

Comparison of 5W results - 2020 to 2022

MIMU 5W

What is the 5W

The “Who does What Where, When and for Whom” database, or **5W**, is a tool which tracks the implementation of humanitarian and development projects to support coordination, planning and efficient use of resources. In Myanmar, the 5W is normally compiled by the Myanmar Information Management Unit **every six months**, based on reports provided voluntarily by contributing agencies.

The MIMU 5W shows:

- **which organizations (WHO),**
- **are carrying out which activities (WHAT),**
- **in which locations (WHERE),**
- **project status** – whether planned, ongoing or completed (**WHEN**)
- **project beneficiary focus (for WHOM)** – whether focused on IDPs or other vulnerable communities.

Summary

The MIMU 5W Comparison report compares MIMU 5W results from 2020 to 2022, looking particularly at the impact of events in early 2021 on reported agencies’ activities.

August 2020 to May 2021 saw a sharp reduction in the number of reported activities countrywide, with many activities suspended or ended:

- **25% reduction in agencies reporting** in May 2021 than in August 2020, mainly NNGO (48%) and INGO (25%) (from 213 to 159 agencies).
- **25% reduction in projects reported** countrywide (from 814 to 608 projects), with reductions mainly in Shan (107) and Yangon (91).
- **A significant reduction in the reported ongoing activities** (43,428 less activities), mainly in Tanintharyi (84%), Shan (east) (58%), Mon (57%), Shan (south) (55%) and Kayin (50%).
- **A 10% reduction in the reach to village tracts/towns** countrywide (from 87% in August 2020 to 77% in May 2021), mainly in Sagaing (13%), Magway (12%) and Rakhine and Tanintharyi (10% in each).

October 2021 to March 2022 found an increase in reported activities by agencies, however it is still less activities compared with August 2020.

- **28% more agencies** reported across all states/regions and all sectors except Peace Building/ Conflict Prevention, Infrastructure, DRR and Shelter. (from 163 to 209 agencies)
- **29,702 more ongoing activities** with 136,446 ongoing activities reported in March 2022 compared to 106,744 in October 2021 – an unknown part of this may be due to less suspended activities as well as activities of 46 more reporting organisations.
- **7,488 less suspended activities** were reported (2 % of total reported activities in March 2022 compared to 9% in Oct 2021). The changes are most notable in the Agriculture sector and in Ayeyarwady, Kayin and Mon (less suspensions), whereas there were more suspensions reported in Chin, Magway and Rakhine.

There has been some resumption of activities since June 2021 – a further 16% of projects were reported as active (from 74% in May 2021 to 90% in March 2022), with **37,200 more ongoing activities** around the country (resumed or new activities).

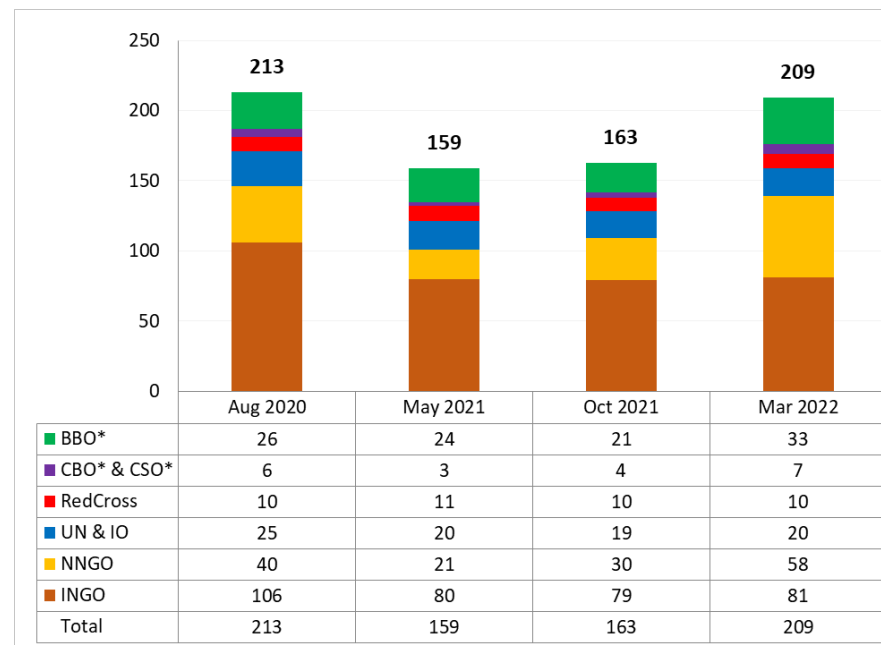
Despite the similar number of reporting agencies in August 2020 and March 2022 however, there were **still less ongoing activities and a higher number of suspended activities in March 2022** (6,228 less ongoing activities and 2,596 more suspended activities).

Comparison Analysis

This analysis reviews the reach of agencies' activities reported in the 5W rounds in 2020 (28th August), in 2021 (as of 31st May and 8th October) and in 2022 (25th March).

Please share your feedback and suggestions on this analysis via info.mimu@undp.org

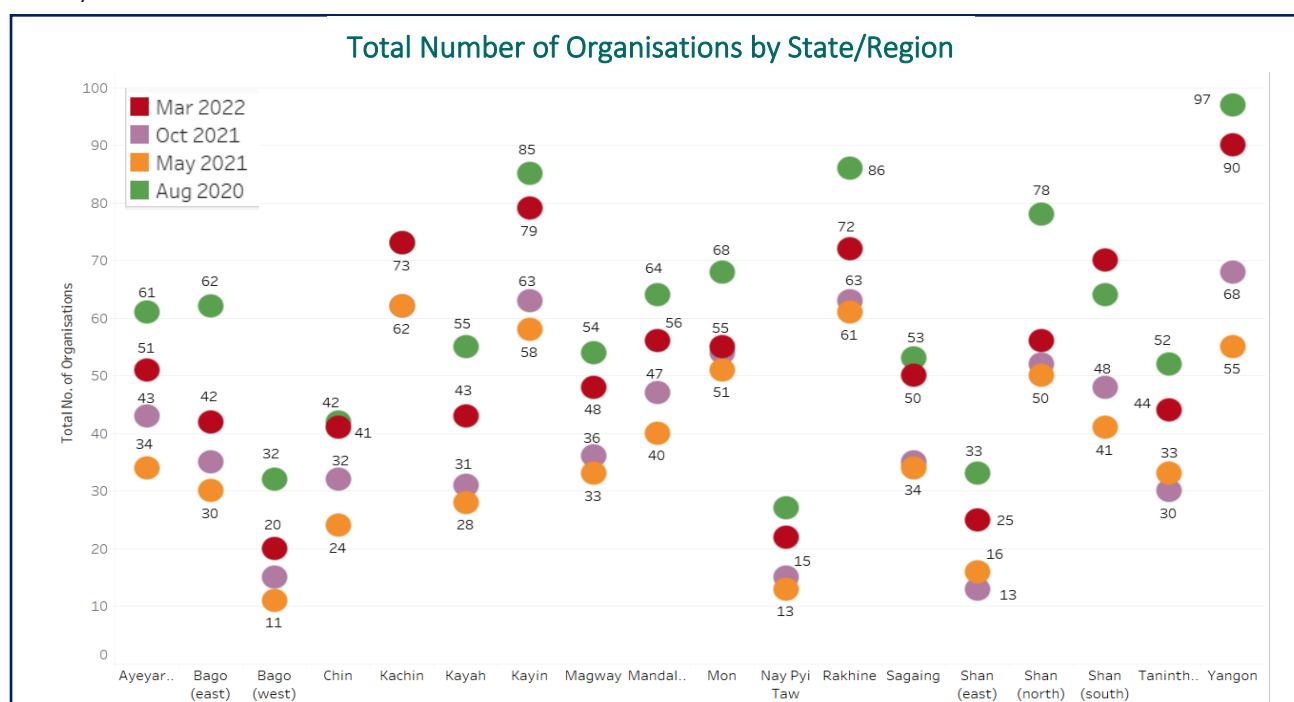
No. of Reporting Organizations



46 more agencies reported in March 2022 compared to Oct 2021 (28% increasing), however there was a slight decrease in 2022 with 4 less agencies reporting in March 2022 than in August 2020.

The majority of agencies which no longer reported in May 2021 were NGOs, (26 less INGOs, and 19 less NNGOs). However, number of national NGOs contributed to 5W products had been increasing (9 more in Oct 2021 and 28 more in Mar 2022) while 12 more border-based agencies reported in March 2022.

Reporting in August 2020 still the highest reported number of organisations in all states/regions except Shan south and Kachin but most noticeably in Shan north (22 more agencies reporting in August 2020 than March 2022), followed by Bago (east) (20), Rakhine (14), Mon (13), Bago west and Kayah (12 in each) and Ayeyarwady (10). Other states/regions had 8-1 more agencies reporting in the August 2020 5W round. **There was a significant increase in the number of reporting agencies between October 2021 and March 2022 in all state/regions**, especially in Yangon and Shan south (22 agencies in each). The reasons for lower reporting in this round continue to relate to the pressures of the COVID pandemic and/or the changed political situation causing uncertainty for agencies' activities countrywide.



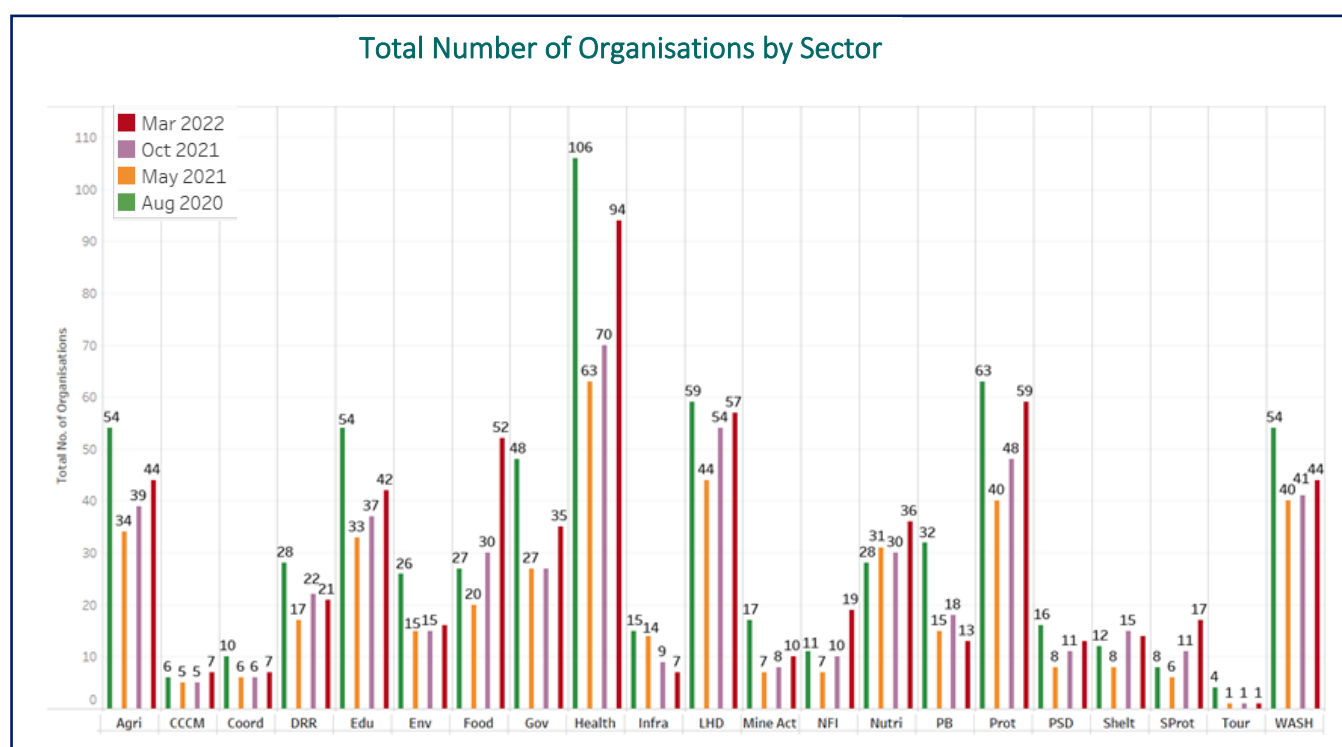
Correspondingly, compared to August 2020, reporting was reduced across 15 sectors in March 2022. Peace Building/ Conflict Prevention was the most affected (19 less organisations reporting), followed by the Governance (13), Education and Health (12 in each), Agriculture and WASH (10 in each), Infrastructure (8), Disaster Risk Reduction and Mine Action (7 in each). **More agencies reported activities in 6 sectors** namely Food (25 more organisations), Social Protection (9), NFI and Nutrition (8 in each), Shelter (2) and CCCM (1).

The number of reporting agencies picked up in some sectors between October 2021 and March 2022, namely Health (24 more agencies), Food (22), Protection (11), Non-Food Item (9), Governance (8), Nutrition and Social Protection (6 in each), Agriculture and Education (5 in each), Livelihoods and WASH (3 in each), CCCM, Mine Action and Private Sector Development (2 in each), Coordination and Environment (1 in each).

Reported countrywide reach of ongoing activities had been steadily increasing in the years prior to 2020 with over 80% of total village tracts/towns in Myanmar. This dropped significantly in 2021 with 75% of village tracts/towns countrywide reached as of reports in October 2021 (12% decrease with activities stopped/suspended in 2,338 village tracts/towns), mainly in Chin and Sagaing (12%), Rakhine (11%) and Magway and Tanintharyi (10% in each). In March 2022 round, **8% increase in reported village tracts/towns compared to previous round in October 2021**, mainly in Chin (211 village tracts/towns), Sagaing (147), Rakhine (135), Mon (124) and Tanintharyi (116).

The most numerous suspended activities found in May 2021 5W round, then slightly decrease in Oct 2021 (1% decrease from 10% to 9%) and significantly decrease in March 2022 round (6.8% decrease from 9% to 2.2%). Based on the reporting of 209 agencies in March 2022 round, **3,270 activities in 516 village tracts/towns were reportedly suspended between Oct 2021 and Mar 2022, mostly due to access/security constraints**. As of the date of reporting (25th March, 2022), 78% of the suspensions were reportedly due to access/security constraints, 5% due to funding constraints and 17% due to unspecified reasons. Reductions in activities were mainly in Magway (23% of total suspended village tracts/towns), Rakhine (15%), Tanintharyi (13%), Chin (9%), Shan south (8%), Shan north (7%), Kachin (6%) and Kayah (5%).

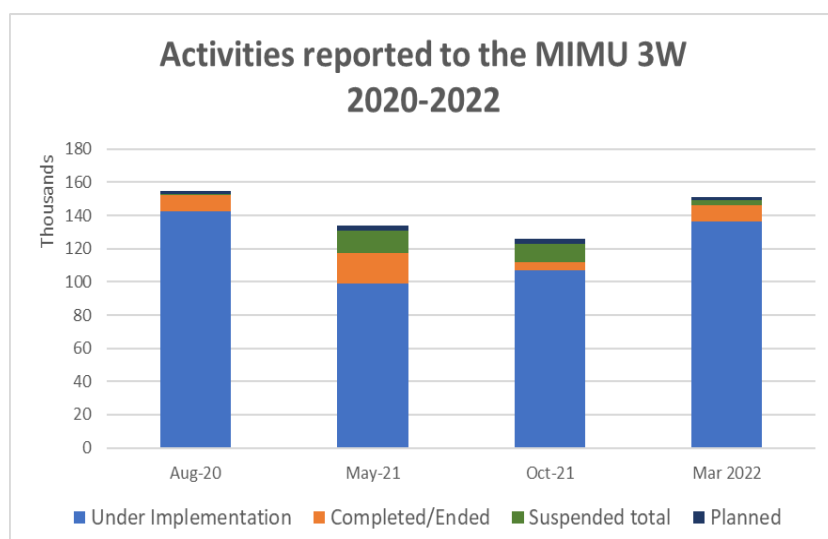
Reach to village tracts/towns	Aug-20	May-21	Oct-21	Mar 22
Total No. of Village Tracts (VTs) and Towns in Myanmar	14,304	14,303	14,303	14,303
VTs and Towns with reported activities – All Sectors	12,490	10,984	10,744	11,887
% of VTs and Towns with reported activities	87%	77%	75%	83%



State/ Region	No. of Projects				Difference (A-M1)	Difference (M2-O)
	Aug 20 (A)	May 21 (M1)	Oct 21 (O)	Mar 22 (M2)		
Ayeyarwady	120	66	72	78	54	6
Bago	105	47	49	58	58	9
Chin	83	45	32	38	38	6
Kachin	173	148	149	166	25	17
Kayah	97	51	52	61	46	9
Kayin	186	126	129	138	60	9
Magway	104	53	54	63	51	9
Mandalay	128	82	86	92	46	6
Mon	134	101	102	103	33	1
Nay Pyi Taw	53	19	20	23	34	3
Rakhine	192	136	127	134	56	7
Sagaing	98	62	63	69	36	6
Shan	203	96	94	122	107	28
Tanintharyi	112	72	71	82	40	11
Yangon	210	119	123	141	91	18
Total	814	608	613	665	206	52

In term of the number of projects, **206 projects (25%) less reported in May 2021 than August 2020**, mostly found in Shan (107) and Yangon (91). **52 More projects reported in March 2022 compared to October 2021**, mainly in Shan (28), Yangon (18) and Kachin (17), however, still 149 less projects than in August 2020.

Project Status	Aug-20		May-21		Oct-21		Mar 2022	
	No. of Activities per Location	%	No. of Activities per Location	%	No. of Activities per Location	%	No. of Activities per Location	%
Under Implementation	142,674	92%	99,246	74%	106,744	85%	136,446	90%
Completed/Ended	9,342	6%	18,135	14%	5,362	4%	9,762	6%
Suspended due to access/security constraints			7,897	6%	6,866	5%	2,543	2%
Suspended due to funding constraints			191	0.10%	255	0.2%	163	0.1%
Suspended for other reasons			5,402	4%	3,637	3%	564	0.4%
Suspended total	674	0.40%	13,490	10%	10,758	9%	3,270	2.2%
Planned	1,787	1%	3,022	2%	2,953	2%	1,816	1%
Grand Total	154,477	100%	133,893	100%	125,817	100%	151,294	100%



In term of project status, percentage of projects under implementation slightly increase from 85% to 90% compared with Oct 2021 and March 2022. However, compared with Aug 2020 round, it is still 2% decreased in March 2022 round while 18% decrease in May 2021 round.

In terms of project focus, the most widespread intervention with Ongoing activities was “Development Focus” (or normal programme) in both Oct 2021 and March 2022 round. The number of agencies implementing IDP focus activities were significantly increasing compared to previous 5W round in October 2021 (35 to 60 agencies). The number of activities per location was slightly decrease in “IDP Focus” and “Other vulnerable groups” between Oct 2021 and Mar 2022 despite 28% increasing in the total number of activities per location in Mar 2022 round.

Slightly decreased suspended activities in Development Focus (from 92% of total suspended activities in Oct 2021 to 81% in Mar 2022) while other focuses were increased (3% to 7% more of total suspended activities) in Mar 2022.

Project Focus with Ongoing activities	Mar 22					Oct 21				
	# of Orgs.	# of VTs/Towns	# of Villages / Wards	No. of Camps	No. of Activities per location	# of Orgs.	# of VTs/Towns	# of Villages / Wards	No. of Camps	No. of Activities per location
Development Focus	157	11,220	40,135		108,346	135	9,579	33,833		80,969
Other vulnerable groups (not IDP related)	98	2,259	4,230		12,097	81	2,561	4,927		12,814
IDP and Host Community Focus	65	1,419	3,417	159	11,597	52	947	1,994	176	8,543
IDP Focus	60	392	487	195	4,406	35	297	332	190	4,418
Grand Total	209	11,887	43,053	198	136,446	163	10,744	37,616	199	106,744

The reduction in village tracts/towns reached since August 2020 was greatest in Magway (163 less VTs/towns), followed by Mandalay (122), Rakhine (65), Sagaing (64) and Tanintharyi (53) compared to March 2022 round. More or less same number of village tracts/towns with ongoing activities were found in Kayah, Kayin, Shan north, Chin, Mon and Ayeyarwady.

There is slightly increase camp level intervention in Kachin but decrease in Rakhine and Shan north.

No. of Village Tracts/Towns and Camps by State/Region

State/Region	VTs and Towns						Camps					
	Aug 2020 (A)	May 2021 (M1)	Oct 2021 (O)	Mar 2022 (M2)	A- M1	M2-O	Aug 2020 (A)	May 2021 (M1)	Oct 2021 (O)	Mar 2022 (M2)	A- M1	M2-O
Ayeyarwady	1,952	1,933	1,938	1,943	19	5						
Bago (East)	532	455	462	511	77	49						
Bago (West)	639	588	590	621	51	31						
Chin	485	482	270	481	3	211						
Kachin	488	406	419	479	82	60	135	132	130	140	3	10
Kayah	84	72	73	86	12	13						
Kayin	394	368	366	394	26	28						
Magway	1,412	1,233	1,245	1,249	179	4						
Mandalay	1,234	1,113	1,085	1,112	121	27						
Mon	390	258	260	384	132	124						
Nay Pyi Taw	167	136	142	154	31	12						
Rakhine	966	814	766	901	152	135	46	42	40	30	4	-10
Sagaing	1,641	1,451	1,430	1,577	190	147						
Shan (East)	155	127	128	129	28	1						
Shan (north)	716	618	649	714	98	65	35	29	30	28	6	-2
Shan (South)	393	312	316	374	81	58						
Tanintharyi	285	134	116	232	151	116						
Yangon	557	484	489	546	73	57						
Grand Total	12,490	10,984	10,744	11,887	1,506	1,143	216	203	200	198	943	-2
% of total VTs/Towns and Camps in Myanmar	87%	77%	75%	83%			94%	89%	88%	89%		

During 2021, agencies' village tract/town reach slightly increased across all sectors, except Health, Agriculture, Infrastructure, Livelihoods, Governance and CCCM. By March 2022 there was a **significant increase in the reported reach of in 5 sectors** namely Health (1,417 more village tracts/towns), Agriculture (941), Education (845), Protection (577) and Mine Action (275) while **less ongoing activities found in other 5 sectors** namely Environment (599 less village tracts/towns), Nutrition (153), Food (21), Infrastructure (10) and Shelter (6) compared to previous 5W round in October 2021. **The greatest reduction between August 2020 5W round and March 2022 in 4 sectors** namely WASH (less 1,639 village tracts/towns), Livelihoods (1,312), Environment (1,199) and Health (1,070) due to less village tracts/towns level reported by agencies. No activities at all were reported at village tract/town level in the Responsible Tourism sector in 2021 and also in March 2022.

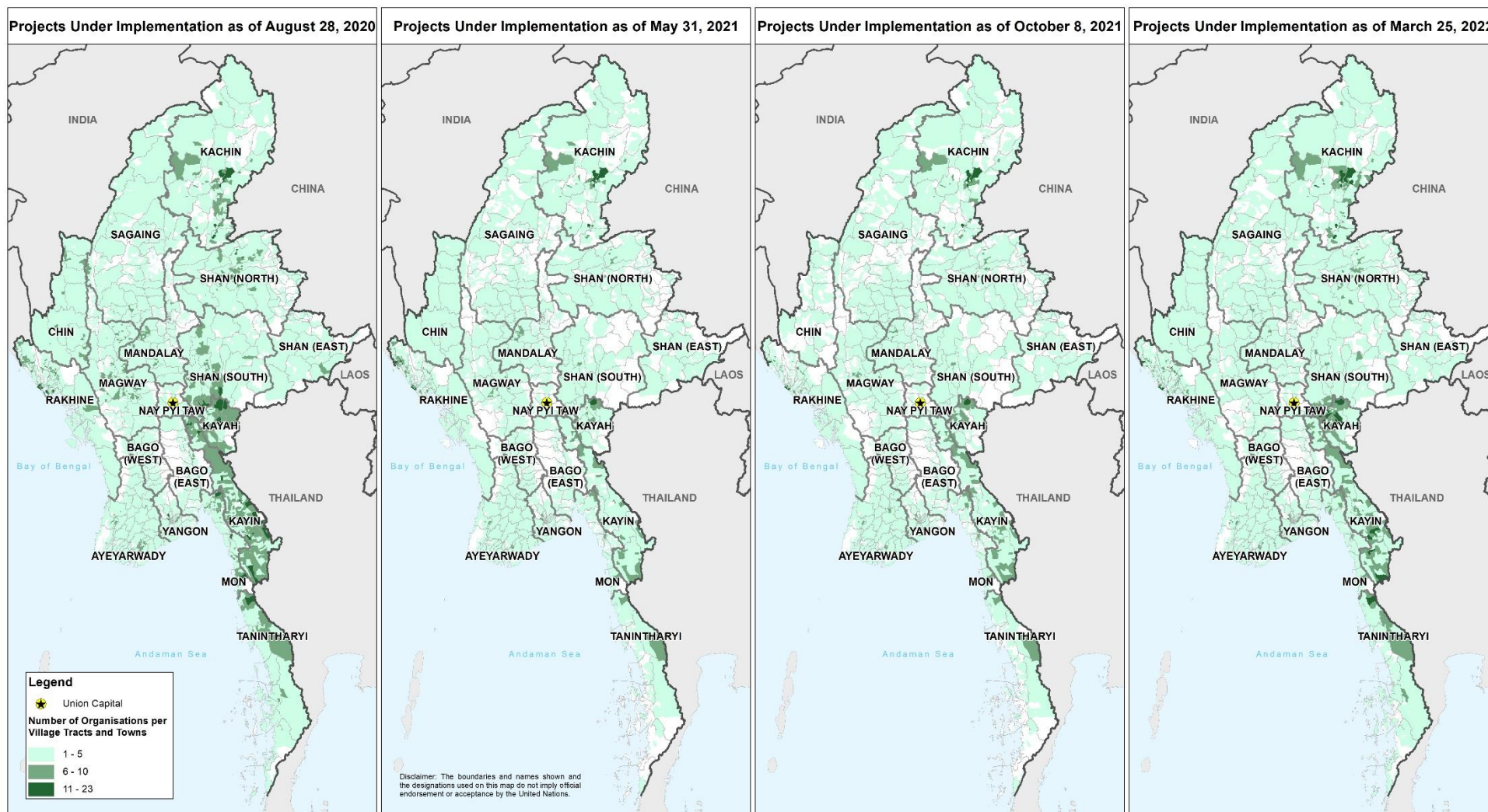
An increase in reach to camps was reported by some sectors between Oct 2021 and March 2022, namely Education (39 more camps), Private sector Development (34), Governance and Health (8 in each) and Infrastructure and Non-Food Item (1 in each). The reach of other sectors to IDP camps decreased however, specifically that of Peace Building/ Conflict Prevention (41 less camps), CCCM (36), Food (29), WASH (18), Protection (15), Agriculture (13) and Mine Action (12).

No. of Village Tracts/Towns and Camps by Sector

Sector	VTs and Towns						Camps					
	Aug 2020 (A)	May 2021 (M1)	Oct 2021 (O)	Mar 2022 (M2)	A- M1	M2-O	Aug 2020 (A)	May 2021 (M1)	Oct 2021 (O)	Mar 2022 (M2)	A- M1	M2-O
Agriculture	7,668	6,932	6,788	7,729	736	941	26	23	17	4	3	-13
CCCM	163	81	70	90	82	20	163	154	154	118	9	-36
Coordination	99	77	86	100	22	14				0	0	0
Disaster Risk Reduction	254	206	207	208	48	1	11	3	3	3	8	0
Education	2,169	556	611	1,456	1,613	845	62	79	69	108	-17	39
Environment	1,349	715	749	150	634	-599			0	0	0	0
Food	293	378	422	401	-85	-21	152	144	152	123	8	-29
Governance	950	464	425	468	486	43	7			8	7	8
Health	5,468	3,398	2,981	4,398	2,070	1,417	161	111	120	128	50	8
Infrastructure	429	120	37	27	309	-10		8	0	1	-8	1
Livelihoods	6,719	5,394	5,354	5,407	1,325	53	118	97	88	88	21	0
Mine Action	504	337	360	635	167	275	25	23	58	46	2	-12
Non-Food Items	106	47	116	129	59	13	37	19	20	21	18	1
Nutrition	939	1,106	1,232	1,079	-167	-153	151	135	136	146	16	10
Peace Building/ Conflict Prevention	214	61	91	124	153	33	98	84	84	43	14	-41
Private Sector Development	95	21	45	85	74	40				34	0	34
Protection	1,837	1,165	1,299	1,876	672	577	191	140	175	160	51	-15
Responsible Tourism	22				22	0					0	0
Shelter	120	83	131	125	37	-6	157	155	168	174	2	6
Social Protection	73	28	62	65	45	3	19	16	18	14	3	-4
WASH	2,359	482	654	720	1,877	66	127	151	153	135	-24	-18

For more information, see MIMU's 5W products and interactive dashboards - <http://www.themimu.info/5W-maps-and-reports>

Number of Organizations reporting Projects Under Implementation by Village Tract



Change in Reported Activities by Village Tract

