students’ formal learning, COVID-19 vaccination programmes for the teachers and students, and guide them to become intelligent experts.

Then, the Nay Pyi Taw Council Chairman and party inspected the school buildings, laboratories, dorms, libraries and classrooms of universities and institutes. — MNA

Nay Pyi Taw Council Chair Dr Maung Maung Naing makes an inspection tour around universities and institutes yesterday.
The Union Election Commission has inspected the withdrawal/receipt/use/remaining of ballot papers used for Pyithu Hluttaw Election of Kawa, Letpadan and Okpo townships of Bago Region together with the respective township election sub-commission, head of police force, Immigration and Population and administrators under the Hluttaw Election Law Section 53.

According to the inspection, a total of 471 polling stations in these three townships took out 449,365 ballots and used 287,198 ballots. It left 162,167 ballots instead of 162,167 ballots. The difference was 9,322 ballots, and it found 7,809 extra ballots. The extra/shortage ballots were found at respective polling stations. Findings in respective townships were as follows:

### Findings on ballot papers for Pyithu Hluttaw Election in Kawa Township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Total polling station</th>
<th>Withdrawal</th>
<th>Used</th>
<th>Exact remaining</th>
<th>Remaining on the Ground</th>
<th>Difference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kawa</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>179,320</td>
<td>111,417</td>
<td>67,903</td>
<td>69,997</td>
<td>3,199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Letpadan</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>152,159</td>
<td>97,599</td>
<td>54,560</td>
<td>51,283</td>
<td>3,277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Okpo</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>117,886</td>
<td>76,182</td>
<td>39,704</td>
<td>39,374</td>
<td>329</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>471</td>
<td>449,365</td>
<td>287,198</td>
<td>162,167</td>
<td>160,654</td>
<td>9,322</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The ballots were granted to the voters without signs or left-hand thumb fingerprints in Form (1) at No (1) polling station in Nabe Pin village-tract, No (4) polling stations withdrew 10,848 township advance ballots, and it left 10,850 ballots, and so there were 2 extra ballots.

There were 3,139 missing ballots and 5,224 extra ballots at 169 polling stations in 12 Wards and 91 Village-tracts of Kawa Township. Four polling stations in Thabyut Village-tract took out 5,050 ballots and used 5,147 ballots, and so it found 97 extra ballots. There were 7 extra township advance ballots. The township election sub-commission withdrew 10,848 township advance ballots, and it left 10,850 ballots, and so there were 2extra ballots.

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ward/village-tract ballots</td>
<td>167,650</td>
<td>110,089</td>
<td>57,061</td>
<td>59,146</td>
<td>3,139</td>
<td>5,224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Township Advanced ballots</td>
<td>822</td>
<td>828</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Township Remaining ballots</td>
<td>10,848</td>
<td>10,850</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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### Findings on ballot papers for Pyithu Hluttaw Election in Kawa Township

According to the inspection, 169 polling stations in 12 Wards and 91 Village-tracts of Kawa Township in Bago Region took out 179,320 ballots and used 111,417 ballots. It left 69,997 ballots instead of 69,997 ballots. The extra/shortage ballots were found at respective polling stations. Findings were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
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<td>3</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>69,997</td>
<td>3,139</td>
<td>5,224</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. There were 3,139 missing ballots and 5,224 extra ballots at 169 polling stations in 12 Wards and 91 Village-tracts of Kawa Township. Four polling stations in Thabyut Village-tract and No (1) polling station in Kan Aye village-tract and No (1) polling station in Alal village-tract of Kawa Township.

7. The ballots were granted to the voters without signs or left-hand thumb fingerprints in Form (1) at No (1) polling station in Nabe Pin village-tract, No (4) polling stations withdrew 10,848 township advance ballots, and it left 10,850 ballots, and so there were 2 extra ballots.

8. At No (1) polling station in Ma Mauk Village-tract in Kawa Township, the voters cast their votes just with a mark (√) without registering their signs or fingerprints of left-hand thumb in Form (1).

9. Findings were as follows:
Findings on ballot papers for Pyithu Hluttaw Election in Okpo Township

10. There were 176 polling stations in Letpadan township. Of 1252,159 ballots, they distributed 142,800 as ward/village-tract ballots, 831 as township advance ballots and 8,528 as township remaining (reserve) ballots. The shortage/extra ballots were found at respective polling stations, and findings were as follows:

Findings on ballot papers for Pyithu Hluttaw Election in Letpadan Township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
<th>Subject Withdrawal</th>
<th>Used</th>
<th>Exact remaining</th>
<th>Remaining on the Ground</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ward/village -tract ballots 142,800</td>
<td>110,589</td>
<td>31,211</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Township Advanced ballots 831</td>
<td>770</td>
<td>61</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Township Remaining ballots 8,528</td>
<td>7,061</td>
<td>1,467</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>152,159</td>
<td>128,350</td>
<td>23,809</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. According to the inspection, they withdrew 142,800 ballots and used 97,599 ballots. It left only 44,211 ballots instead of 47,560 ballots. According to the inspection in each polling station, 5,092 ballots were found missing at 54 polling stations and 1,543 extra illegal ballots at 27 polling stations.

12. Of 831 township advance ballots, they used 469 ballots and left 362 ballots.

13. Although they did not use 8,528 township remaining (reserve) ballots, it found 8,800 ballots in the inspection, and so there were 272 extra illegal ballots.

14. The township took out 152,159 ballots for the entire township and used 97,599 ballots, and it found 51,283 unused ballots.

Findings on ballot papers for Pyithu Hluttaw Election in Okpo Township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
<th>Subject Withdrawal</th>
<th>Used</th>
<th>Exact remaining</th>
<th>Remaining on the Ground</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Ward/village -tract ballots 142,800</td>
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<td>128,350</td>
<td>23,809</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Findings on ballot papers for Pyithu Hluttaw Election in Okpo Township

16. According to the inspection, 126 polling stations in 10 Wards and 53 Village-tracts of Okpo Township in the Bago Region took out 117,886ballots and used 78,182 ballots. It left 39,704 ballots instead of 39,704. The extra/shortage ballots and extra illegal ballots were found at respective polling stations. Findings were as follows:
FROM PAGE-6

17. According to the inspection, the ballot packs containing used, remaining ballot books and voter list Form (1) for Pyithu Hluttaw, Amyotha Hluttaw and Region Hluttaw of No 03, No 07 and Aung Thakha village and No 06 polling station in Aye Mya Thaya village-tract of Okpo township were found missing.

18. Therefore, the UEC contacted the township election sub-commission officer U Myat Kyaw (poll head) of No (6) polling station in Aye Mya Thaya village-tract and Daw Myat Aemi Wan (deputy poll head) and they said the pack was kept at the primary school of Aye Mya Thaya and so the officials examined the pack on 2.4.2021.

19. There were 454 missing ballots and 761 extra ballots at 1,216 polling station in 10 Ward and 53 village-tracts of Okpo Township. The numbers of township advance ballots were reported.

20. Findings were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
<th>Ward/Village-Tract</th>
<th>Total Polling Stations</th>
<th>Withdrawn</th>
<th>Remaining</th>
<th>Used</th>
<th>Exact remaining</th>
<th>Mising Extra</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sr</td>
<td>Ward/Village-Tract</td>
<td>Total Polling Stations</td>
<td>Withdrawn</td>
<td>Remaining</td>
<td>Used</td>
<td>Exact remaining</td>
<td>Missing Extra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Myoma Ward</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,150</td>
<td>851</td>
<td>299</td>
<td>299</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Moenoytlan Ward</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3,150</td>
<td>2,247</td>
<td>963</td>
<td>952</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ywama Ward</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,250</td>
<td>1,117</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Chaunggya Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,900</td>
<td>1,410</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Hnwagone Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,150</td>
<td>1,810</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Pantin Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,050</td>
<td>1,776</td>
<td>274</td>
<td>274</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Shangone Village-tract</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>2,484</td>
<td>716</td>
<td>716</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Hlwzi Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,100</td>
<td>1,938</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Winthayet Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,150</td>
<td>1,750</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>320</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
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<td>4,340</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Thayethinthiyanlein Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,150</td>
<td>1,186</td>
<td>462</td>
<td>462</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Thayetpinsein Village-tract</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>797</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Aokeshitgone Village-tract</td>
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<td>1,100</td>
<td>790</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Alegone Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,050</td>
<td>1,590</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Kyaeokepin Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>1,566</td>
<td>434</td>
<td>434</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Tinsiek Village-tract</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>620</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Teoimyoke Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,950</td>
<td>1,964</td>
<td>986</td>
<td>986</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Daungasabar Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>1,611</td>
<td>589</td>
<td>589</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Labpataw Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,550</td>
<td>1,973</td>
<td>577</td>
<td>577</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>LekuKgone Village-tract</td>
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<td>1,350</td>
<td>896</td>
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<td>332</td>
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</tr>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Aukkine Village-tract</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Chaunggaung Village-tract</td>
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<td>2,150</td>
<td>1,409</td>
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<td>746</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Phalain Village-tract</td>
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<td>1,950</td>
<td>1,458</td>
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<td>492</td>
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</tr>
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<td>24</td>
<td>Butelettaw Village-tract</td>
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<td>400</td>
<td>298</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Hnwangone Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>2,656</td>
<td>344</td>
<td>344</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Phapharepisnek Village-tract</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>542</td>
<td>218</td>
<td>218</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Myaung Village-tract</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>621</td>
<td>279</td>
<td>279</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Thaekaw Village-tract</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>328</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Kneegyi Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,550</td>
<td>1,752</td>
<td>786</td>
<td>786</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Kyatchaung Village-tract</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,550</td>
<td>1,178</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Aungmingalar Ward</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>806</td>
<td>394</td>
<td>394</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Ruaunggyitan Ward</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,550</td>
<td>1,129</td>
<td>371</td>
<td>371</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plan to reopen final-year courses, master’s courses (written test) opened at universities, degree colleges, colleges under Higher Education Department of Education Ministry

UNIVERSITIES, degree colleges and colleges under the department of Higher Education of the Ministry of Education will reopen the final-year courses and master’s courses (written test) which were conducted in the 2019-2020 academic year, as of 5 May 2021.

GTC, GTI under Technical, Vocational Education and Training Department of Education Ministry to open third-year courses, GTHS, second-year courses

GOVERNMENT Technological Colleges and Government Technical Institutes under the Department of Technical, Vocational Education and Training of the Ministry of Education will open the third-year courses, the final years of three-year diploma courses of AGTI and the Government Technical High Schools,second-year courses as of 5 May 2021.

12 new cases of COVID-19 reported on 28 April, total figure rises to 142,790

MYANMAR’S COVID-19 positive cases rose to 142,790 after 12 new cases were reported on 28 April 2021 according to the Ministry of Health and Sports. Among these confirmed cases, 131,855 have been discharged from hospitals. Death toll stands at 1,209 after one died. —MNA
Beef up acceleration in the swim of broad medical field

The Ministry of Health and Sports recently earmarked to spend K300 billion on purchasing pharmaceuticals to be distributed to people’s hospitals across the nation. In fact, medical plays key role in operating small and large hospitals. So, we all welcome the decision that is such a major emphasis on the operations of the hospitals and healthcare services for the people.

Nonetheless, people still receive medical treatment at private hospitals and clinics by spending their incomes because the majority of government-run hospitals cannot provide healthcare services as usual. The fund allotted by the ministry is not useful for the majority of hospitals that can do nothing for healthcare services.

Current government’s hospitals face shortages of human resources as well as medicines and medical equipment in operations. Amidst the challenges, the Department of Medical Services under the Ministry of Health and Sports appointed 40 skilled medical doctors early this year.

The discharging duties at Yangon General Hospital, New Central General Hospital, Thayetmon Swayang General Hospital, 100-bed Specialty Hospital, western and eastern general hospitals of Yangon, Central Women’s Hospital (Mandalay), 39-bed Teaching Hospital of S.N. Pyi Taw General Hospital (39-bed), North Okkalapa, Jossin, Thayet, Pyin, Ppuk, Aung, Pwak, Puma, and Kayin general hospitals.

In fact, those fewer doctors have strengthened the department for the hospitals as well as the patients. But, we need to give them adequate time to have professional training for new businesses to become qualified physicians. They have to change the laws to the win. They have to take the lessons from the recent experiences to the future and to their hard work in the profession. They have to possess the skills to look after the fulfilling situation.

Medical doctors have to accumulate initiative, nationally, work experiences, sympathy, modern medical technologies and other knowledge apart from daily assignments so that they can provide healthcare services for the people. They have to study further without being affected by their patients.

So, we all the people wait for the day when hospitals would run at the full capacity, and fresher medical doctors become the qualified, well-received, and reliable physicians.
SINCE the State Administration Council has taken over the country, peaceful protests following the democracy led by NLD members and illegally-formed CRPH and the extremists, who support them, have escalated from insurrection to acts of terrorism.

In some cities, they blocked the roads. They attacked the police stations, military headquarters, ward administration offices, schools and private business buildings, public roads and innocent homes with grenades, homemade mines and grenades and fire bottles.

The members and the supporters of the NLD party attacked a total of 63 police stations, 62 ward administration offices, 52 department buildings, 16 roads and bridges, 13 banks, 105 schools and other buildings from 1 February to 15 April. Moreover, they destroyed by fire a total of 13 industries in the Hlinethaya and Shwepyitha industrial zones and in Insein township, Yangon Region.

Status of being attacked and destroyed from 1.2.2021 to 15.4.2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>State/ Region</th>
<th>Police Station</th>
<th>Ward/Village Administration Office</th>
<th>Office/department buildings</th>
<th>Road/bridge</th>
<th>Bank</th>
<th>Other places</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nay Pyi Taw</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kachin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kayah</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Kayin</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Chin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sagaing</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td>10 2</td>
<td>28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Taninthayi</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bago</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Magway</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mandalay</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Mon</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Rakhine</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Yangon</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>2 5 10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Shan</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Ayeyawady</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>16 13 105</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

They also accused and abducted innocent people who didn't have the same opinion as to the traitors and killed brutally or punished them inhumanely. There were a total of 17 innocent people who were killed brutally and 30 with severe injuries.

List of people killed/injured as alleged traitors in regions/states from 1.2.2021 to 15.4.2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>State/ Region</th>
<th>Death</th>
<th>Injured</th>
<th>Head shaved</th>
<th>Tattoo</th>
<th>Threatening</th>
<th>Home destroyed</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nay Pyi Taw</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kachin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kayah</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Kayin</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Chin</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sagaing</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bago</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Magway</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mandalay</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Mon</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Rakhine</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Yangon</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
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<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Shan</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Ayeyawady</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>30</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Therefore, security forces have been removing roadblocks, patrolling both day and night, arresting terrorists and detaining groups of rioters as per the provision of the Union of Myanmar Riot Manual (1960) and the Riot Monitoring Handbook (2015) of the Myanmar Police Force, the Ministry of Home Affairs.

Since the terrorists led by the extremist members of the NLD party raided the police stations and attacked security forces with live ammunition, security forces had to retaliate as needed depending on the extent of their violence. Due to that, a total of 7 members of the Tatmadaw and 17 police were dead, and 45 Tatmadaw members and 253 police members were injured.

Dead/injured numbers of Tatmadaw members and police members from 1-2-2021 to 15-4-2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sr</th>
<th>Region/ State</th>
<th>Dead</th>
<th>Injuries</th>
<th>Police members</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Serious</td>
<td>Non-Serious</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Nay Pyi Taw</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Kachin</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Kayah</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Kayin</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Although there were inevitable casualties on both sides while security forces responded to the insurgents’ attacks in self-defence, the security forces have been accused of firing at peaceful protests by illegitimate media outlets, which the State has shut down, in violation of the law and fake news is being biased. The media, which does not want peace and stability in the country, is plotting to mislead the international community and the public about the security forces’ response, and on the other hand, the misinformation they are writing is being spread by unscrupulous people through social media. The Assistance Association for Political Prisoners (AAPP), a Thai-based illegal organization, has released a list of actual deaths due to the security forces based on figures compiled based on misinformation from social media. According to them, there were a total of 726 deaths as of 15 April.

In the event of a fatal shooting, security forces conduct a systematic autopsy under the law, providing the necessary assistance until the bodies are buried, and keeping a record of all deaths. According to the official records of the Myanmar Police Force, the death toll from 1 February to 15 April is as follows:

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</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>29</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the 258 deaths, only 247 were killed during the clearing operation and the attack on security forces. At the same time, the other 11 were not caused by security forces firing.

It has been found that the AAPP’s list of 726 deaths, which has been circulating on social media, is not the result of gunfire by security forces. There were other types of death: such as Ma Mya Thwate Thwate Khaing and Ma Kyal Sin Lin, who died of shooting against each other among the rioters; U Zaw Myat Lin and Ma Lyan Zwale, who died of other ways; U Ko Ko Lay and Daw Tin Nwe Yi died of heart diseases; Yar Zar Aung, who died of COVID-19 disease and others who died of killing by terrorists. It has also been found that there may be missing people who are not confirmed as dead, people under medical treatment in military hospitals for injuries, people fleeing to border areas, and people mentioned under false names and fake addresses just to inflate the list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Father's Name</th>
<th>Date of Incident</th>
<th>Deceased Date</th>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Place of Incidents</th>
<th>Home Address</th>
<th>Township</th>
<th>States/Regions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mya Thwate Thwate Khaing</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>unknown</td>
<td>9-Feb-21</td>
<td>19-Feb-21</td>
<td>Civilian</td>
<td>NayPyiTaw</td>
<td>Zeyathiri</td>
<td>NayPyiTaw Region</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Kyai Sin Lin &amp; Kyar Shi</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>Daw Aye Aye Myint</td>
<td>3 March 21</td>
<td>3-Mar-21</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>84 Street and 30 Street</td>
<td>Mandalay City</td>
<td>Mandalay Region</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
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In addition, some of the people on the list of AAPP did not verify their addresses or the names of their fathers and many people whose cause of death is not clearly mentioned. The list also found to be highly bloated, as 76 incidents were reported in the Bago incident on 9 April, but no one was confirmed dead.

The death toll due to the security shootings posted on social media has been misrepresented based on false information and social media reports. The death toll has risen exponentially. Security forces respond to the rioters in a limited manner, and Myanmar Police Force conduct a systematic autopsy on the victims.—MNA
Student union members from universities/colleges/schools opened files under 505-a for their intentional incitements to undermine State peace and stability through social networks

1. The following members of the student unions and other related persons, who committed incitements to public service personnel for joining CDM activities with attempts to undermine the State administrative machinery, published topics and fake news supporting unlawful CRPH association, carried out instigation for causing unrests with deterioration of peace and stability in the country and public panic, intentionally posted and distributed acts of social punishment through social network pages were filed under Section 505-a of the Penal Code.

2. Action will be taken against those who admit those crime breakers, and more information about those who committed similar cases will be released.

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Members of Student Union were filed under Section 505-a.
Riot leader Wai Moe Naing arrested; effective legal action taken

WAI MOE NAING, former chairman of the Monywa University Students’ Union, was arrested on 15 April in Monywa during a protest in Phohonee ward. An investigation is underway to take effective legal action against those who colluded with him.

Culprit Wai Moe Naing formed the Monywa People’s Strike Steering Committee with other 12 members, called for an end to the government’s administrative machinery in order to undermine the rule of law and the country’s stability on 6 February. Protests have lasted for 68 days until 15 April in various forms. He was involved in threatening the civil servants to be involved in the Civil Disobedience Movement and social punishment several times.

In addition, he was affiliated with the CRPH, which has been declared as an unlawful association by the government. He led the formation of the Monywa Township People’s Administration Body with nine members, including former constituency No. 1 candidate Daw Amar Kyi, under the direction of Zin Mar Aung and Lwin Ko Latt to whom the police issued an arrest warrant.

It was found that about 150 members formed the Defence Team. Aung Kyaw and Khant Wai Phyo, former members of the Monywa University of Economics Students’ Union, were team leaders to counter security forces and resort to violence on 4 March.

In order to raise fund for the Defence Team, the Monywa People’s Strike Steering Committee page on Facebook collected donations for the defence work. A total of 31 million kyats collected from the donors were managed by May Thant Zin (Treasurer) and Aung Kyaw (Monywa Township Defense Team Leader).

By using collected money, Ko Htoo (a) Ko Aung, a Yangon resident, and Khin Zaw, a resident of Bahan, reportedly came to Laung Pyae village to teach how to make smoke bombs, homemade bombs, gas guns, and air guns to be used in Monywa.

A total of 40 weapons and 50 bombs were stored at the house of U Kan Swe, located in the back street of Myittha Oo hospital, Phohonee ward, Monywa Township, and members of the Defence Team used those weapons and bombs in confronting authority forces.

The Defence Team formed by Wai Moe Naing, and led by U Myint Htwe, chairman of unlawful committee representing Sagaing Region Htuttaw, exploded homemade grenades in the front of the Myanmar Economic Bank, Clock Tower, City Hall and Monywa University in order to intimidate the public and mislead the public about the Tatmadaw. In addition, they also tortured and brutally killed two police officers from Monywa Township near the Suckyin cemetery on 26 March.

Moreover, Wai Moe Naing communicated with U Myint Htwe to form People’s Defence Forces in 30 townships in the Sagaing Region. They would then connect with northern armed groups where five people from every township can attend basic military training to do the fighting and bombing activities. He sent 30 people, including Pyae Phyo Kyaw, a former member of the Monywa Technological University Students’ Union, to KIA and 15 people, including Hnin Shae Pyae Htun, to KNU Brigade-5 in April in order to provoke an uprising against the current government.

Therefore, a case has been filed against riot leader Wai Moe Naing under Section 25 of the Natural Disaster Law, Sections 114, 302, 325, 342, 395 and 565-A of the Penal Code in February and March in the Monywa Myoma Township Police Station.

According to his confession, plans are underway to take effective action under Sections 17 (1), 124 and 511 of the Penal Code. It is reported that related 23 suspects involved in the riots will be prosecuted and arrested.

(a) Members of Monywa People’s Strike Steering Committee
1. Khant Wai Phyo (former Monywa Economic University Students’ Union, second leader of the Monywa People’s Strike)
2. Than Kyaw Oo (Chairman of the current Monywa University Students’ Union-MUSU)
3. Hein Zaw Win (former MUSU)
4. Nway Oo Ko (former MUSU)
5. U Khinn Maung Soe (former Political Prisoners and New Generation Forces)
6. U Soe Win Swe (chairman of the Pro-Democracy Network)
7. U Aung Nay Myo (Committee Representing Civil Societies)
8. Aung Kyaw (former Monywa Economic University Students’ Union)
9. Daw Nu (88 Generation Peace and Open Society)

Diagram on Wai Moe Naing of Monywa strike steering committee

Monywa Township Public Administration Body
1. Daw Amar Kyi (Division-1)
2. Aung Kyaw (Ex/Ta-Ka-Tha)
3. Than Kyaw Oo (Ta-Ka-Tha Chair)
4. Hein Zaw Win (Ex/Ta-Ka-Tha)
5. Pyae Phyo Maung Maung (arrested)
6. Nway Oo Ko (Ex/Ta-Ka-Tha)
7. U Khinn Maung Soe (F/P)
8. U Nay Oo (Chinlin Myittha social welfare service) (arrested)
9. U Soe Win Swe (Chair of democracy desirers network)
10. U Aung Nay Myo (CSO representative committee)
11. Aung Kyaw (Ex/Ta-Ka-Tha)
12. Daw Nu (88 Peace/Open)
13. May Thant Zin (Treasurer of Ta-Ka-Tha)

Monywa Township Public Administration Body
1. Daw Amar Kyi (Division-1)
2. Aung Kyaw (Ex/Ta-Ka-Tha)
3. U Thant Zin (Thakin Kodaw Hmaung Peace congress)
4. U Nyi Pu (Ex/F/P)
5. U Thaw Thaw (Lifelong Social Welfare Association)
6. U Nnyan Aung (NLD)
7. U Chan Sein (NLD)
8. Daw Mie Mie Khine (SAY)
9. Name under scrutiny (Advocate)

Availability of homemade bombs
Aung Kyaw
Khin Zaw

Making
Kho Htoo (a) Ko Aung (Yangon)

Storage
Kaw Swe (Monywa)

Planning
Kho Htoo (a) Ko Aung (Yangon)

Explosion
Kho Htoo (a) Ko Aung (Yangon)

Defence Team members
1. Monywa Economic Bank
2. Monywa Clock Tower
3. Monywa City Hall
4. Front of Monywa University

1. Myanmar in Japan K5 million
2. Myanmar in Korea K1 million
3. Total donors at home K25 million
Total K31 million

NATIONAL
29 APRIL 2021
THE GLOBAL NEW LIGHT OF MYANMAR
Construction of Payitaung-Wunpho bridge 85% completed in Myeik

The bridge is 900 feet long and 22 feet wide, with 13 feet 9 inches’ traffic lane. The se-

ten rioters attacked them at Gawbayan gate near Kuntaung village, about 14 Febru-
ary night. When they arrived at Gawbayan gate near Kuntaung village, about ten rioters attacked them with small arms. The security forces conducted a defensive attack, and 45 minutes later, the rioters ran away.

A man with a black suit and a black hood was reportedly found dead at the scene. An AK 47 ri-
file, one magazine, 20 7.62 rounds of ammunition and a grenade were confiscat-
ed from the body.

It is also reported that security measures will continue to ensure the security and safety of the people. — MNA

Members of the security forces attacked in Tamu

TERRORISTS have accelerated acts of terrorism with homemade guns, grenades and bombs by mixing among the peaceful protests in some town-
ship.

Members of the security forces were attacked while patrolling in Tamu town at around 5 am yester-
day. When they arrived at Gawbayan gate near Kuntaung village, about ten rioters attacked them with small arms. The security forces conducted a defensive attack, and 45 minutes later, the rioters ran away.

A man with a black suit and a black hood was reportedly found dead at the scene. An AK 47 ri-
file, one magazine, 20 7.62 rounds of ammunition and a grenade were confiscated from the body.

It is also reported that security measures will continue to ensure the security and safety of the people. — MNA

Armed insurgents group attack police outpost, security members in Kayin, Mon states

THE armed insurgents attacked the police outpost in Kayin State and the security members in Mon State.

About 50 armed insurgents attacked the Knu Sate outpost in Papun Township of Kayin State using small weapons at about 4:15 pm on 27 April.

“They moved back at 5:40 pm during the counterattack of security forces. It reported that none of the security members was injured.

Similarly, the armed insurgent group (under scrutiny) attacked the security forces near the old “Shwe Than Lwin” Toll Gate on Yangon-Mawlamy-

ine road in Dauk Yat village of Bilin Township of Mon State at 9:30 pm on the same day.

During the attack, none of the security members was injured. — MNA

Security measures conducted to ensure community peace

TATMADAW Police Force and Fire Brigade jointly conducted security measures to ensure the State’s stability, security of people, the rule of law and community peace starting 14 February night. Tatmadaw, police and fire brigade members also jointly conduct security measures for the peace-
ful night and community peace in respective re-

gions and states and keep serving security measures the whole day.—MNA

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TATMADAW Police Force and Fire Brigade jointly conducted security measures to ensure the State’s stability, security of people, the rule of law and community peace starting 14 February night. Tatmadaw, police and fire brigade members also jointly conduct security measures for the peace-
ful night and community peace in respective re-

gions and states and keep serving security measures the whole day.—MNA

claims day notice

M.V KOTA HALUS VOY. NO. (KHLU0172N/S)

Consignees of cargo carried on M.V KOTA HALUS VOY. NO. (KHLU0172N/S) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 18-4-2021 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of AWPT where it will lie at the consignee’s risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon. Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11:20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm to Claim’s Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the Vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

Phone No: 2391185

Shipping Agency Department
Myanmar Port Authority

Agent For:
M/S ADVANCE CONTAINER LINES
EU adopts strategy on sending irregular migrants back

THE EU is looking to plug a big gap in migration policy by boosting measures to have irregular migrants voluntarily returned to their countries under a strategy adopted on Tuesday. Controversially, the European Commission’s plan on return and reintegration puts the EU’s border agency Frontex at its heart, despite multiple news reports and NGO allegations of rights abuses by its officers — the bloc’s first unified force.

EU Home Affairs Commissioner Ylva Johansson defended the agency’s role from the cloud that lingers over it. She told a media conference that, while “shortcomings” had been identified, an inquiry by Frontex’s board had concluded “that the agency was not involved in this type of activity.”

She added that the border agency was “very well placed” to help EU member states to encourage migrants with no right to stay to return to their countries of origin.—APP

US school bars vaccinated teachers, falsely citing risk to students

A private school in Florida is barring teachers who have been vaccinated against Covid-19 from coming into contact with students, arguing against all evidence that the educators pose a health risk. Critics have held up the move by the Centner Academy as a particularly glaring example of the dangers of misinformation as the US works to get its population inoculated.

In an email to parents on Monday, co-founder Leila Centner wrote that vaccinated people “may be transmitting something from their bodies” that could harm others, in particular the “reproductive systems, fertility, and normal growth and development of women and children.” Centner acknowledged that the assertion, which is false, “is new and is yet to be researched.”—AFP

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Daw Yee Mon Aung, (Advocate)
For PARADISE GROUP HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.,
c/o Baker & McKenzie Limited
Level 18, Unit 18-03, Sule Square,
221 Sule Pagoda Road, Kyauktada Township,
Yangon, The Republic of the Union of Myanmar.
Dated: 29th April 2021

CLAIMS DAY NOTICE
M.V IAL 001 VOY. NO. (099N)

Consignees of cargo carried on M.V IAL 001 VOY. NO. (099N) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 29-4-2021 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of MITT where it will lie at the consignee’s risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon.

Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11:20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm to Claim’s Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the Vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

Agent For: M/S INTER ASIA LINES

CLAIMS DAY NOTICE
M.V NEGAR VOY. NO. (SCY1098)

Consignees of cargo carried on M.V NEGAR VOY. NO. (SCY1098) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 17-4-2021 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of MITT where it will lie at the consignee’s risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon.

Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11:20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm to Claim’s Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the Vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

Agent For: M/S LAND AND SEA INTERMODAL LOGISTICS

CLAIMS DAY NOTICE
M.V MERATUS GORONTALO VOY. NO. (114S)

Consignees of cargo carried on M.V MERATUS GORONTALO VOY. NO. (114S) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 29-4-2021 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of MITT where it will lie at the consignee’s risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon.

Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11:20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm to Claim’s Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the Vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

Agent For: M/S SEALAND MAERSK ASIA PTE LTD

CLAIMS DAY NOTICE
M.V DA PING VOY. NO. (098)

Consignees of cargo carried on M.V DA PING VOY. NO. (098) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 16-4-2021 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of MITP where it will lie at the consignee’s risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon.

Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11:20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm to Claim’s Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the Vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

Agent For: M/S SAMUDERA SHIPPING LINES
Aung La N Sang: I’m going to put on a great show

The Burmese Python or Aung La N Sang seen after his special training. PHOTO: AUNG LA N SANG FB

Benzema embodies survival spirit after leading another Real Madrid recovery

REAL Madrid might not reach the Champions League final but Karim Benzema has given them a chance, his genius against Chelsea the embodi- ment of a team that still never knows when it is beaten.

Benzema’s thunderbolt volley gives Madrid parity at the end of a first leg that could have been won decisively by Chelsea, who were the supe- rior team overall and, for 25 minutes, made their oppo- nents look weary, rigid, even out of date.

But the most recent ad- ditions to Real Madrid’s 13 European Cups have come from their ability to bend these matches to their will, to weather the storms and then accelerate when the wind is behind them. Again and again, they have shown themselves to be masters of moments, their belief that in the end they will win creating certainty when it is needed most and for their opponents, doubt, just when they think they have the upper hand.

It comes from a history of success and the hubris of a club convinced it has earned the right even to play in a Super League, only ever against the biggest teams, bypassing the need to qualify, and for theoretical fans that see Real Madrid winning as the begin- ning and end of the sport.

It comes from a coach too in Zinedine Zidane, whose philosophy is not so much possession or pressing but calm, and players, like Cristi- tiano Ronaldo, Sergio Ramos and on Tuesday night, Benze- ma. —AFP

Doctors not IOC should decide Olympics fate: Wickenheiser

HAYLEY Wickenheiser, a Canadian member of the Interna- tional Olympic Committee Athletes Commission, says medical ex- perts should decide whether or not to stage the Tokyo Olympics, not athletes or the IOC.

Wickenheiser, a six-time Olympian who won four ice hockey gold medals and also played softball at the 2000 Summer Games, told CBC Sports that safety and public health need to be the decisive factors about conducting the Games at Japan in July and August.

“This decision needs to be made by medical and health ex- perts, not by corporate and big business,” Wickenheiser said in a posting on the CBC website.

“A very clear and transparent explanation needs to be given if the Games are going to go ahead.”

Wickenheiser, who is set to graduate from medical school next week, knows the money, preparation and training that has gone into the planned staging of the Games in Tokyo, which is now under “emergen- cy orders” due to the Covid-19 pandemic that forced the post- ponement of the Olympics from last year.

Wickenheiser, a Hockey Hall of Fame inductee, knows after training for years to com- pete, she would do anything to go, so athletes, and the IOC, shouldn’t make the final choice on the Games’ fate. —GNLM

Wales boss Giggs denies assault charges in court appearance

Wales manager and former Manchester United star Ryan Giggs leaves Manchester Magistrates’ Court. PHOTO: AFP

WALES manager and former Manchester Unit- ed star Ryan Giggs on Wednesday denied charg- es of assaulting two women and controlling or coercive behaviour as he appeared in court.

Giggs pleaded not guilty to an allegation he was violent and engaged in behaviour towards his ex-girlfriend including isolation, belittling, humiliation, harassment, degradation and abuse during a short hearing at Manchester Magistrates’ Court.

Giggs, 47, also entered a not guilty plea of actual bodily harm relating to PR executive Kate Greville, 36, at his home in Greater Man-chester on November 1 last year.

He has also been charged with the com- mon assault of Emma Greville, understood to be Greville’s younger sister, during the same alleged incident.

The charge of controlling and coercive behaviour in an intimate relationship alleges the abuse lasted almost three years, between December 2017 and November 2020.

Giggs appeared in the dock for his first court appearance as the three charges against him were read out and he entered his not guilty pleas.

Giggs, who spoke only to confirm his name, address and enter his not guilty pleas, has been bailed to appear at Manchester Crown Court on May 26. —AFP