Deputy Ministers and Senior Officials from 84 countries the Prime Minister of Mongolia, the Prime Minister of the Bangladesh, President of Democratic Socialist Republic of President of the Republic of Indonesia, the Sultan of Brunei was held in the morning of 9 December 2011 at Bali Democracy Forum held in Bali, the Republic of Indonesia, U Maung Myint, Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the government, clean government and to promote democratic statement delivered by Deputy Minister U Maung Myint, the heads of delegation made their statements. In the forum. Then, Dr Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, President of the Republic of Indonesia at Bali International Centre.

Voices”. At the end of the morning session, group photograph statements under the theme of “Enhancing Democratic forum. Then, Dr Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, President of the Republic of Indonesia at Bali International Centre.

At the morning session, leaders of the delegation delivered statements under the theme of “Enhancing Democratic participation in a Changing World: Responding to Democratic Voices” was held. At the end of the day, the heads of delegation made their statements. In the statement delivered by Deputy Minister U Maung Myint, the statement undertook a series of ground breaking economic, social and policy reforms to improve the socio-economic life of the people. With the aim of improving the life of rural and urban people, the government has laid down policy on alleviation of poverty in Myanmar. Next, Deputy Minister U Maung Myint stressed that democracy is the will of the people. He also said that while democracies share the common features, there is no single democracy. There is no model that can be imposed from outside. Therefore, what works for one country may not work for another. It is imperative that a country’s own historical background, social values, culture, religion and other objective conditions should be based in formulating a democracy best suited to the country concerned. Myanmar is now on the right track to democracy but it is at the early stage and still needs to be done more. In this regard, the international community should encourage and support the latest news that the President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar has instructed the Tatmadaw for the government military forces in the camp areas to not engage in offensive operations against the KIA and observe a unilateral ceasefire except in self defence. The Commission strongly urges the KIA to reciprocate in the same manner.

Deputy FM attends 4th Bali Democracy Forum in Indonesia

NAY PYI TAW, 13 Dec — Myanmar delegation headed by U Maung Myint, Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, attended the 4th Bali Democracy Forum held in Bali, the Republic of Indonesia from 8 to 9 December 2011. The opening session of the 4th Bali Democracy Forum was held in the morning of 9 December 2011 at Bali International Convention Centre. It was attended by the President of the Republic of Indonesia, the Sultan of Brunei Darussalam, the Prime Minister of People’s Republic of Bangladesh, President of Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, the Vice President of the Republic of Philippines, the Prime Minister of Mongolia, the Prime Minister of the State of Qatar, the Prime Minister of Timor Leste. Ministers, Deputy Ministers and Senior Officials from 84 countries from the Assa region and representatives from 24 countries outside Asia. At the opening session, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia Dr Marty Natalegawa reported an account of activities taken place after the 3rd Bali Democracy Forum and, on the programme of this year’s forum. Then, Dr Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, President of the Republic of Indonesia gave an opening statement.

At the morning session, leaders of the delegation delivered statements under the theme of “Enhancing Democratic participation in a Changing World: Responding to Democratic Voices” was held. At the end of the day, the heads of delegation made their statements. In the statement delivered by Deputy Minister U Maung Myint, the statement undertook a series of ground breaking economic, social and policy reforms to improve the socio-economic life of the people. With the aim of improving the life of rural and urban people, the government has laid down policy on alleviation of poverty in Myanmar. Next, Deputy Minister U Maung Myint stressed that democracy is the will of the people. He also said that while democracies share the common features, there is no single democracy. There is no model that can be imposed from outside. Therefore, what works for one country may not work for another. It is imperative that a country’s own historical background, social values, culture, religion and other objective conditions should be based on formulating a democracy best suited to the country concerned. Myanmar is now on the right track to democracy but it is at the early stage and still needs to be done more. In this regard, the international community should encourage and support the latest news that the President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar has instructed the Tatmadaw for the government military forces in the camp areas to not engage in offensive operations against the KIA and observe a unilateral ceasefire except in self defence. The Commission strongly urges the KIA to reciprocate in the same manner.

Union Attorney-General receives Singaporean Foreign Affairs Minister

NAY PYI TAW, 13 Dec — Foreign Affairs Minister of Republic of Singapore Mr K Shanmugam, accompanied by Singaporean Ambassador to the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Mr Chua Hian Kong Robert, called on Union Attorney-General Dr Tun Tin Shin at the latter’s office at 1:30pm.

In 50 years. The emergence of Pyidaungsu Hluttaw clearly symbolizes the emergence of political space for the people and political parties which marks a turning point in the history of Myanmar’s politics. During the span of the past eight months, the government undertook a series of ground breaking economic, social and policy reforms to improve the socio-economic life of the people. With the aim of improving the life of rural and urban people, the government has laid down policy on alleviation of poverty in Myanmar. Next, Deputy Minister U Maung Myint stressed that democracy is the will of the people. He also said that while democracies share the common features, there is no single democracy. There is no model that can be imposed from outside. Therefore, what works for one country may not work for another. It is imperative that a country’s own historical background, social values, culture, religion and other objective conditions should be based on formulating a democracy best suited to the country concerned. Myanmar is now on the right track to democracy but it is at the early stage and still needs to be done more. In this regard, the international community should encourage and support the latest news that the President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar has instructed the Tatmadaw for the government military forces in the camp areas to not engage in offensive operations against the KIA and observe a unilateral ceasefire except in self defence. The Commission strongly urges the KIA to reciprocate in the same manner.

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