Programme outlined for monetary assistance to expectant mothers and infants under two

The Ministry of Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement will provide monetary assistance to expectant mothers and infants under two, starting in FY 2017-2018 in the Naga-self administered Zone in Sagaing Region and Rakhine State.

For launching the programme in Rakhine State, township-level discussions were held at 9 am yesterday at the meeting hall of Taungup township General Administration Department. During the meeting, U Aung Kyaw Moe, deputy director-general of the social welfare department, explained, “The Program is designed to provide nutrition for infants from birth to 1000 days. For successful implementation of the programme, discussions need to be held with township-level officials, town elders and responsible officials. Based on the results from discussions, better arrangements are to be carried out.”

Under the programme, the Provision of Monetary Aids to Expectant Mothers and Infants under two will begin in January 2018, with K 15000 for every mother and infant as a first payment, followed by the paying of K 45000 every three months.—Win Min Soe (IPRD)

Relief from Indian Government distributed to locals in Maungtaw

Officials of the ministry for Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement met with the local residents in Maungtaw yesterday, and distributed aid from the Indian Government to those in relief camps. Dr. Aung Thurain, director of Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement Ministry, noted, “We carried foodstuff, clothing, medicines, instant noodles, rice packages, biscuits, mosquito nets, rice, powdered milk, and soap powder to the camps, which were in need of food.” He added that they have also supplied those items to villages.—MNA

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Entrepreneur means a person who makes money through organizing or running businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks. It is the first step of an individual becoming a businessman. An Austrian economist named Joseph A. Schumpeter said, “Entrepreneurs play an important role for the economic development of the countries.” All the national crises is evolutionarily achieved, but it tends to dynamically jump to a stage of development and such a change is created by entrepreneurs.

According to him, a nation lagging in economic development usually cannot get out of the circle of underdevelopment. Under these circumstances, entrepreneurs can get out of this downward spiral by creating new economic conditions through their current and modern ideas and innovations. Innovative and entrepreneur are predictable conditions.

It is also true that strengthening entrepreneurship needs a strong stage for economic development or developing countries. In fact, innovation and local adventure are characteristics of youth. At the Myanmar Entrepreneurship Summit 2017 held on 9th December by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, the State Counsellor addressed, “Youths are national resources for the future of Myanmar. To stand with dignity and strength among the world, Myanmar needs a strong economy, and we must develop the country by combining the power of youths and economic power.” And, the State Counsellor has also urged national governments to lay stress on the four cardinal virtues—loving kindness, sympathy, kindness, and forgiveness, which are greatly valued by the actual world.

Here I would like to give some signals to the community to consider Myanmar’s allies, the power and implications. On seeing some global media writing that human rights activists were unsatisfied with the Pope’s failure to speak out a word they expected, I am feeling it is true. If we go uncared complexities will appear; I think so.

“A common root place is present with various kinds of men, every man is expected to be equal under God, but the same are not present. Myanmar lays stress on the four cardinal virtues, of course, in the same stage greatly values the four cardinal virtues. For diversification of export markets and rebalancing to domestic developments in the international monetary system and the role of the Chiang Mai Initiative Multilateralisation (CMIM).”

“Protectionism, rapid ageing in Asia, and the new technological revolution sweeping the global economies posed new challenges to the region,” said AMRO Director Dr Junhong Chang in his opening remarks.

The panellists noted that the conventional export-led growth strategy has enabled many Asian countries to move up the income ladder rapidly. This strategy allows a developing economy to undertake of its abundant labor to attract foreign direct investment (FDI). To produce goods for exports to global markets, and absorbs technology. However, slow growth in global trade following the Global Financial Crisis and the threat of protectionism have raised concerns about relying on an export-led growth strategy, and provided impetus for diversification of export markets and rebalancing to domestic demand.

To address these challenges, the panellists highlighted that ASEAN+3—members would need to implement and follow through on structural reforms to set their economies on a new foundation for continued growth. Noting that economic and financial cooperation among the regional economies would make the best of each country’s comparative advantage while safeguarding regional financial stability.

“Asia has tried to self-insure against future crises by building up regional exchange reserves and developing large and volatile capital flows,” said Yoastis Watanabe, AMRO Deputy Director in his presentation.

Against this backdrop, panellists discussed how the CMIM could be further developed to complement the existing layers of the global financial safety net.

The discussion also focused on how to strengthen the CMIM’s role in the region to meet the challenges ahead. Possible enhancements to the CMIM through liquidity assistance in local currencies were also discussed—AMRO.

By Ko Yin Aww

WORLD-FAMOUS Pontiff—the Pope’s friendly visit to Myanmar

Due to similar presentations on determination by reason, it could lead the military to say “you trusted democracy, it’s no use taking this path,” Seo said at a news conference held on 29th November 2017, with the Vatican would have been well informed that the Myanmar need a strong stance for her, "Seo said."

The Pope Francis waves to Catholic Christians as he arrives to lead a mass at Kyite Ka San Stadium in Yangon on 29th November 2017.

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Establishment of strengthened entrepreneurship needs good environments

Myanmar Overwhelmed With Warmth and Poured With Holy Water

In writing concerning Myanmar, a very sensitive term that can be linked as a bridge to media, if they can link as a bridge to media, many misunderstandings and conflicts derive from Myan-

Pope Francis waves to Catholic Christians as heotto a mass at Kyite Ka San Stadium in Yangon on 29th November 2017.

In writing concerning Myanmar, journalism exists in myriad mind, “Gospel journalism, of course, does not advocate. If the truth, regardless of who looks good and who looks bad, there will be some global media to perform the following points: (A) to write or post standardized stories, (B) to study historically remarkable Bosnia-Herzegovina (Myanmar), (C) to write present situation just after considering in every single; in accord with Conflict Journalism, (D) to enlighten the world (E) to be well versed that apathy and culture of Buddism Myanmar people is based on deep and sober religion.

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