



**REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR
NATIONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT
MINISTRY OF INTERNATIONAL
COOPERATION (MOIC)**



MOIC-MO-S/00687

UNCLASSIFIED

NUG Welcomes the EU's 7th Round of Sanctions Against the Genocidal Military Junta in Myanmar and Calls for Greater and Concrete International Actions

July 21, 2023

The National Unity Government of Myanmar (NUG) welcomes the European Union's (EU) seventh round of sanctions against the genocidal military junta in Myanmar known as the State Administrative Council (SAC). All the current EU sanctions, which apply to a total of 99 individuals and 19 entities, send strong messages to the terrorist military junta in Myanmar, but unfortunately, they are not enough. The strategic, greater, and concrete actions of the international community are absolutely required to end the crimes against humanity and to restore peace and democracy in Myanmar and the region. It is imperative that the sanctions list expands to thousands, targeting not only high ranks but also local and regional commanders of the military junta, Tatmadaw, and their cronies and supporters who are responsible for executing crimes against humanity and heinous human rights violations on the ground against the innocent civilians of Myanmar.

Therefore, we call on all nations of the free world to show solidarity with the people of Myanmar by joining hands and taking decisive actions for the cause of freedom, democracy, peace, justice, stability and security in the region. This can be achieved by cutting off the genocidal military junta's access to finance, weapons, and legitimacy through international channels and supporting Myanmar to establish federal democratic governances. By targeting the junta's resources and strengths, we can effectively cripple their ability to continue their reign of terror and perpetrate crimes against humanity against the entire population of Myanmar.

The Council of the European Union stated that:

Having regard to the Treaty on European Union, and in particular Article 29 thereof, having regard to the proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy,

(1) On 22 April 2013, the Council adopted Decision 2013/184/CFSP (1).

(2) On 31 January 2023, the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy issued a declaration on behalf of the Union, strongly condemning the overthrow of Myanmar's democratically elected government by the Myanmar armed forces in blatant violation of the will of the people, as expressed in the general election of 8 November 2020. This illegitimate act reversed the country's democratic transition and led to disastrous humanitarian, social, security, economic, and human rights consequences.

(3) The Union remains deeply concerned by the continuing escalation of violence and the evolution towards a protracted conflict with regional implications. The Union condemns the continuing grave human rights violations by the Myanmar armed forces, including torture, sexual and gender-based violence, the persecution of civil society actors, human rights defenders, and journalists, and attacks on the civilian population, including ethnic and religious minorities.

(4) In the absence of swift progress in the situation in Myanmar/Burma, the Union has expressed several times its readiness to adopt further restrictive measures against those responsible for undermining democracy and the rule of law and for the serious human rights violations taking place in that country.

(5) In view of the continuing grave situation in Myanmar/Burma, six persons and one entity should be added to the list of natural and legal persons, entities, and bodies subject to restrictive measures in the Annex to Decision 2013/184/CFSP.

EU HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1: The Annex to Decision 2013/184/CFSP is amended as set out in the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2: This Decision shall enter into force on the date of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

(1) Council Decision 2013/184/CFSP of 22 April 2013 concerning restrictive measures in view of the situation in Myanmar/Burma (OJ L 111, 23.4.2013, p. 75).

The following entries are added to the list headed 'A. Natural persons referred to in Articles 5(1) and 6(1)':

Aung Kyaw Min Nationality: Myanmar/Burma; Date of birth: circa 1958; Place of birth: Myanmar/Burma; Gender: male; Function: Member of State Administration Council

Aung Kyaw Min has been a member of the State Administration Council (SAC) since 1 February 2023. He is also the former Chief-Minister of Rakhine State. SAC is led by Commander in Chief Min Aung Hlaing, who took over the legislative, executive, and judicial powers of the State as of 1 February 2021, preventing the democratically elected government from fulfilling its mandate. As a member of the SAC, Aung Kyaw Min has been directly involved in and responsible for decision-making concerning state functions and is, therefore, responsible for undermining democracy and the rule of law in Myanmar/Burma. Additionally, the SAC has adopted decisions restricting the rights of freedom of expression, including access to information, and peaceful assembly. The military forces and authorities operating under the control of the SAC have committed serious human rights violations since 1 February 2021, killing civilian and unarmed protestors, and have restricted freedom of assembly and expression. As a member of the SAC, Aung Kyaw Min is directly responsible for those repressive decisions and for serious human rights violations.

Kyaw Swar Lin a.k.a Kyaw Swar Linn, Nationality: Myanmar/Burma; Place of birth: Myanmar/Burma; Gender: male; Function: Quartermaster General of the Myanmar armed forces. Lieutenant General Kyaw Swar Lin was appointed as Quartermaster General in May 2020. It is the sixth-highest position in the military of Myanmar/Burma. The Office of the Quartermaster General is a department under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Defense and is involved in arms and military equipment procurement for the Myanmar Armed Forces. In addition, Kyaw Swar Lin runs the Myanmar Economic Corporation (MEC), which is one of the two major conglomerates and holding companies operated by the military, generating revenue for the Myanmar armed forces (Tatmadaw). As Quartermaster General, he forms part of the military regime that has seized power in a military coup and overthrown the legitimately elected leaders of Myanmar/Burma. Kyaw Swar Lin is, therefore, a natural person whose policies and activities undermine democracy and the rule of law in Myanmar/Burma and who provides support for actions that threaten the peace, security, and stability of Myanmar/Burma.

Myint Kyaing a.k.a. U Myint Kyaing Nationality: Myanmar/Burma; Date of birth: 17.4.1957 Place of birth: Myanmar/Burma; Gender: male; Function: Union Minister of Immigration and Population. Myint Kyaing has been the Union Minister for Immigration and Population since 19 August 2021. Before that, he was Union Minister of Labour following the coup of 1 February 2021.

He is a member of the State Administration Council (SAC), led by Commander-in-Chief Min Aung Hlaing, which took over the legislative, executive, and judicial powers of the State in a military coup on 1 February 2021. As a government Minister, he forms part of the military regime that has seized power in a military coup and overthrown the legitimately elected leaders of Myanmar/Burma. In his capacity as Union Minister, he carries out duties in support of the military regime's repressive immigration and population policy, such as restrictions for citizens to travel within the country, as well as the policy of the regime towards the minority of the Rohingya in violation of human rights. As Minister for Immigration and Population, he also participates in preparations for the elections announced by the military to legitimize the illegal coup of February 2021. Myint Kyaing is, therefore, responsible for undermining democracy and the rule of law in Myanmar/Burma and for providing support for actions that threaten the peace, security, and stability of Myanmar/Burma.

Porel Aung Thein Nationality: Myanmar/Burma; Date of birth: 1960s-1970s (approx. 50 years old) Place of birth: Myanmar/Burma; Gender: male; Function: Member of State Administration Council. Porel Aung Thein has been a member of the State Administration Council (SAC) since 1 February 2023. He is also a member of a military-proxy party, the Union Solidarity and Development Party (USDP). SAC is led by Commander in Chief Min Aung Hlaing and took over the legislative, executive, and judicial powers of the State as of 1 February 2021, preventing the democratically elected government from fulfilling its mandate. As a member of the SAC, Porel Aung Thein has been directly involved in and responsible for decision-making concerning state functions and is, therefore, responsible for undermining democracy and the rule of law in Myanmar/Burma. Additionally, the SAC adopted decisions restricting the rights of freedom of expression, including access to information, and peaceful assembly. The military forces and authorities operating under the control of the SAC have committed serious human rights violations since 1 February 2021, killing civilian and unarmed protestors, and restricted freedom of assembly and expression. As a member of the SAC, Porel Aung Thein is directly responsible for those repressive decisions and for serious human rights violations.

Pwint San Nationality: Myanmar/Burma; Date of birth: 13.7.1961 Place of birth: Myanmar/Burma; Gender: male; Function: Union Minister of Labour.

Pwint San has been Union Minister of Labour since 19 August 2022. He was appointed by the State Administration Council (SAC), led by Commander in Chief Min Aung Hlaing, which took over the legislative, executive, and judicial powers of the State as of 2 February 2021. His position as the Union Minister for Labour was confirmed again on 1 February 2023. He was previously appointed as Union Minister of Commerce from the period of 3 February 2021 to 19 August 2022. As a government Minister, he forms part of the military regime that has seized power in a military coup and overthrown the legitimately elected leaders of Myanmar/Burma. Under his authority, workers' rights, especially the rights of workers affiliated with the opposition movement, are being systematically violated. As Minister of Commerce, Pwint San facilitated the importation of goods necessary to sustain the regime's power (e.g., fuel oil importation). Furthermore, through his national activities and international contacts, he contributes to further stabilizing the illegitimate power of the military regime. At the same time, the ministry under his authority aggravates supply disruptions within the country by imposing import controls and restricting the transfer of remittances. Pwint San is, therefore, a natural person whose actions, policies, and activities undermine democracy and the rule of law in Myanmar/Burma and who is engaged in actions that threaten the peace, security, and stability of Myanmar/Burma.

Thet Khaing Win Nationality: Myanmar/Burma Date of birth: 13.7.1961 Place of birth: Myanmar/Burma; Gender: male; Function: Union Minister of Health.

Dr. Thet Khaing Win has been the Minister for Health and Sport since 1 February 2021. He was appointed by the State Administration Council (SAC), led by Commander in Chief Min Aung Hlaing, which took over the legislative, executive, and judicial powers of the State as of 2 February 2021.

His position as the Union Minister for Health was confirmed on 1 February 2023. Before the coup, he was the permanent secretary of the Ministry of Health and Sport. As a government Minister, he forms part of the military regime that has seized power in a military coup and overthrown the legitimately elected leaders of Myanmar/Burma. Under his authority, hundreds of doctors have been fired for political reasons and had their licenses revoked. He also rebuffed UN-OCHA's requests for expanded aid access amid the pandemic. Under his authority, private hospitals were urged not to hire doctors who refused to work in public hospitals under the military regime. Dr. Thet Khaing Win is, therefore, a natural person whose actions, policies, and activities undermine democracy and the rule of law in Myanmar/Burma and who is engaged in actions that threaten the peace, security, and stability of Myanmar/Burma.

The following entry is added to the list headed 'B. Legal persons, entities, and bodies referred to in Article 6(1)':

No. 2 Mining Enterprise (ME 2) Address: Ywargout Quarter, Pyinmana Township, Nay Pyi Taw, Myanmar/Burma; Type of entity: State-Owned Enterprise (SOE) Place of registration: Myanmar/Burma; Principal place of business: Myanmar/Burma; No. 2 Mining Enterprise (ME 2) is a state-owned enterprise (SOE) under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) that also acts as the regulator for the sector of non-ferrous metals production and marketing. As such, the SOE is endowed with the power to grant permits and collect part of the tax on profits made by private companies that are either in so-called 'production-sharing contracts' or in joint ventures with ME. The Minister of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, U Khin Maung Yi, has been appointed by the State Administration Council (SAC), which took over the legislative, executive, and judicial powers of the State as of 2 February 2021. Since the military coup, the military regime has acquired control over and benefits from SOEs, including No. 2 Mining Enterprise. No. 2 Mining Enterprise is thus controlled by and generates revenue for the Myanmar armed forces (Tatmadaw), thereby contributing to its capabilities to carry out activities that undermine democracy and the rule of law. Moreover, No. 2 Mining Enterprise has taken part in and overseen various projects linked to violence by the Myanmar armed forces against civilian populations and the violation of their most basic rights, including through land confiscation and forced relocation.

We strongly commend the EU's commitment to justice, human rights, and federal democracy, and highly appreciate their efforts. However, it is crucial for the international community and the free and democratic world to step up efforts for stronger, tougher, more coordinated, and targeted actions. The situation in Myanmar is dire, with the genocidal military junta perpetrating unspeakable crimes against humanity, violating the will of the people, and suppressing all forms of dissent.

The brave people of Myanmar and Ukraine have been fighting and sacrificing their lives for the cause of freedom, justice, and democracy. It is imperative that the international community as a whole stands in solidarity with the people of Myanmar and Ukraine, who have been giving their lives for the cause of freedom from evil and striving for peace and prosperity to create a better world for all and future generations.

Sincerely,

Dr. Sasa
Union Minister
Ministry of International Cooperation
The National Unity Government
Republic of the Union of Myanmar